



Weekly Management Report

August 26, 2022

- 1. Memo** Downtown Burbank Business Improvement District Installs New Mural
Community Development Department
- 2. Memo** Board of Building and Fire Code Appeals Meeting on August 11, 2022
Community Development Department
- 3. Minutes** Burbank Water and Power Board Meeting on August 4, 2022
Water and Power Department
- 4. Report** July 2022 Monthly Operating Results
Water & Power Department

MEMORANDUM



**COMMUNITY
DEVELOPMENT**



DATE: August 18, 2022

TO: Justin Hess, City Manager

FROM: Patrick Prescott, Community Development Director *PP*
VIA: Simone McFarland, Asst. Community Development Director *SMH for S.M.*
Mary Hamzoian, Economic Development Manager *SMH*
BY: Marissa Minor, Senior Economic Development Analyst

SUBJECT: Downtown Burbank Business Improvement District Installs New Mural

In 2017, economic development staff created the Downtown Burbank Mural Program (Program) to develop place-making, enhance walkability, generate social media posts, and increase visitation to Downtown. The Program is funded by the Downtown Burbank Property-based Business Improvement District (PBID) and has been extremely successful with the installation of 11 murals since its inception.

Most recently, staff initiated a partnership for a 12th mural which was installed on Orange Grove Avenue at the wall of Monji Optometry (153 N. San Fernando Blvd.) by famed French artist Thierry Lefort. The mural features the artists interpretation of the Downtown skyline, and compliments the existing art in the area. The mural was also funded by the Downtown PBID, with the intent of generating additional visitation and exposure for the area.

The PBID's investment in the Program has also spurred private investment in murals throughout the area at locations including: Over Under Public House, Ocean Studios, The Burbank Town Center, and Silverlake Ramen. In partnership with Visit Burbank, staff created a 'mural walk' highlighting the many murals that enliven public spaces throughout the City.

With each mural installation, economic development staff builds on its partnership with the PBID and the local businesses and property owners in Downtown Burbank. The Program works to enliven public spaces through art, improve the aesthetics of Downtown, and encourage visitation to an even more walkable neighborhood.

Exhibit A: Mural Progress as of August 17, 2022.

EXHIBIT A





MEMORANDUM



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

DATE: August 18, 2022

TO: Justin Hess, City Manager

FROM: Patrick Prescott, Community Development Director 
VIA: Mario Osuna, Building Official – Assistant Community Development
Director 
BY: Kassandra Sandoval, Intermediate Clerk

SUBJECT: Meeting Synopsis for the Board of Building and Fire Code Appeals – August 11, 2022

- The Board of Building and Fire Code Appeals elected Steve Baghoomian as Chair and Chris Castro as Vice Chair.
- Fire Battalion Chief Dave Burke highlighted on recent promotions, hirings, and job openings in the Fire Department.
- Fire Battalion Chief Dave Burke provided an overview of the Fire Prevention Bureau.
- Mr. Mario Osuna highlighted recent promotions, hirings, and job openings in the Community Development Department- Building and Safety Division.
- Mr. Mario Osuna stated that staff will be working on a proposed Soft-story Seismic Retrofit Program and proposed New Building Electrification Ordinance (Reach Code). Staff anticipates both items will be presented to the Board and City Council for consideration in 2023.
- Mr. Mario Osuna informed the Board that the new 2022 California Building Standards Code was published on July 1, 2022. Staff will be introducing the proposed City Ordinance adopting these standards at the October 11, 2022 City Council meeting, and will go into effect on January 1, 2023.

**BURBANK WATER AND POWER BOARD
MINUTES OF MEETING
August 04, 2022**

Mr. Brody called the regular meeting of the Burbank Water and Power Board to order at 5:13 p.m. in the third-floor board room of the BWP Administration Building, 164 West Magnolia Boulevard, Burbank, California.

Mr. Brody called for the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.

ROLL CALL

Board Present: Mr. Brody, Mr. Eskandar, Ms. LaCamera, Mr. LeMasters, Mr. Luddy, Mr. Malotte; Ms. Tenenbaum

Board Absent: None.

Staff Present: Ms. Lindell, General Manager – BWP; Mr. Chwang, Senior Assistant City Attorney; Mr. Liu, Chief Financial Officer; Mr. Wilson, Assistant General Manager – Water Systems; Ms. Edwards, Assistant General Manager – Sustainability, Marketing, and Strategy; Mr. Aquino, Administrative Officer; Ms. Samra, Assistant General Manager – Power Supply; Ms. Sarkissian, acting Assistant General Manager Customer Service Operations; Mr. Johnstone, Sustainability Officer; Mr. Beckett, Water Maintenance & Construction Superintendent; Mr. Wilke, Manager Electric Distribution – G; Mr. D’Aquila, Power Resources Manager; Ms. Rosales, acting Senior Secretary; Mr. Casillas, Senior Administrative Analyst

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Mr. Brody called for oral communications at this time.

Ms. Gemmill addressed the board on water conservation, specifically on urban landscapes. Ms. Gemmill provided the board with options on how to conserve runoff rainwater by educating the community and advertising rebates. Ms. Gemmill addressed the board with the idea of moving the city’s recreation area to a California native or mediterranean planting. Additionally, Ms. Gemmill informed the board of the greenhouse gas reduction plan (GGRP) aspect with regards to tree planting and how planting trees will not help with the GGRP alone.

BOARD AND STAFF RESPONSE TO ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Ms. LaCamera noted that the suggestions provided by Ms. Gemmill were excellent suggestions, hoping it would help make the community’s lawns greener.

Ms. Tenenbaum asked if there were any programs by BWP that would enable the utility to partner up with any of the community groups.

Ms. Edwards responded to Ms. Tenenbaum’s question, noting that BWP is actively partnering up with different community organizations.

SELECTION OF BWP BOARD CHAIR AND VICE-CHAIR

Prior to the selection of the new BWP Board Chair and Vice-Chair, Mr. Brody asked staff and board members to introduce themselves for our newly appointed board member, Mr. LeMasters.

It was moved by Mr. Brody, second by Mr. Luddy, carried 7 – 0 to select Mr. Eskandar as Board Chair and Mr. Malotte as Vice-Chair of the Burbank Water and Power Board.

GENERAL MANAGER REPORT

Ms. Lindell began her update by thanking Mr. Brody for serving as the BWP Board Chair for the past year and presenting to him a token of appreciation on behalf of BWP.

Ms. Lindell welcomed our newly appointed board member, Mr. LeMasters, reappointed board members, Mr. Brody and Mr. Luddy, as well as congratulated our newly selected BWP Board Chair and Vice-Chair. Additionally, Ms. Lindell reintroduced BWP's newest Power Resources Manager, Mr. D'Aquila, and BWP's newest Sustainability Officer, Mr. Johnstone.

Then, Ms. Lindell provided an update to the board on Covid. Ms. Lindell noted that there have been 208 positive cases since the start of the pandemic in March 2020, highlighting 54 of those cases have occurred since June of 2022.

Ms. Lindell noted that BWP's newest low-income residential assistance program, Burbank's Utility Service Subsidy Program (BUSS), has 277 applicants, of which 182 have come from our collaboration with the Parks and Recreations Department's PASS program.

Ms. Lindell also noted to the board that for this year's budget, BWP, along with Public Works, will have a two-year budget cycle. Ms. Lindell informed the board that the first year would be considered a 'heavy' budget and the second year would be a 'light' budget to reflect minor adjustments.

Ms. Lindell continued with her update by reminding the board that all board members have been enrolled in their first session of the city's Team Development Series Training and noted that Jim Uhl, the Chief Engagement Officer with Breaking the Chain Consulting, will be joining us at our next regular board meeting for their second session of training.

Additionally, Ms. Lindell noted an upcoming one-day trip to Diamond Valley Lake alongside the Metropolitan Water District and the San Diego County Water Authority. Ms. Lindell mentioned that BWP would be able to invite three board members to this one-day trip.

Ms. Lindell highlighted to the board members that the gifted reusable water bottles placed at their seats was an idea brought up by Ms. Tenenbaum in an effort to reduce the consumption of single-use plastic during the board meeting. She reminded the board to bring the reusable water bottles back to the board meeting each month.

Lastly, Ms. Lindell updated the board on the upcoming watering restrictions due to the leak repair by the Metropolitan Water District that will prevent BWP from receiving Colorado River water. During this time, BWP will be dependent on the State Water Project, which is resulting

in Burbank not being allowed to outdoor water, with the exception of hand watering for trees and gardens any days before 9 am and after 6 pm.
Ms. Lindell and Ms. Edwards responded to board member questions.

CONSENT CALENDAR

MINUTES

It was moved by Mr. Brody, seconded by Mr. Malotte, carried 7 – 0 to approve the meeting minutes of the regular meeting of June 2, 2022.

REPORTS TO THE BOARD

BWP OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL REPORTS

Mr. Liu presented BWP's financial update for the month of May 2022.

Mr. Liu and Mr. Wilson responded to board member questions.

This was an information item only. No action was taken.

COVID-19 IMPACT UPDATE

Ms. Sarkissian presented to the board an update on the number of customers in arrears and the status of associated debt. Staff continues to work with customers impacted by COVID-19 through payment arrangements. Ms. Sarkissian also presented an update on the California Arrearage Payment Program (CAPP).

Ms. Sarkissian responded to board member questions.

This was an information item only. No action was taken.

APPROVAL TO RE-ESTABLISH POWER DISCONNECTION FOR SMALL COMMERCIAL CUSTOMERS

Ms. Sarkissian presented to the board the approval to end the current suspension of power shut-offs and late fees for city utilities for small commercial customers effective September 1, 2022.

Ms. Sarkissian responded to board member questions.

It was moved by Ms. Tenenbaum, seconded by Ms. LaCamera, carried 7 – 0 to recommend the Burbank City Council approve ending the current suspension of power shut-offs and late fees for city utilities for small commercial customers effective September 1, 2022.

INFORMATION FROM STAFF

UPDATE ON CITY COUNCIL AGENDA ITEMS

Mr. Casillas provided an update on recent items that BWP has taken to the City Council, the voting outcomes of those items, and future items that BWP has scheduled on the City Council agenda forecast.

Ms. Samra responded to board member questions.

LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

Ms. Edwards provided a federal and state legislative update. Ms. Edwards highlighted legislation that BWP is monitoring.

Ms. Edwards, Ms. Lindell, and Ms. Samra responded to board member questions.

WATER DIVISION UPDATE

Mr. Wilson began his update with a clarification on the stormwater recharge topic that was discussed earlier in the meeting. Mr. Wilson then updated the board on the city's water use as well as the watering restrictions. Mr. Wilson also informed the board of the education and outreach BWP has done regarding the ongoing drought.

Lastly, Mr. Wilson updated the board on the consumer index report, also known as the water quality report, which is done annually, noting that the deadline to submit the report was not met by BWP.

Mr. Wilson, Ms. Edwards, Ms. Sarkissian, and Ms. Lindell responded to board member questions.

POWER SUPPLY UPDATE

Ms. Samra updated the board on the increase in renewable resource costs, citing reasons why prices are continuing to increase. Ms. Samra also informed the board of Senate Bill 100, which is in regard to the renewable portfolio standard. Lastly, Ms. Samra updated the board on the to-date and future levels of renewable portfolio standard content.

Ms. Samra and Ms. Lindell responded to board member questions.

COMMENTS AND REQUESTS FROM BOARD MEMBERS

Mr. LeMasters thanked everyone for their warm welcome and looks forward to getting to know everyone over time.

Ms. Tenenbaum requested that the board is provided an update on the BWP website redesign.

Mr. Malotte thanked everyone for being selected as the BWP Vice-Chair. Mr. Malotte welcomed the newly appointed board member as well as the new staff members.

Mr. Eskandar highlighted BWP's representation at the National Night Out event and noted that he saw many board members present and staff. Mr. Eskandar also commented that he is looking forward to serving the board as the new Chair.

Mr. Brody gave a shoutout to Ms. Edwards and Mr. Kidd for their recent presentation to City Council on the electric vehicle proposal at the Orange Grove Ave parking structure. Mr. Brody also presented gifts to Mr. Eskandar and Ms. LaCamera, who have served on the BWP Board alongside him during his time on the board. Lastly, Mr. Brody announced his resignation from the BWP Board.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 7:49 p.m. The next regular board meeting is scheduled for September 1, 2022, and will be held in the third-floor board room at Burbank Water and Power Administration Building.

Armando Casillas
Recording Secretary

Dawn Roth Lindell
Secretary to the Board

Philippe Eskandar, BWP Board Chair



CITY OF BURBANK BURBANK WATER AND POWER STAFF REPORT

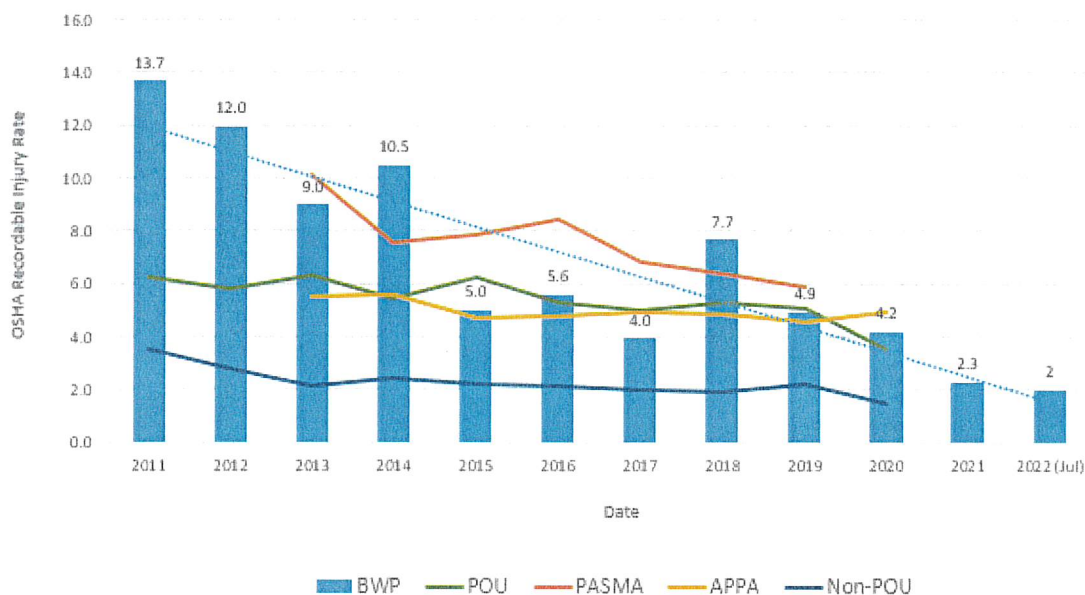
DATE: September 1, 2022
TO: Burbank Water and Power Board
FROM: Dawn Roth Lindell, General Manager, BWP *Dawn Roth Lindell*
SUBJECT: July 2022 Operating Results

***Please note that changes from last month's report are in BOLD**

SAFETY

For this reporting period, BWP experienced no OSHA recordable injuries. BWP's 12-month rolling average rate is **2.0**.

TOTAL RECORDABLE INJURY RATE (TRIR)



OSHA Recordable Injury Rate = No. of recordable cases per 100 full time employees. Current year expressed as 12 month rolling average
 POU - Publicly Owned Utilities - Bureau of Labor Statistics
 PASMA - Public Agency Safety Management Association (Local Utilities only Data)
 APPA - American Public Power Authority - Average recordable injury rate for similar sized organization
 Non-POU - Bureau of Labor Statistics, all non-governmental utility services

Electric Financial Results

For the electric fund, **June** energy demand was 3% below above budget. For the month of **June**, net income was a loss of **\$2,935,000**, which was **\$2,508,000** worse than budgeted. The unfavorable variance was primarily attributed to higher retail power supply expenses than planned, offset by a higher than planned wholesale margin.

Fiscal-year-to-date (FYTD) energy usage was 7% below budget. For FYTD **June**, net income was a loss of **\$13,841,000**, which was **\$10,878,000** worse than budgeted. The unfavorable variance was primarily attributed to lower than planned retail sales as a result of COVID-19, higher retail power supply and transmission expenses, offset by lower operating expenses and the wholesale margin.

For additional details, please see the attached financial statements.

Water Financial Results

For the water fund, MTD potable water demand was 2% lower than budget. For the month of **June**, net income was a loss of **\$278,000**, which was **\$548,000** worse than budgeted. The unfavorable variance was primarily attributed to **higher than planned operating expenses, and lower than planned water sales.**

FYTD potable water demand was on budget. Recently, the Governor called for all Californians to voluntarily reduce water use by 15% from 2020 levels. For FYTD **June**, net income was **\$734,000**, which was **\$1,614,000** better than budgeted. The favorable variance was primarily attributed to lower than planned operating expenses, and lower than planned water supply expense as a result of using more of the lower cost Valley/BOU water than planned, offset partially by lower than planned potable water sales.

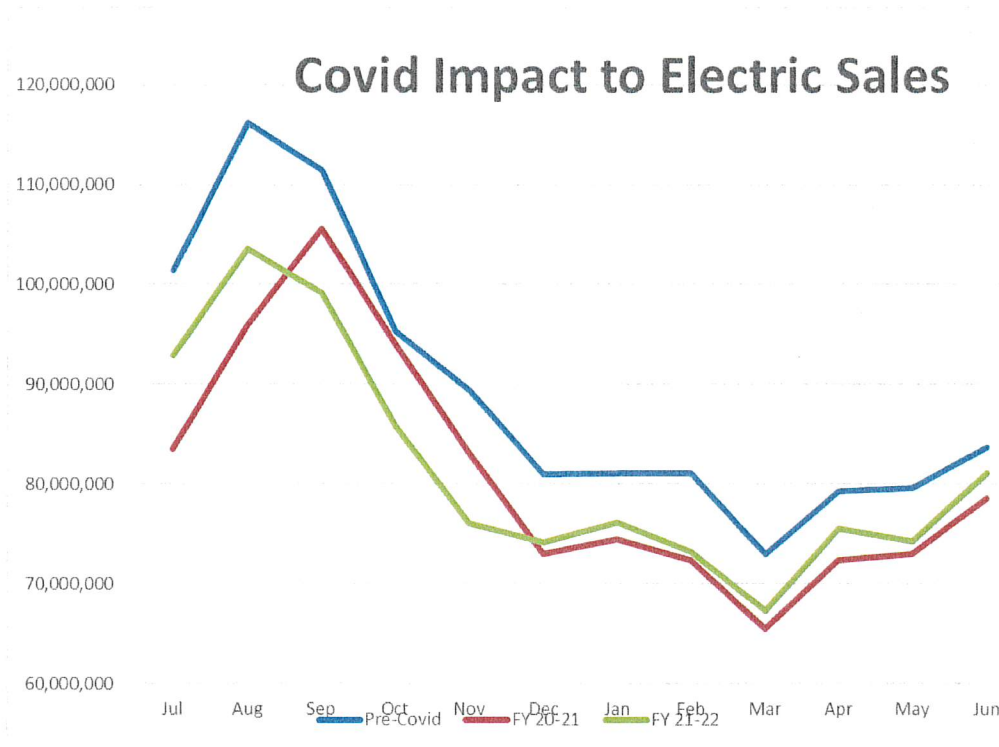
For additional details, please see the attached financial statements.

COVID-19 and Drought Impacts

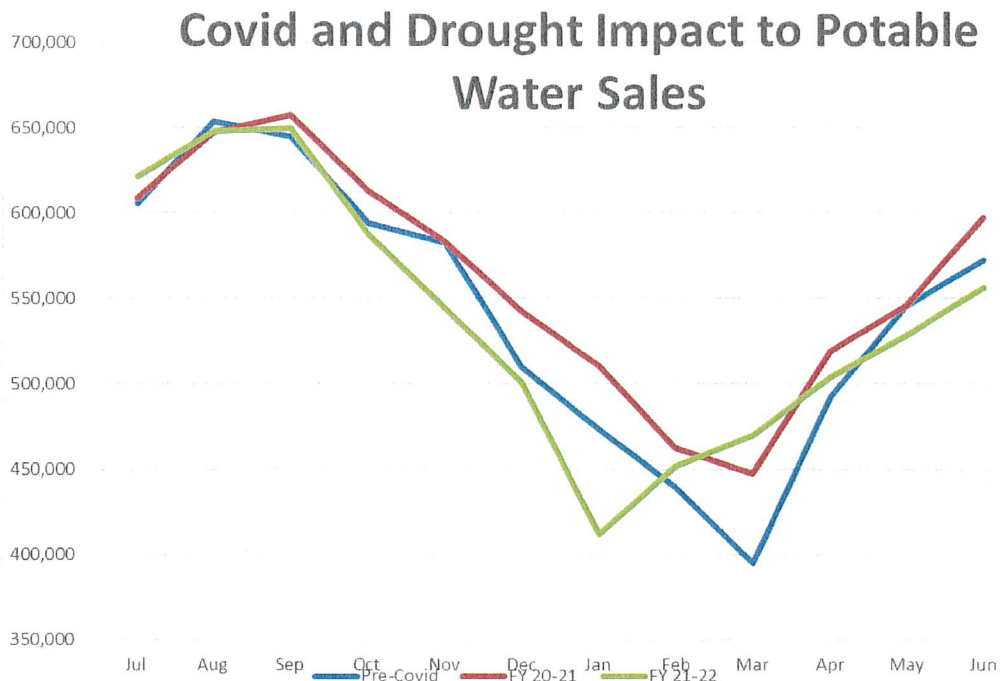
June's results reflect the **twenty-seventh** month of the impacts resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic beginning on March 19, 2020. With some Burbank commercial enterprises curtailing operations, this order has impacted commercial demand for water and energy in Burbank.

The FY 21-22 adopted budget was based on a partial recovery of the economy. Both energy and water demand were budgeted to increase by 1.2% and 0.5% from the prior fiscal year, respectively. Data has shown that the impact of COVID-19 has resulted in a continuous reduction of electric demand and negligible impact in water demand. Since the beginning of the pandemic, there has been a large increase in customer receivables.

The chart below for the electric fund shows current fiscal year sales compared to prior fiscal year and pre-COVID. **June** sales were **3%** lower compared to **June** pre-COVID. Fiscal year to date sales were **9%** lower compared to the same period pre-COVID. This table is not weather normalized.



Water sales have been minimally impacted by the pandemic. The decrease in commercial sales were offset by an increase in residential demand primarily driven by the pandemic. More recently, the Governor called for all Californians to voluntarily reduce water use by 15% from 2020 levels. The chart below shows current fiscal year potable water sales compared to prior fiscal year and pre- COVID. **June** sales were **2.8%** lower compared to **June** pre-COVID. This is attributable to drought response – not due to COVID. Fiscal year to date sales were **0.6%** lower compared to the same period pre-COVID. This table is not weather normalized.



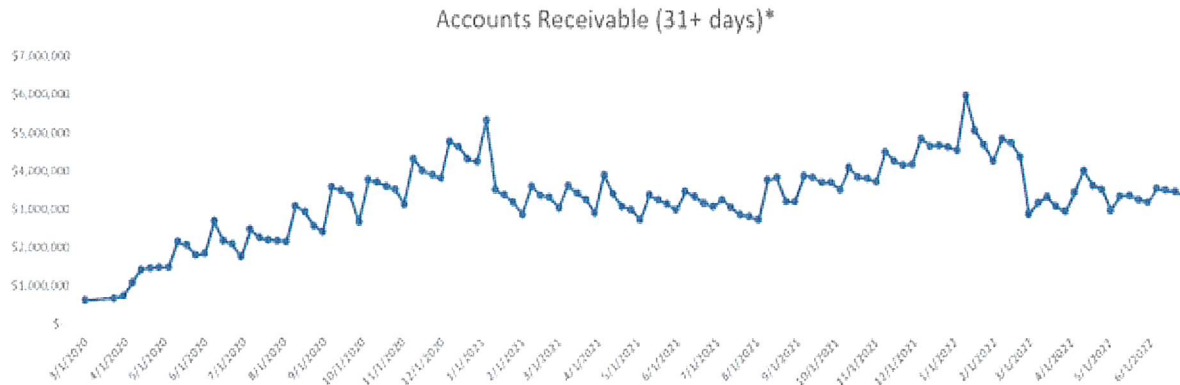
Inflation

In the last year, BWP net income has been heavily impacted by increasing inflation. US inflation has climbed as high as **9.1%**. In many cases, we are seeing expenses for the utility-grade items to be much higher than **9.1%**. Below are examples of utility items impacted by inflation:

- Emissions control system upgrade for the Lake One Unit – an increase of 25% from \$2 million to \$2.5 million
- A renewable solar, plus energy storage project - increase of 71%, from \$35/MWh to \$60/MWh
- New substation buildout - increase of 47% from ~\$17M to ~\$25M
- Rebuild substation - increase of 67% from ~\$9M to ~\$15M
- Copper coils for 1-inch service lines - increase of 64% from \$6.09 to \$9.98 per foot
- 8-inch ductile iron pipe – increase of 42% from \$20.79 to \$29.59 per foot
- Other increases in materials:
 - Plastic conduit: 125%
 - Chlorine gas 98%
 - Plastic 57.7%
 - Metals 35.5%
 - Water meter boxes 25%
 - Precast concrete products 12.8%
 - Concrete 9.9%

Accounts Receivables

The chart below shows the drastic increase for receivables that are over 31 days old for BWP's electric and water funds.



*Excludes in-lieu and utility users tax.

WATER DIVISION

Burbank's Water Use

The table below shows water use in Burbank during **July 2022** compared to **July 2020** measured in gallons per capita per day (gpcd). This measurement is used as determined by the California Governor's order of 15% reduction.

	Average Monthly Use
July 2020	157 gpcd
July 2022	147 gpcd

	<u>Jan</u>	<u>Feb</u>	<u>Mar</u>	<u>Apr</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	<u>Aug</u>	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	<u>Nov</u>	<u>Dec</u>
<u>2020</u> (Base line)	125	126	104	112	141	149	157	162	159	153	136	132
<u>Goal</u>	106	107	88	95	119	127	134	138	135	130	116	112
<u>2022</u>	106	128	127	131	133	145	147					
	- 15.2 %		22.1 %	17.0 %	- 5.7%	- 2.7%	- 6.4%					

Water use, in terms of gpcd, during July 2022 was 6.4% less than the July 2020 baseline, but it still falls short of the Governor’s “15%” reduction request. Monthly water use will be tracked and reported versus 2020 values and continue to monitor the response to the Governor’s order to reduce water consumption by 15%.

All values compared with the standard of 2020 water consumption

Burbank Operating Unit (BOU) Water Production

The table below provides the operational data for the BOU for the months of **August** 2021 through **July** 2022.

	BOU Capacity Factor	BOU Ave. Flow Rate	Total System Blend % MWD/BOU
21-Aug	84.43%	7,598 gpm	35% / 65%
21-Sep	95.98%	8,638 gpm	23% / 77%
21-Oct	91.06%	8,196 gpm	23% / 77%
21-Oct	91.06%	8,196 gpm	18% / 82%
21-Nov	92.51%	8,326 gpm	14% / 86%
22-Jan	80.41%	7,237 gpm	20% / 80%
22-Feb	82.55%	7,429 gpm	20% / 80%
22-Mar	84.87%	7,638 gpm	20% / 80%
22-Apr	93.03%	8,373 gpm	12% / 88%
22-May	91.64%	8,247 gpm	15% / 85%
22-Jun	88.89%	8,000 gpm	22% / 78%
22-Jul	89.21%	8,029 gpm	26% / 74%
<i>Ave Blend %-last 12 months</i>			21% / 79%

The total system blend percentage represents the total amount of water that was purchased from the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) vs. the amount treated by the BOU. This, along with the capacity factor, is an important measure of efficiency. The capacity factor may fluctuate based on demand and plant production; the blend percentage measures how much of the total system’s demand is made of purchased or produced water. The amount of MWD water needed is determined by demand, availability of BOU water, and O&M outages.

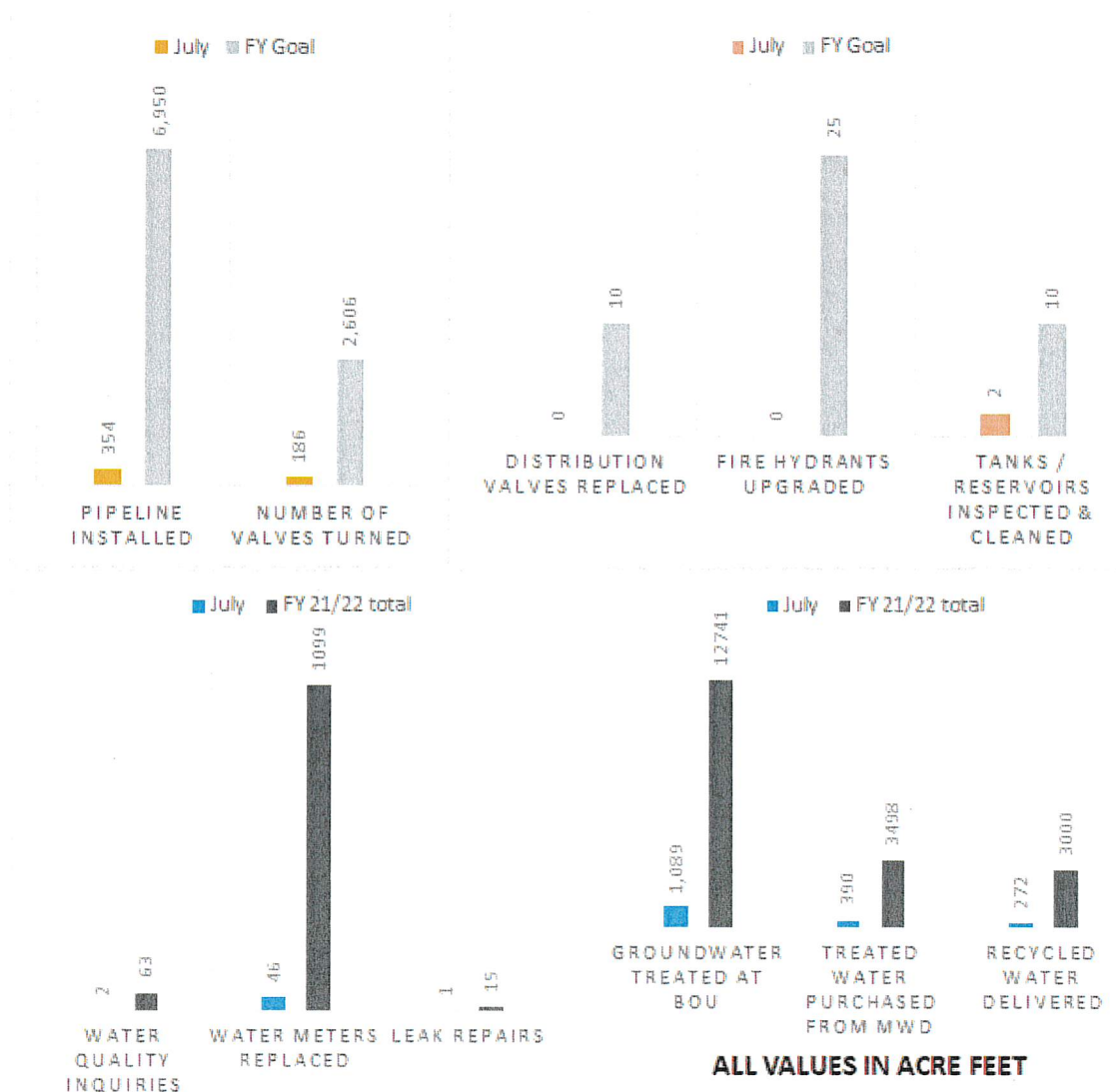
Key Performance Indicators

The graphs below illustrate the progress the water division has made on key performance measures through **July**. Note that the values provided need to be viewed with respect to

where we are in the fiscal year. Pipeline installation is 5% complete, and we are 8% through the fiscal year.

Chlorine gas deliveries have improved, but the main issue is the availability of truck drivers. To provide a backup to our chlorine gas supplies, staff installed a sodium hypochlorite tank and related equipment so that we now have two forms of chlorine to use (sodium hypochlorite is liquid chlorine – essentially bleach). This spreads the shortage risk across two forms of chlorine instead of relying on just one. Although the availability has slightly improved, the price of the chemical remains volatile. Since June 2021, the cost of chlorine has increased more than 98%.

We closely monitor chlorine gas supplies and track them daily.



Leak Alert Notifications

In 2009, BWP began installing an automated metering infrastructure (AMI) system by Itron. The system consists of endpoints that connect directly to the meter to get the meter read. The meter read was transmitted by radio from the endpoints located in the meter box and received by 10 collectors stationed throughout the city. The data was “backhauled” or bundled using the Tropos radio system and delivered to database servers that accepted and processed the meter data. Full deployment of the system (approximately 26,000 endpoints for water) was completed in 2011.

The benefits of AMI technology allow data to be collected rapidly and frequently and can be analyzed to find higher than normal usage and alert customers of leaks. BWP began providing leak alert service to residents who registered to receive notifications. This service, called Water Smart, works by receiving hourly water usage from the meter and analyzing this data to determine if a leak might be present based on continuous usage. Since 2015, BWP has provided 27,618 leak alerts to customers. Customers either receive email notifications if they provided their email address to BWP, or they receive print leak alert notifications. In addition, customers can sign up for text and voicemail leak alert notifications. In **July 2022**, WaterSmart sent out **830** notifications to customers, including **817** email leak alerts, **0** print leak alerts, **6** text message leak alerts, and **7** voice alerts.

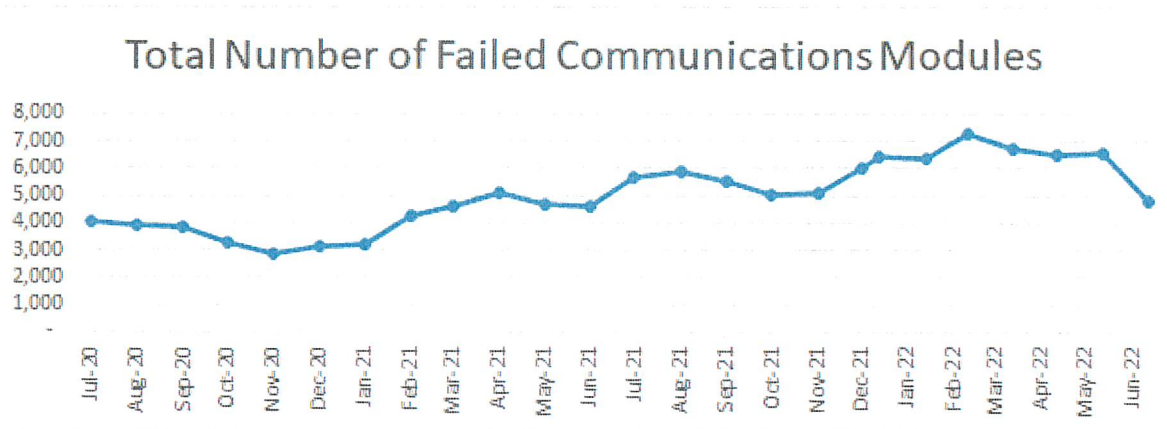
Unfortunately, a high volume of water meter communication modules are not working reliably and replacement units are no longer produced. As of **July 2022**, BWP was not able to receive remote reads for **4,796** water meters out of 27,060 (18% of the total) due to failing communications modules and they had to be read manually. **Due to staff limitations, 1,663 of these meters had to be estimated for the month.** The graph below shows that since **July 2020**, the failure rate has averaged **32** failures per month. This average reflects the same decline as the number of manually read meters does, and for the same reason. In March 2021, staff deployed an interim automatic meter reading (AMR) system to read approximately 800 meters with failed communication modules, and we are now able to read them by manually reading them monthly. We still cannot receive the continuous communication that enables us to notify these customers of leaks.

BWP previously notified customers who participate in the leak alert program that the failure of these communication modules prevents the sending of leak alert notifications, and due to continued failures, BWP is now in the process of notifying additional customers. The AMR system, unfortunately, does not enable BWP to notify customers of leaks at all. This will leave customers vulnerable to unnoticed leaks causing water damage, bills that could reach thousands of dollars as well as unnecessary and significant water waste.

The status of the AMI system request for proposal (RFP) is provided below:

- **May 31, 2022 – Draft RFP developed and sent to the Purchasing Division for review.**

- June 2022 – (1) added optional electrical AMI service compatibility; (2) added state and federal requirements that must be complied with if we receive grant funding for AMI; (3) asked the consultant to reach out to their contacts to gage vendor’s reactions to liquidated damage clauses.
- July 5, 2022 – Sent RFP to City Attorney’s Office (CAO) for legal review.
- July/August 2022 – CAO and the Purchasing Division discussed the best approach (contract versus professional services agreement). CAO prefers contract.
- August 18, 2022 – Sent draft contract to CAO for review.



Burbank’s Path to Sustainable Water Use

Burbank Water and Power is committed to facilitating a sustainable community. Our state is currently facing severe drought conditions. The drought makes our water-saving efforts more critical, and BWP wants to ensure our efforts drive lasting change. We have adopted the ADKAR change management model to help us deliver on this transformation and have been planning efforts to help our community make lasting change. The ADKAR change model describes the steps that need to be taken, starting with awareness, desire, knowledge, ability, and re-enforcement. The table below describes these steps, and the actions BWP has completed and plans on completing.

	Completed	Planned
Increasing drought and water conservation awareness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital Currents (2022: January, March, April, May, June. 2021: August, September, October, November, December) • Print Currents (April 2022, November 2021, July 2022) • BWP drought webpages • BWP Online Account Manager banners • Social media (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram) • Flyers with watering schedule and conservation programs information • Bill inserts • Bill graphics • Graphic on bill envelope • MyBurbank advertisement • Burbank Channel advertisement • Educational videos (Burbank's water story, drought and conservation programs, and Stage II rules) • Press release – Stage III • Parks & Recreation newsletter advertisement • Burbank Channel advertisement • Educational video for stage III • Water city hall turf with recycled water • Email and letter to commercial, industrial, and institutional (CII) customers about Emergency Water Regulation • Burbank Bus advertising • HeyBurbank feature – July 2022 https://youtu.be/v6Z2aBQVMCU • Burbank Recycle Center advertisement • Doorhangers for water waste violations • Magnolia Blvd banner 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BWP employee efforts for water conservation • Burbank Bulletin advertisement • Other physical advertising options in Burbank • Enforcement notifications via letter for watering violations: Education letter number 1, Education letter number 2, fine of \$100, fine of \$200, fine of \$500.

<p>Increasing the community's desire to make change</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automated leak alerts to customers • Report water waste online form – Stage II • Report water waste online form – stage III • Targeted communications on irrigation schedule compliance and high-volume users to customers based on WaterSmart AMI information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exploring community partnerships to create demonstration gardens and signage on drought tolerant landscaping (have received 5 requests to date) • Table tents for restaurants • Home Improvement Program door-to-door outreach • Exploring options for service-based events for drought
<p>Customer knowledge on how to make change</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signage and pool cover rebate applications for local shops • Drought flyer with water conservation programs information • Lobby signage with water conservation programs information • Customers' testimonials and resource recommendations on turf replacement • Portable signage with water conservation programs information for local events (National Night Out, Starlight Bowl) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exploring options to offer water conservation and turf replacement classes

<p>Ability to make change</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased rebate amounts for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Flow monitoring device - \$150 ○ High-efficiency clothes washer - \$150 ○ Rotating sprinkler nozzle - \$5 ○ Weather-based irrigation controller - \$100 ○ Soil moisture sensor system - \$100 ○ Premium high-efficiency toilet - \$100 • Home Improvement Program additions for sprinkler check and controller programming for common areas of multi-family unit buildings • Provide no-cost showerheads, and kitchen and bathroom aerators to customers in the BWP lobby • Provide no-cost toilet dye tablets to help customers detect toilet leaks • Leak assistance grant for income-qualified households 	<p>Reducing the cost for customers to make change</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reinitiate demonstration garden grants • Additional funding for water efficiency rebates • Innovative Conservation Program (ICP) grant project to enable water usage monitoring and leak detection services for multi-family property owners and tenants • Exploring water conservation giveaway items (adjustable nozzles for hose, etc.) to encourage water use efficiency
<p>Reinforcement, including progress updates and recognition</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fill the “Burbank Tank” graphic that staff will update monthly on the BWP website and in Digital Currents 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customer recognition program • Lawn signs

Projects

Lake St – North of Burbank Blvd bridge: This capital improvement project (CIP) is an essential part of the water master plan which improves the reliability of our water distribution system. The construction crew is installing a section of a 12” ductile iron water main that will replace the existing 4” cast iron water main. The existing 4” water main was installed in the early 1950s.





ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRIC RELIABILITY

In **July 2022**, BWP did not experience any sustained feeder outages. In the past 12 months, automatic reclosing has reduced customer outage time by approximately **1,111,237** customer minutes.

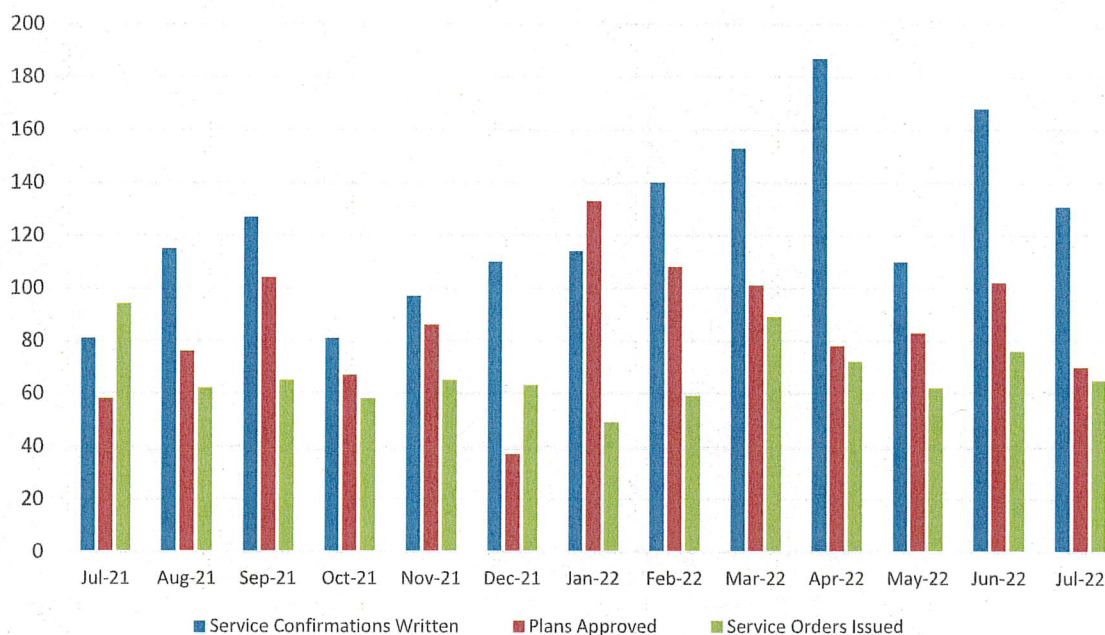
Reliability Measurement	August 2020 – July 2021	August 2021 – July 2022
Average Outages Per Customer Per Year (SAIFI)	0.2773	0.3172
Average Outage Time Experienced Per Year (SAIDI)	8.22 minutes	12.44 minutes
Average Restoration Time (CAIDI)	29.65 minutes	39.21 minutes
Average Service Availability	99.998%	99.998%
Average Momentary Outages Per Customer Per Year (MAIFI)	0.3016	0.2654
No. of Sustained Feeder Outages	11	13
No. of Sustained Outages by Mylar Balloons	3	2
No. of Sustained Outages by Animals	0	0
No. of Sustained Outages by Palm Fronds	0	2

PROJECT UPDATES

Residential and Commercial Service Planning Activities

BWP provides our residential and commercial customers with the electrical power they need for new services or upgrades to their existing services. In order for a customer to obtain a building permit for their construction, BWP service planners must visit the customer's facility and fill out an electric service confirmation form which details what type of service is required and how it will be served. After reviewing and approving a customer's electrical plans, BWP service planners issue service orders to our field crews to carry out the inspections and electrical service work. The graph below summarizes the monthly activity for our residential and commercial service planning group within the T&D engineering section.

**Residential and Commercial Service Planning Activity Summary
July 2021 - July 2022**

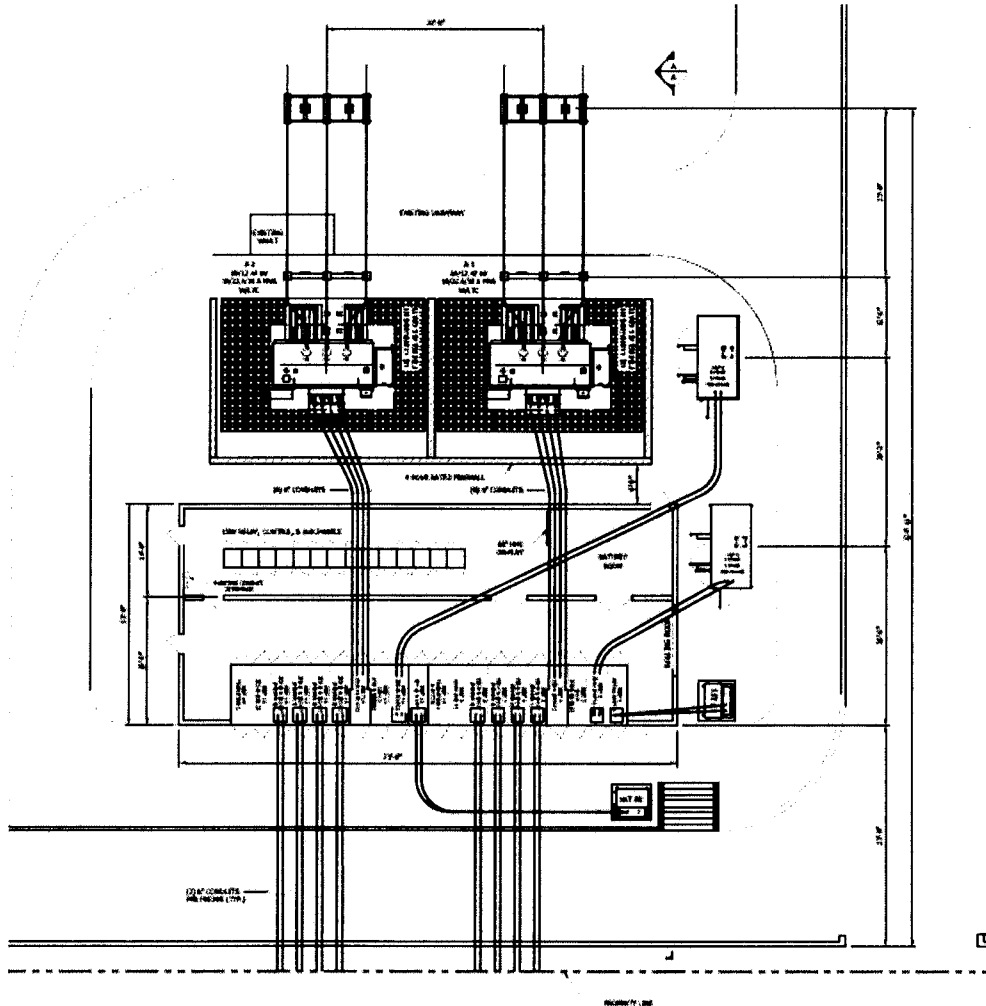


**Activity includes staff revisions to electric confirmations

Golden State Substation Rebuild Project Update

BWP evaluated design-build bids for engineering, procurement, and construction of the Golden State Substation Rebuild project and recommended contract award to Aubrey Silvey Enterprises (ASE). On May 5th, the recommendation was presented to the BWP's Board. Later that month on May 17th, Burbank's City Council approved BWP's recommendation to authorize the General Manager of BWP to execute the design-build contract. In the month of June, BWP executed the design-build contract and provided ASE a notice to proceed with the work. Currently, the project is in the design phase and construction is due to start by the end of 2022.

BWP expects that the construction and testing of the Golden State Substation Rebuild will be completed by the 2nd quarter of 2024.

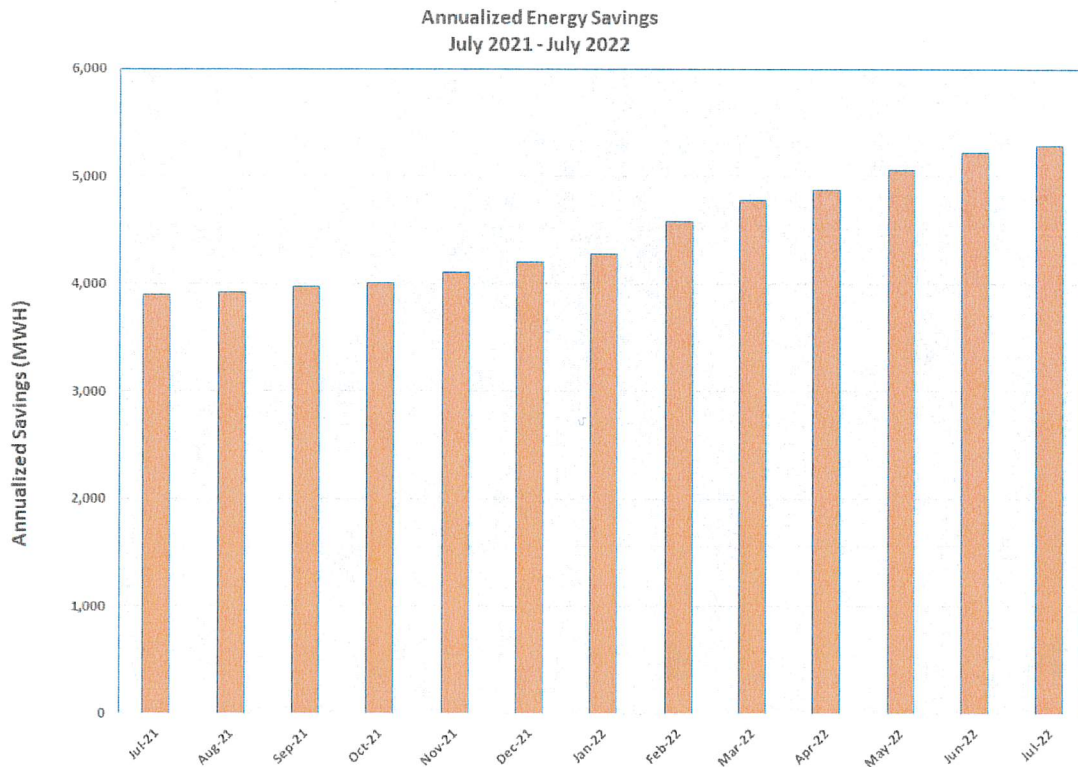


Substation Preliminary Plan View

STREET LIGHTING

LED Replacement Program

In accordance with the Street Lighting Master Plan, BWP is replacing high-pressure sodium (HPS) street light luminaires with light-emitting diodes (LED) luminaires. Replacement is carried out on a maintenance basis, and LEDs are installed daily as the HPS luminaires burn out. The LED replacements consume approximately 60% less energy. To date, **90.36%** of the total street light luminaires have been converted to LEDs, which translates to an annualized energy savings of **5,288 MWh** or a **57.05%** reduction in energy consumption. LED conversions have also reduced evening load by **1,225 kW**, which shortens the “neck of the duck curve” and reduces the amount of energy generation that BWP needs. The graph below shows the annualized energy savings in MWh for the past 13 months.



*** Note: Starting October 2021, staff started tracking LED installations based on a more reliable source (GIS database). This change resulted in a savings correction of 156 MWh (increase) in annualized savings; previous months have been adjusted accordingly.

Wireless Telecom Attachments

BWP has entered into four master license agreements to allow communication carriers to attach, install, operate, and maintain communication facilities on street light poles with the public right-of-way.

For the communication carriers to build a new location for a wireless telecom attachment, BWP must first provide an electric service confirmation, which details how the location will be served. Each design must meet the city's aesthetic requirements as well as BWP's design guidelines. Once BWP approves the plans and a Public Works permit is issued, BWP issues work orders to our field crews to carry out inspection as well as the electrical and street lighting work. The table below summarizes the activity that has taken place to date:

	Confirmations in Progress	Written Confirmations	Plan Signoffs	WTA Work Orders Issued	WTA Sites Energized
Total	615	242,251	23	11	23

CUSTOMER SERVICE OPERATIONS

BWP continues to assist customers through the COVID-19 pandemic. Customer Service Representatives (CSR) assist customers by making payment arrangements to reduce the amount in arrears and provide additional resources to help customers manage their finances related to their utility bill. BWP staff continue to proactively engage customers to reduce their arrears by encouraging payment arrangements to any customer they interact with that has a 60-day or greater past due balance. **We currently have 182 customers who have an active payment arrangement, resulting in a reduction of arrears by \$386,000.** BWP will continue to encourage payment arrangements to assist our customers to manage their outstanding arrears.

On October 27, 2020, the Burbank City Council approved disconnections to resume for non-payment of medium, large, and extra-large commercial customers. Disconnections were discontinued once California Arrearage Payment Program (CAPP) was announced, due to the prohibition of disconnections for 90 days after applying CAPP funds to customer accounts in May. Thereafter, BWP began notifying medium, large, and extra-large commercial customers via letter and personal phone calls that disconnection for non-payment would resume as of July 6, 2022, and encouraged payment arrangements. In addition, several communications were sent to customers subject to disconnection including letters, e-mails, and automated phone calls. **Between July 6, 2022, through August 17, 2022, twenty-one commercial customers were subject to disconnection. Out of the twenty-one, six were disconnected and the remainder either paid or enrolled in a payment arrangement.**

In late June, we received notification that the legislature and Governor had approved a new round of funding for unpaid electric bills resulting from the COVID pandemic. There is \$239.4 million available for publicly owned utility (POU) accounts. This new program, known informally as CAPP 2.0, will operate in a similar fashion as CAPP 1.0 with a few key differences. CAPP 2.0 will have a longer COVID-19 pandemic relief period that extends from June 16, 2021, through December 31, 2021 and will only benefit residential customers. **Since CAPP 2.0 will not be applied to commercial customers, on August 4, 2022, the BWP Board reviewed and passed the proposal to resume disconnections for small commercial customers beginning September 1, 2022 with a 7-0 vote. On August 23, 2022, City Council voted 3-1 to approve resuming power disconnections for small commercial customers effective September 1, 2022. After receiving approval from City Council, BWP immediately began notifying all small commercial customers via letter, e-mail, and automated phone call. Small commercial customers who are eligible for disconnection, will begin receiving an official notice as of September 1, 2022.**

Outstanding Debt

As of **August 15, 2022**, the following is the current outstanding debt by commodity:

Aging By Service Type					
Service Type	31-60	61-90	91+	Total	% of Total
ELECTRIC	\$ 1,511,729	\$ 863,907	\$ 1,973,912	\$ 4,349,547	62%
WATER	\$ 241,897	\$ 102,779	\$ 464,536	\$ 809,212	12%
SEWER	\$ (19,572)	\$ 98,502	\$ 670,342	\$ 749,272	11%
SOLID WASTE	\$ 156,817	\$ 96,712	\$ 689,625	\$ 943,154	13%
FIBER OPTIC	\$ 123,425	\$ 27,745	\$ 16,043	\$ 167,213	2%
GENERAL SERVICE	\$ 1,079	\$ 549	\$ 3,511	\$ 5,140	0%
MISCELLANEOUS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ 38	0%
Grand Total	\$2,015,375	\$1,190,194	\$3,818,006	\$7,023,575	100%

BWP Call Center Call Types & Volume

Customer Contact Types	% of Calls
Balance	14%
Update Customer Account Info	8%
Residential Start	5%
Residential Stop	4%
Payment Confirmation	3%

	Jul - 21	Aug - 21	Sep - 21	Oct - 21	Nov - 21	Dec - 21	Jan - 22	Feb - 22	Mar - 22	Apr - 22	May - 22	Jun - 22	Jul - 22	% Inc/Dec
Call Volume	3,186	2,594	3,841	3,235	2,845	3,102	3,234	2,833	3,340	3,148	3,314	3,311	3,220	-2.7%

Call volume reduced by approximately 3 percent in July. The majority of the calls were related to balances and requests to update customer account information.

Online Account Manager

The enrollment in the online account manager (OAM) is currently at 62% of all active accounts; increases in enrollments have also been on the rise since the COVID-19 pandemic. Approximately **50%** of all active BWP residents are signed up for paperless billing. Of all registered OAM accounts, about 82% are paperless customers helping BWP reduce costs and reduce carbon emissions. BWP will continue its efforts to drive customers to the OAM, paperless, and autopay. These initiatives will continue to drive down costs.

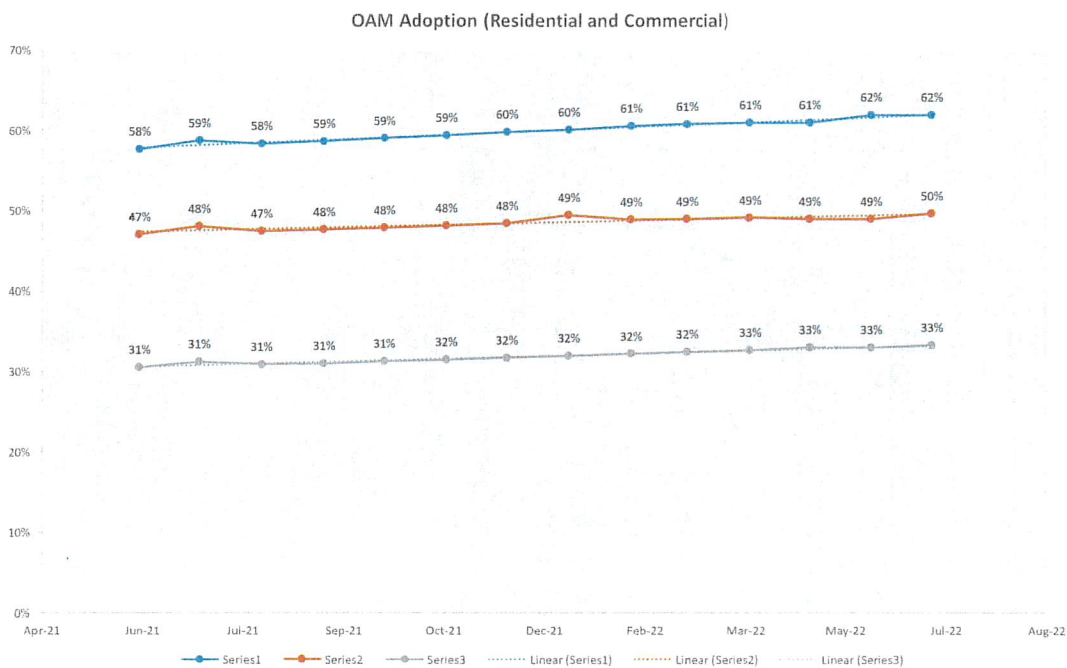
Staff believes that 66% customer OAM adoption is an achievable goal for BWP and in line with benchmarking data conducted by First Quartile Consulting, which shows utilities with the highest online account adoption have 66% of customers enrolled in an online account. Previously BWP had set an aspirational target of 80%, which is currently not deemed feasible.

For this fiscal year, BWP marketing promoted a general OAM outreach campaign utilizing every owned channel, including on-bill messaging, *Digital Currents*, print *Currents*, social media, and BWP's website. The second phase is to provide targeted messages to segments that have not adopted the OAM. The third phase is to provide incentives to adopt the OAM.

BWP is currently in phase two, and we have been targeting the general residential market to increase OAM adoption. About 86% of customers that have not adopted the OAM are residential. Those campaigns have not yielded a significant increase in OAM adoption, so staff is in the process of segmenting our customers further and developing additional targeted messaging. The revised marketing campaign will focus on the clusters of customers who have not yet adopted OAM and address their concerns to overcome barriers to adoption. The campaign was initially targeted to launch in February 2022 but was delayed due to staffing and competing communication priorities. BWP has developed the messaging and designs for various segments and will aim to **launch the campaign later this year**.

Following the launch of the segmented campaign, staff will measure the campaign's effectiveness and determine if phase three efforts are needed to reach the 66% OAM adoption goal.

Below is the chart outlining activity for the OAM:



	Active	% of Total Active Accounts
Active Users	32,516	62%
Paperless	26,075	50%
Autopay	17,493	33%

SUSTAINABILITY, MARKETING, AND STRATEGY

BWP'S Energy Efficiency and Water Savings – Fiscal Year to July 31, 2022

BWP manages a comprehensive portfolio of resource efficiency programs for residential and commercial customers focusing on energy efficiency, peak load reduction, water conservation, transportation electrification, and greenhouse gas savings.

The Refrigerator Exchange Program has had a total of **4** refrigerators exchanged since July 2021. In addition, the Home Improvement Program (HIP) resumed in September 2021, with its new and refreshed program offerings. Since resuming services, a total of **25** customers participated in the HIP.

The HIP offers energy-water surveys and efficiency measure installations to all Burbank single-family residential, multi-family residential, and multi-family common area customers. Some of the HIP new services include direct installation services of weather-based irrigation controllers, high-efficiency sprinkler heads, soil moisture sensors for low-income single-family and multi-family common area customers, and the properties within the disadvantaged community areas of Burbank. Furthermore, the program now offers energy-water surveys and the installation of efficiency measures for multi-family common area customers.

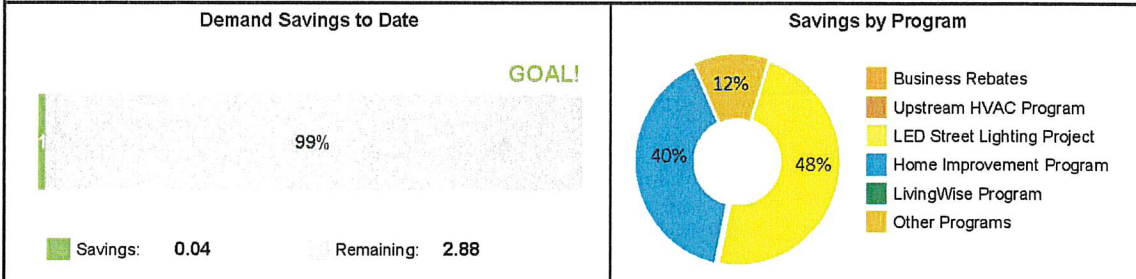
Some additional energy efficiency programs include residential and commercial rebates for the purchase and installation of high-efficiency measures, AC Replace Before It Breaks, Shade Tree, and LivingWise.

Burbank residents and businesses are eligible for rebates for various water-saving technologies to help encourage water efficiency and conservation from the Metropolitan Water District (MWD). Since the beginning of this fiscal year, **1** customer has participated in regional water conservation rebate programs.

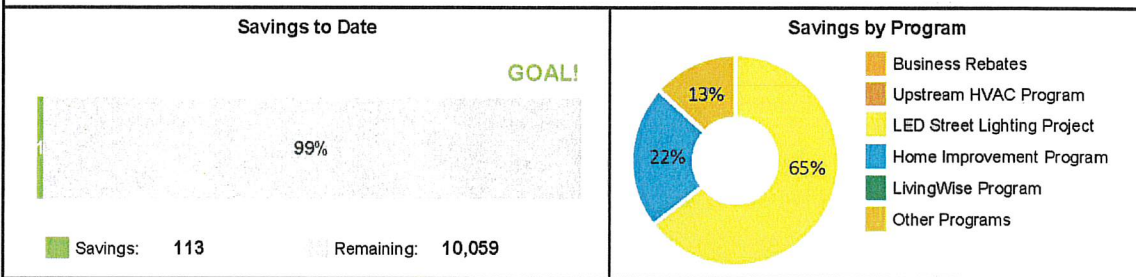
Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and state and local stay-home orders, energy efficiency programs that provided on-site visits were suspended. With the Omicron surge, BWP suspended these program services in December 2021, then resumed them again in February 2022. The COVID pandemic has had a significant impact on program participation and has resulted in not meeting our performance goals for the year. For the fiscal year the Home Improvement Program was not available for five months out of twelve, having to shut down in two different instances. In addition to not meeting the performance goals, BWP is also planning to be significantly under-spent in the electric public benefits account as compared to budget, reflecting the reduced activity. This money will be saved and set aside for future use.

Energy Efficiency Savings FYTD 2022-2023 Period ending on 7/31/2022

1% Demand Goal = 2.92 MW

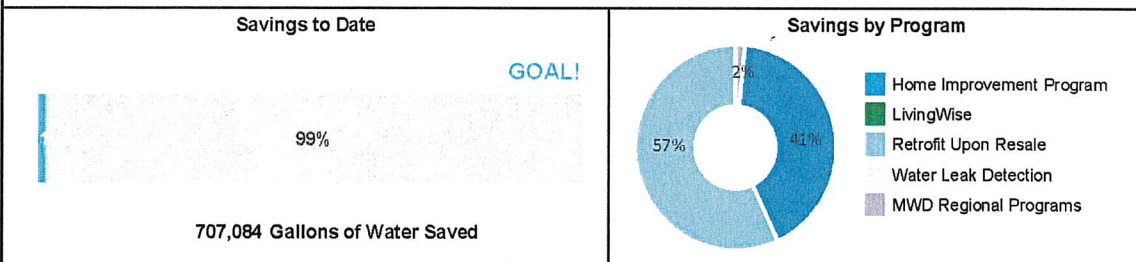


1% Consumption Savings Goal = 10,172 MWh



Water Savings Goal FYTD 2022-2023

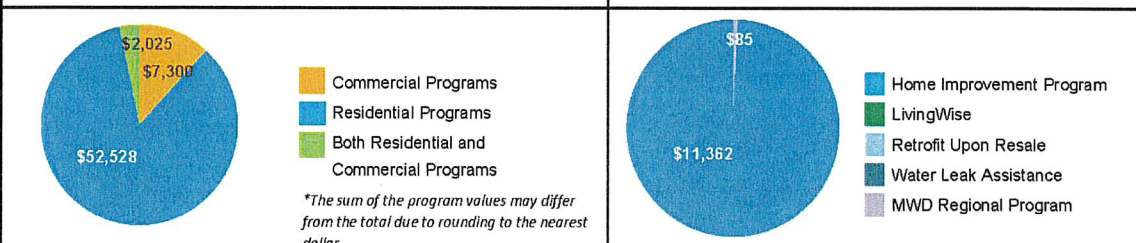
1% (49,630,000 Gallons) Potable Water Savings Goal



Efficiency Investments FYTD 2022-2023

*Electric Programs: \$61,853

Water Programs: \$11,447



Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Program

BWP plays a key role in facilitating the adoption of transportation electrification through education and the development of programs and initiatives.

The city now has seventy-three public EV charging ports, including 2 DC fast chargers and 24 curbside ports. As of June 1, the public charging rate is \$0.31 per kWh for level 1 and level 2 charging stations from 4 PM – 7 PM, and \$0.18 for all other hours. The public charging rate is \$0.51 per kWh for DC fast chargers from 4 PM – 7 PM and is \$0.29 for all other hours.

Public Charging Energy Delivery

In July, the per-port average revenue was \$124. Fees were fixed on July 11, 2022, so revenues have returned to normal.

Period	Average Usage	Average Total Revenue	Average Per Port Revenue	Notes
Dec 2019 - Feb 2020	28,047 kWh	\$4,779	\$101	Pre-COVID, all units operational
March 2020 - Feb 2021	14,211 kWh	\$2,724	\$60	COVID downturn
March 2021 - May 2021	23,889 kWh	\$4,299	\$91	COVID recovery period
June 2021 – June 2022	41,631 kWh	\$7,157	\$198	Post-installation of new ports
July 2022	59,480 kWh	\$7,157	\$124	Most recent month

New Public EV Charging Station Construction

Construction started last fiscal year on four new public level 2 ports near John Burroughs High School. This was the first of 8 projects that has now been delayed to fiscal year 22/23 to install 31 new level 2 ports and one new DC fast charging station. BWP has been facing issues acquiring the service cabinets required to finish the installation of public EV charging stations. The current estimated delivery is October, delayed from June, with the vendor stating material and labor shortages. BWP is looking for alternative solutions to complete these projects. For the projects not in the right of way, we are exploring options that would use panels similar to house panels, mounted on H frames, that may have shorter delivery timelines. For the right of way, this wouldn't be acceptable and we would need to wait for the appropriate cabinets.

Due to supply chain issues for electric metering cabinets, the energization of all charging ports for this fiscal year will be delayed into November 2022

Commercial Rebate Program

BWP currently has reservations for 58 commercial EV charging ports – 18 at one site, and 40 at another site that are planned to be installed this fiscal year. 40 were reserved in July.

Residential Rebate Program

Two residential rebates were distributed in July 2022.

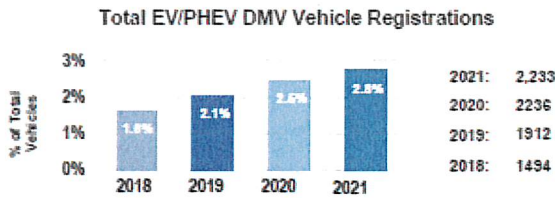
FY 21-22 Goals

In FY 21-22, BWP had a goal of facilitating the installation of 75 ports in the City of Burbank. FYTD, BWP has facilitated **69** electric vehicle charging ports within the city. BWP has distributed **24** residential rebates for ports installed by customers and has distributed rebates for 21 commercial ports installed by customers. BWP has also taken rebate reservations for an additional 4 installed ports. An additional 24 ports were installed by customers who received some assistance and guidance from BWP but did not apply for rebates.

BWP had planned to add 33 public charging ports across eight different sites in FY 21-22, but to date none have been installed due to supply chain delays in service cabinets which were originally due in May and June and are now expected sometime between October-December. Two sites and eight ports are awaiting service cabinets prior to making them available to the public. The other six sites and 25 ports have had permitting and construction deprioritized due to the known service cabinet delay. These projects are planned to commence again in October in anticipation of service cabinet delivery.

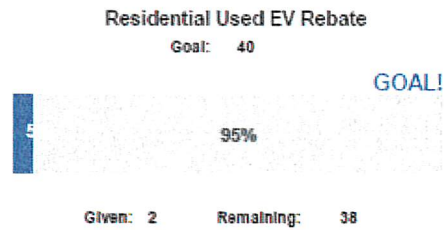
Transportation Electrification 2022-2023 Period ending on 7/31/2022

EV Growth in Burbank*



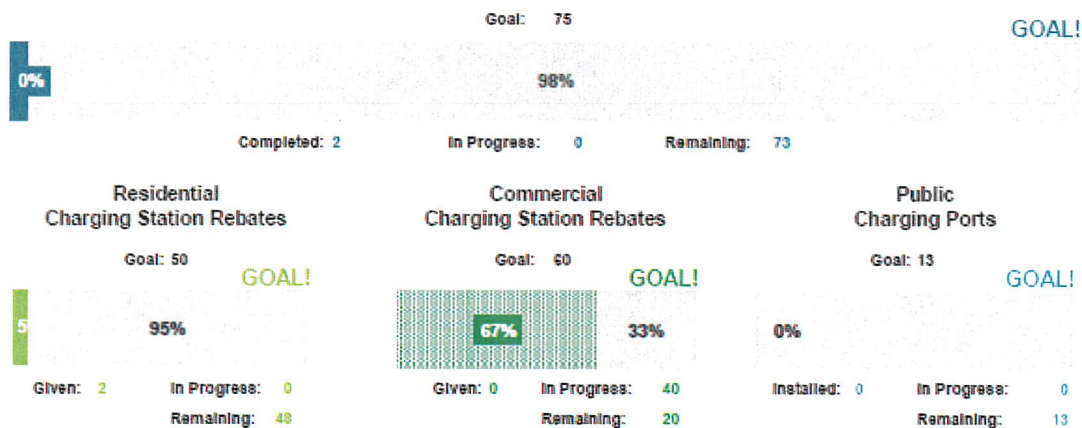
* DMV data as of Jan 01 of the reporting year

Vehicle Rebates



Transportation Electrification Initiatives for FY 2022-2023

Facilitate the Installation of 75 EV Charging Ports to Electrify the Transportation Sector in Burbank

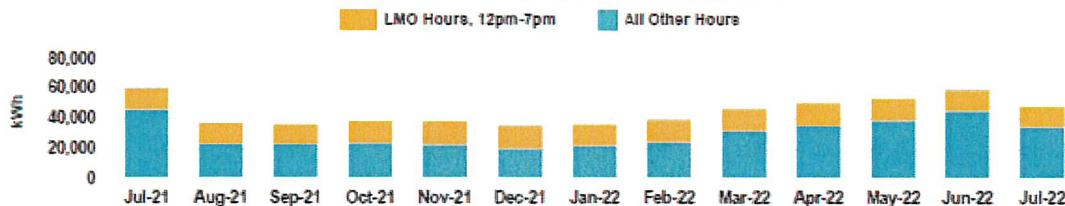


Public Charging Port Statistics

	Public Charging Ports		Total Sessions	Total Energy	Total Revenue	Total GHG *Reduced	Charging Sessions at ¹ Peak	² Charging Occupancy
	Total Ports	Total Available						
July:	73	73	5,331	59,480	\$9,027	34,262	17%	22%
Average:	73	73	5,331	59,480	\$9,027	34,262	17%	22%
FY Total:	73	73	5,331	59,480	\$9,027	34,262	17%	22%

* Source: U.S. Dept of Energy Alternative Fuels Data Center (AFDC) values used to calculate GHG savings. GHG values revised using AFDC data as of 08/09/2020.

Load Management Opportunity (LMO) Hours

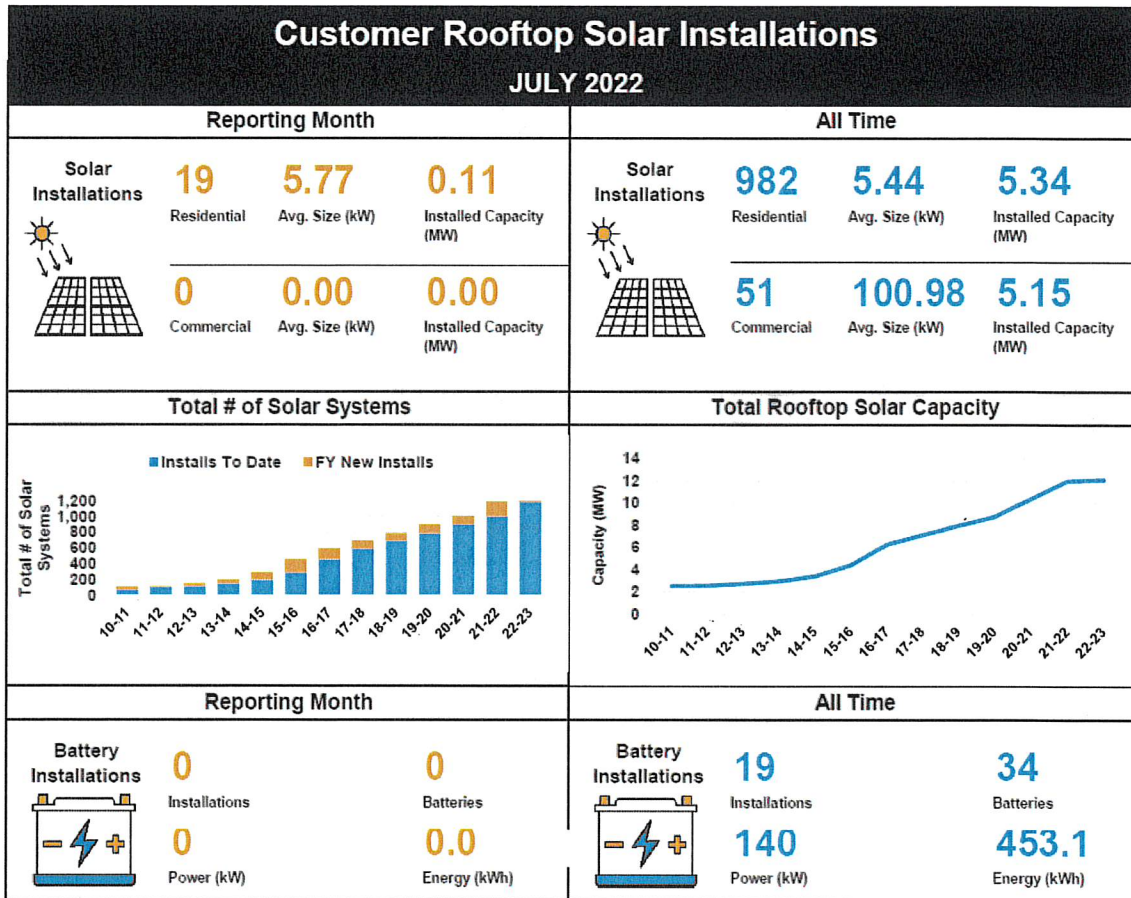


¹Peak is defined as 4 – 7 PM, as is reflected in the Public EV Charging Station rate

²Charging Occupancy is defined as the percentage of time EV's are charging at stations for all available hours in a given month across all charging stations

Rooftop Solar and Battery Installations

Customer-owned rooftop solar system installations continue to grow. Burbank Water and Power does not provide rebates for installing these systems. However, the 26% Federal Investment Tax Credit in 2020-2022 makes purchasing solar and/or battery systems more accessible. The tax credit expires starting in 2024 unless renewed by Congress.



TECHNOLOGY

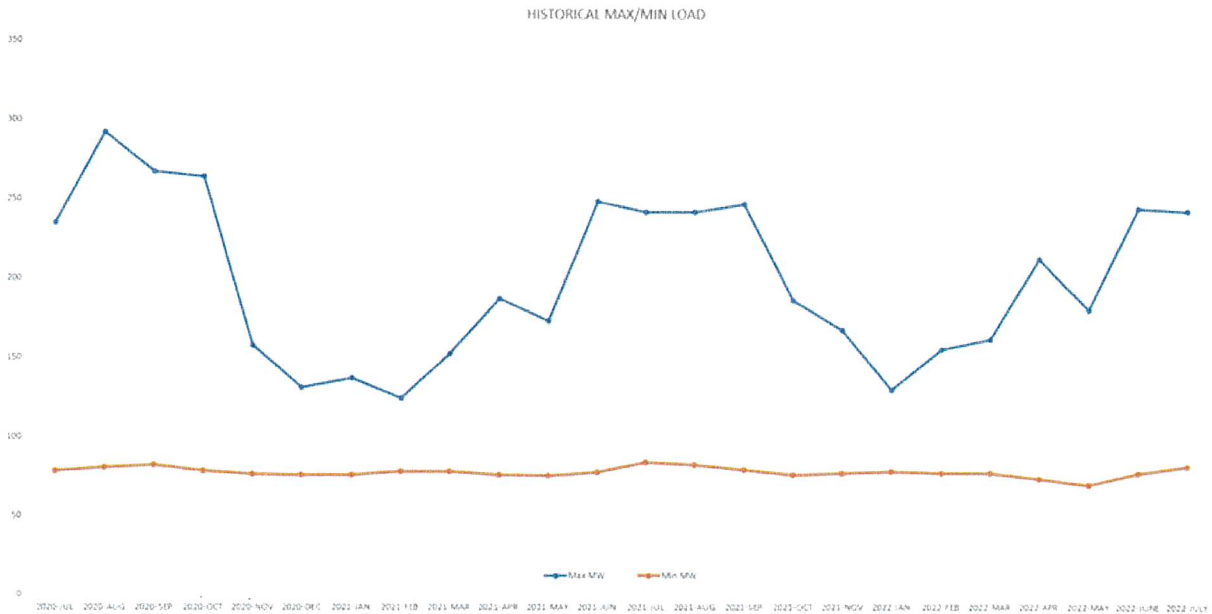
Broadband Services (ONEBurbank)

	July 2022 New Orders	Revenues for July 2022	FYTD 2022-23 Revenues	FYTD Budget
Lit	1	\$159,330	\$159,330	\$133,333
Dark	1	\$195,640	\$195,640	\$200,000
Total	2	\$354,970	\$354,970	\$333,333

POWER SUPPLY

BWP SYSTEM OPERATIONS:

The maximum load for July 2022 was 242.6 MW at 4:23 PM on July 18, 2022, and the minimum load was 81.5 MW at 4:00 AM on July 4, 2022.



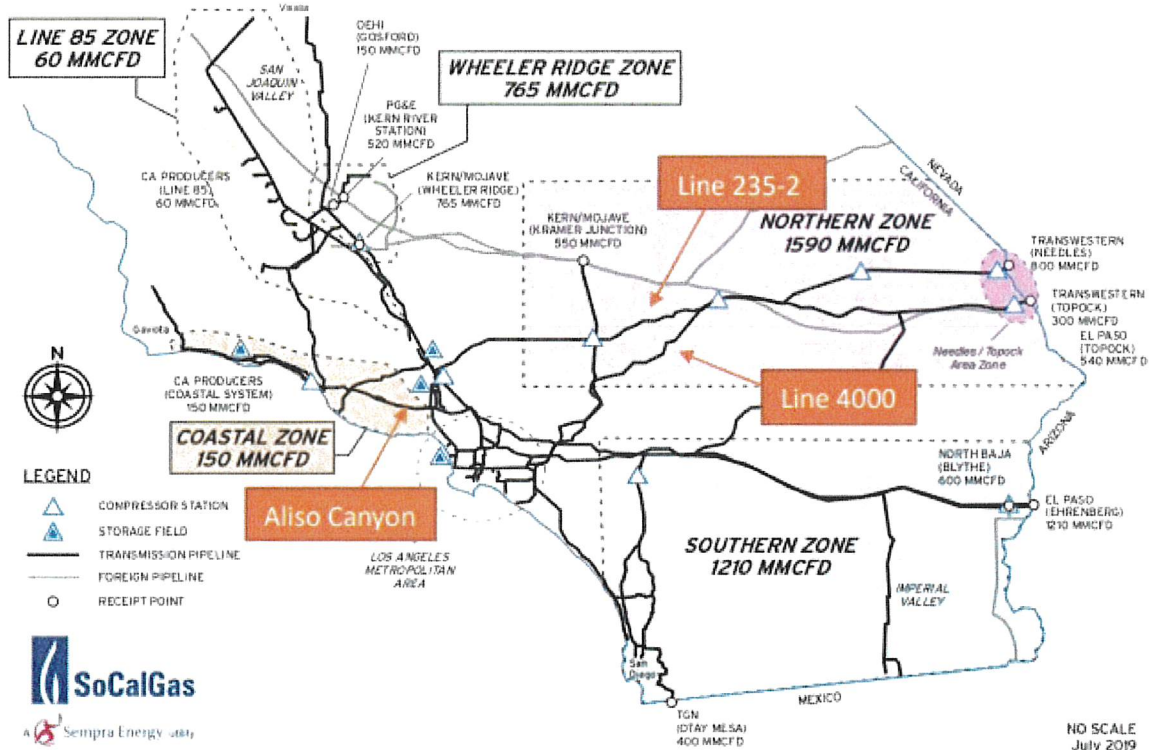
YEAR	MAX LOAD	MAX DATE
2022	244.2 MW	27-June-22 16:42
2021	248.5 MW	15-June-21 14:57
2020	292.3 MW	18-Aug-20 15:22
2019	282.66 MW	04-Sep-19 15:31
2018	306.3 MW	06-Jul-18 16:41

The Burbank power system did not experience any natural gas supply issues for July 2022.

Southern California continues to experience natural gas reliability and affordability challenges because of supply and demand mismatches. SoCalGas' system capacity and supply are primarily a function of two components: (1) transmission pipelines, which bring gas into and then transport it throughout the system; and (2) underground natural gas storage connected to transmission pipelines near system load. While one component of the system's limited supply is the transmission pipeline reductions and outages, the other critical component is storage operating constraints from the CPUC restricting the use of the Aliso Canyon Storage Facility. The current effective withdrawal protocol is restrictive but is less restrictive than the previous protocol, in that Aliso Canyon was only allowed to

be withdrawn from if curtailment was imminent, but now can occur under less acute circumstances. We are keeping a close eye on labor issues and inflationary pressures and will provide an update as we get more information. We are also monitoring Senate Bill 1486, which would limit operations at Aliso Canyon, post 2027.

Image 1: Receipt Points & Transmission Zone Firm Capacities



ELECTRICITY GENERATION:

BWP Generating Facilities

Unit	Availability	Operating Hrs	MWH (Net)	Net Heat Rate (Btu/kWh)	Number of Starts
Olive 1	0%	0	0	0	0
Olive 2	0%	0	0	0	0
Lake 1	100%	27	1,126	10,575	1
MPP	97%	722	141,466	7,486	1

Olive 1 and 2 remained in dry storage, with a 120-day notice required to restart. Olive 1 and 2 have been in dry storage since 2011 and 2012, respectively.

Lake 1 was placed online one time during the month of **July**.

Magnolia Power Project (MPP)

	July	FYTD	YTD
Availability	97%	97%	94%
Unit Capacity Factor (240 MW)	79%	79%	68%

MPP tripped offline on July 17, 2022 due to a failed fuse at the combustion turbine generator. The fuse was replaced, and the plant was successfully restarted on July 18, 2022.

Tieton Hydropower Project (Tieton)

Tieton began generation on March 31, 2022, when sufficient water flow provided by the United States Bureau of Reclamation became available. **In July, water flow varied and a single generator was in operation a majority of the month. There were brief periods when water flow increased and allowed for use of both generators. A total of 8,229 MWh were generated in July.**

ENVIRONMENTAL

Air Quality

There are no air quality updates at this time.

Storm Water

The State Water Resources Control Board Industrial General Permit requires industrial facilities to collect, at a minimum, four stormwater samples per reporting year and compare them to statewide regulatory limits. **No samples have been collected for the current reporting year of July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023.** The results from previous samples continue to indicate ongoing compliance issues with metals, specifically zinc and copper. Samples were also collected from the offsite influent that commingles with BWP's stormwater discharge. The offsite samples also exceeded the limits for metals.

In order to address the stormwater compliance issues, BWP is in the process of implementing a campus stormwater improvement project. BWP initially completed the proposed project's California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration in 2019. However, recent amendments to the CEQA guidelines now require an update to the CEQA Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration. The updated Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration CEQA public review period ended on July 22, 2022 and responses to comments on the document are being prepared. The environmental review was expected to be finalized when the project was approved by the Burbank City Council. However, the engineering design and permitting phase have taken longer than originally expected due to the complexity of the project as well as other factors, including the onset of a pandemic. MNS Engineers was contracted to prepare the final design plans, as well as provide engineering support and permitting support for the

project. The project's final design is complete and bid specifications will be prepared, and a request for proposals (RFP) will be issued for the construction activities. As an interim measure, BWP has also applied for time schedule orders (TSOs) that include interim limits, which are achievable for this site. The final TSOs were approved by the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (LAWQCB) on June 7, 2021. These TSOs and interim limits will apply until the improvement project is complete. Milestone achievements are required, and project completion must be achieved by November 17, 2023. BWP submitted a TSO amendment request to the LAWQCB. The amendment consists of consolidating the BWP and MPP facilities into one TSO, requesting coverage for copper and updating the project schedule. The TSO amendment public review process ended on July 21, 2022 and no comments were received. The amended TSO is awaiting the LAWQCB Executive Officer signature prior to being issued

PROJECT UPDATES:

Power Resources

Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) Compliance

BWP continues to be on track to meet RPS compliance requirements for the calendar year 2022. The calendar year 2022 goal is 38.5% RPS. BWP staff continues to evaluate renewable resources in order to meet future compliance requirements. Staff updated the RPS Procurement Plan and Enforcement Program in December 2021, which shows BWP's path forward with RPS compliance. Staff recently purchased Portfolio Content Category (PCC) 3 RPS products and is in the process of procuring PCC 2 RPS products to meet CY2022 regulatory compliance at least cost. Staff is currently working on three new renewable contracts, in order to maintain RPS compliance for future years.

Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) Update

BWP is starting to review options for a new IRP, which is due to the CEC in 2024. Stakeholder engagement efforts, compliance, and costs will be some of the major factors in the 2024 IRP. BWP is in the process of evaluating proposals received for the IRP. The IRP development and stakeholder engagement process is expected to take 6-12 months to complete.

Transmission Update

BWP is partnering with LADWP on additional renewable contracts and opportunities. BWP will continue to meet with LADWP monthly to discuss transmission needs. BWP is working with LADWP on the update to the Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) process. LADWP has delayed the implementation of new rates by 2-3 months, with an implementation date in early fiscal year 2023. The rates are expected to increase significantly, and final numbers will be known by the end of 2022.

Intermountain Power Project (Delta, UT) Renewal Progress

LADWP, BWP, and GWP (the IPP repowering participants) are working together to create a detailed roadmap for green hydrogen production and power generation at IPP. In the medium-term, the IPP renewal participants are targeting 30% green hydrogen combustion by July 2025, when the IPP repower project is scheduled to come online. On a monthly basis, IPP participants continue to meet to discuss the IPP renewal, including concerns on facilities development and potential additional resources at the site. An update on the IPP renewal project will be provided in the summer.

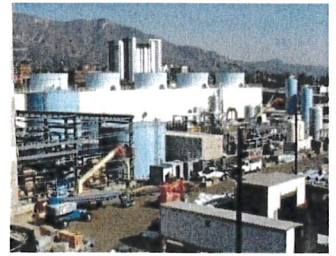
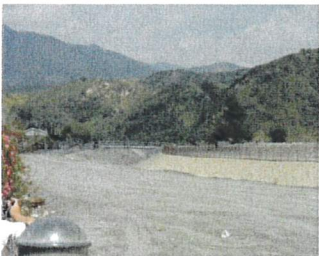
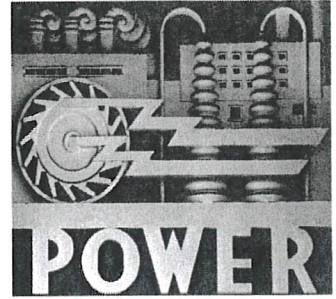
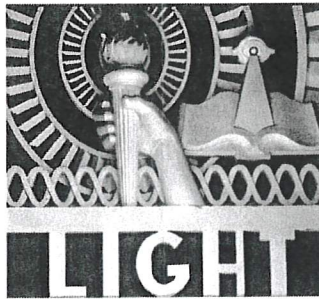
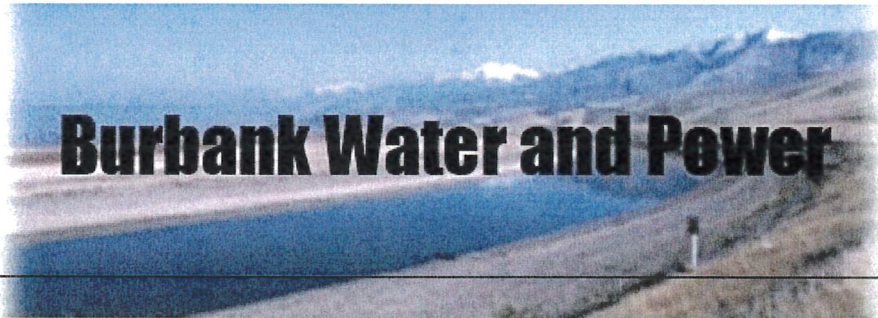
Staff continues to actively work with Intermountain Power Agency on cost increases due to the Hydrogen Betterments Project and coal supply issues. In regard to the coal supply concerns, IPP participants agreed to limit the output of the IPP units, for the past 9 months, to maintain a minimum megawatt supply sufficient to preserve the integrity of the Southern Transmission System direct current lines and meet the participants' minimal needs during the less critical times of the year. This operational change allowed for the growth of the existing coal pile, to a sufficient level, to meet the critical needs of the participants, during the third quarter of the calendar year. As of July 1, 2022, BWP's share of the two units was increased to 70 MW and can be dispatched as need. The current coal supply estimates, which are subject to change, show that we will be able to run two units up to an average of an 80% capacity factor, from July 2022 to September 2022. Due to the coal supply being under the forecast, it is expected that only one unit will be running at minimum capacity starting October 1, 2022.

Power Production

Lake One Power Plant Emissions Retrofit Project

The kickoff meeting for this project was held on August 2, 2022. The contractor is working on the preliminary design and will have a submittal ready for review by August 26, 2022. In addition to the design, the contractor is working on the procurement of major equipment, including the catalyst and the tempering air fans.

The new emissions control system will allow Lake One to remain in compliance with upcoming air quality requirements. The project consists of designing, engineering, permitting, constructing/installing, commissioning, and testing the new emissions system. This project is planned to conclude in the first half of 2023.



**Preliminary Financial Report
June-22**

**Burbank Water and Power
Electric Fund (496)**

**Statement of Changes in Net Assets ^{(1) (2)}
MTD and FYTD June 2022 (Preliminary)**

(\$ in 000's except MWh Sales)

	MTD Actual FY 21-22	MTD Budget FY 21-22	\$ Variance	% Variance		YTD Actual FY 21-22	YTD Budget FY 21-22	\$ Variance	% Variance
	96,446	93,780	2,666	3% ^(a)	NEL MWh	1,025,706	1,099,384	(73,678)	(7%) ^(A)
					Retail				
\$	13,950	\$ 13,910	\$ 39	0%	Retail Sales	\$ 154,324	\$ 165,998	\$ (11,674)	(7%)
	575	566	9	2%	Other Revenues ⁽³⁾	5,162	6,796	(1,634)	(24%) ^(B)
	12,860	9,524	(3,336)	(35%) ^(b)	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	121,290	109,040	(12,250)	(11%) ^(C)
	1,665	4,952	(3,287)	(66%)	Retail Margin	38,196	63,755	(25,559)	(40%)
					Wholesale				
	3,071	4,955	(1,885)	(38%)	Wholesale Sales	16,221	50,000	(33,779)	(68%)
	2,121	4,804	2,683	56%	Wholesale Power Supply	13,574	49,000	35,426	72%
	950	151	798	529%	Wholesale Margin	2,647	1,000	1,647	165%
	2,615	5,103	(2,489)	(49%)	Gross Margin	40,843	64,755	(23,911)	(37%)
					Operating Expenses				
	836	957	121	13%	Distribution	8,392	11,757	3,366	29% ^(D)
	144	128	(15)	(12%) ^(c)	Administration/Safety	1,709	1,710	2	0%
	144	255	111	44% ^(d)	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	2,037	3,260	1,223	38% ^(E)
	516	519	3	1%	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	6,191	6,226	36	1%
	496	727	230	32% ^(e)	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	5,078	6,961	1,883	27% ^(F)
	310	385	75	20% ^(f)	Public Benefits	1,982	4,591	2,609	57% ^(G)
	317	166	(151)	(91%) ^(g)	Security/Oper Technology	2,399	1,771	(628)	(35%) ^(H)
	194	124	(70)	(57%) ^(h)	Telecom	1,364	1,537	173	11% ^(I)
	269	202	(66)	(33%) ^(I)	Construction & Maintenance	2,104	2,435	331	14% ^(J)
	2,086	1,881	(206)	(11%)	Depreciation	21,654	22,566	912	4%
	5,312	5,344	32	1%	Total Operating Expenses	52,909	62,814	9,905	16%
\$	(2,697)	\$ (240)	\$ (2,457)	1022%	Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ (12,065)	\$ 1,941	\$ (14,006)	(722%)

**Burbank Water and Power
Electric Fund (496)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets ^{(1) (2)}
MTD and FYTD June 2022 (Preliminary)**

(\$ in 000's)

	MTD Actual FY 21-22	MTD Budget FY 21-22	\$ Variance	% Variance	YTD Actual FY 21-22	YTD Budget FY 21-22	\$ Variance	% Variance
\$	(2,697)	\$ (240)	\$ (2,457)	1022%	\$ (12,065)	\$ 1,941	\$ (14,006)	(722%)
	67	66	1	2%	1,092	795	298	37% (M)
(26)	26	(26)	(52)	(200%) (I)	484	(2,346)	2,830	121% (L)
(279)	(279)	0	0	0%	(3,352)	(3,352)	0	0%
(238)	(187)	(51)	(51)	27%	(1,776)	(4,904)	3,128	(64%)
(2,935)	(427)	(2,508)	(2,508)	587%	(13,841)	(2,963)	(10,878)	367%
(95)	1,215	(1,309)	(1,309)	(108%) (K)	4,679	14,574	(9,895)	(68%) (M)
\$ (3,030)	\$ 787	\$ (3,817)	(485%)		\$ (9,162)	\$ 11,611	\$ (20,774)	(179%)

1. This report may not foot due to rounding.

2. () = Unfavorable.

3. Other Revenues include transmission, telecom and internet revenues as well as other items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees.

4. Other Income/(Expense) includes a one-time payment to CalPERS (for pension), revenues and expenses related to Low Carbon Fuel Standard credits, and miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets, as well as BABS subsidy.

**Burbank Water and Power
Electric Fund (496)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes
MTD June 2022
(\$ in 000's)**

Foot-note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
(a)	Electric Usage in MWh	96,446	93,780	2,666	- NEL is 2.8 higher than budget, which is driven primarily by warmer weather offset by the closing of businesses within Burbank due to the pandemic orders beginning on March 19th, 2020. The average high temperature in Jun was 86.0°F, compared to the 15-year average high temperature of 81.0°F. The average low temperature was 59.7°F, compared to the 15-year average low temperature of 59.0°F. MTD CDD were 243 versus the 15-year average of 163.
(b)	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	12,860	9,524	(3,336)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission. Please refer to page 5 for additional details.
(c)	Administration/Safety	144	128	(15)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of payments for travel & training, offset by savings from vacancies.
(d)	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	144	255	111	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to vacancies and unbudgeted work for others.
(e)	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	496	727	230	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of professional services and vacancies.
(f)	Public Benefits	310	385	75	- The favorable variance is attributable to the timing of professional services, unplanned work for others and vacancies.
(g)	Security/Oper Technology	317	166	(151)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of software/hardware, and unplanned internal work from others.
(h)	Telecom	194	124	(70)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of professional and private contractual services, and departmental supplies.
(i)	Construction & Maintenance	269	202	(66)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of custodial services and higher than planned work from others.
(j)	Other Income/(Expense)	(26)	26	(52)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to higher than planned LCFS (low carbon fuel standards) expenses.
(k)	Capital Contributions (AIC)	(95)	1,215	(1,309)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to an AIC customer deposit reclass and a delay in AIC projects.

**Burbank Water and Power
Electric Fund (496)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes
FYTD June 2022
(\$ in 000's)**

Foot-note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
(A)	Electric Usage in MWh	1,025,706	1,099,384	(73,678)	- NEL is 6.7% lower than budget, which is driven primarily by the closing of businesses within Burbank due to the pandemic orders beginning on March 19th, 2020. The YTD average high temperature was 78.7°F, compared to the 15-year average high temperature of 77.9°F. The YTD average low temperature was 51.6°F, compared to the 15-year average low temperature of 52.5°F. YTD CDD were 1,470 versus the 15-year average of 1,422.
(B)	Other Revenues	5,162	6,796	(1,634)	- Other revenues include transmission, telecom and internet revenues as well as other items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees which tend to fluctuate. The unfavorable variance is also attributable to the moratorium on fees in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.
(C)	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	121,290	109,040	(12,250)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission. Please refer to page 6 for additional details.
(D)	Distribution	8,392	11,757	3,366	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to vacancies, lower than planned private and landscaping contractual services, and higher than planned capital labor, work for other departments and fleet usage to others.
(E)	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	2,037	3,260	1,223	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to vacancies, unbudgeted work for others, and lower than planned software and hardware expense.
(F)	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	5,078	6,961	1,883	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to vacancies, lower than planned professional services, and pending uncollectible expense.
(G)	Public Benefits	1,982	4,591	2,609	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to vacancies, and lower than planned professional and private contractual services.
(H)	Security/Oper Technology	2,399	1,771	(628)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to delays in capital labor and work for others.
(I)	Telecom	1,364	1,537	173	- The favorable variance is attributable to vacancies and more than planned work for others.
(J)	Construction & Maintenance	2,104	2,435	331	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to vacancies and to lower than planned spending on building ground maintenance and repairs.
(K)	Interest Income	1,092	795	298	The favorable variance is attributable to higher cash on hand than planned.
(L)	Other Income/(Expense)	484	(2,346)	2,830	- The favorable variance is primarily attributable to lower than planned LCFS (low carbon fuel standards) expenses.
(M)	Capital Contributions (AIC)	4,679	14,574	(9,895)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to the delay of AIC projects.

June 2022 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund
(\$ in 000's)

	Variance Month-to-Date		
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
<u>MTD NET INCOME/(LOSS): \$(2,935)</u>	\$ -	\$ (2,508)	\$ (2,508)
 <u>MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE</u>			
Retail Sales	39	-	39
Power Supply and Transmission:			
- Higher retail load	-	(61)	(61)
- Lower than planned renewables cost and other	527	-	527
- Higher transmission	-	(76)	(76)
- Higher energy prices	-	(2,379)	(2,379)
- New minimum for IPP and Hydrogen Betterment	-	(1,259)	(1,259)
- Higher O&M excluding Lake Unit repairs	-	(87)	(87)
Other Revenues	9	-	9
Wholesale Margin	798	-	798
Total	<u>\$ 1,374</u>	<u>\$ (3,862)</u>	<u>\$ (2,488)</u>
 <u>MTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES</u>			
Distribution	121	-	121
Administration/Safety	-	(15)	(15)
Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	111	-	111
Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	230	-	230
Public Benefits	75	-	75
Security/Oper Technology	-	(151)	(151)
Telecom	-	(70)	(70)
Construction & Maintenance	-	(66)	(66)
Depreciation expense	-	(206)	(206)
All other	-	(48)	(48)
Total	<u>\$ 537</u>	<u>\$ (557)</u>	<u>\$ (19)</u>

June 2022 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund
(\$ in 000's)

	Variance Fiscal Year-to-Date		
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
<u>FYTD NET INCOME/(LOSS): \$(13,841)</u>	\$ -	(10,878)	\$ (10,878)
<u>FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE</u>			
Retail Sales	-	(11,674)	(11,674)
Power Supply and Transmission			
- Lower retail load	1,695	-	1,695
- Lower than planned renewables cost and other	2,004	-	2,004
- Higher transmission	-	(116)	(116)
- Higher energy prices	-	(10,172)	(10,172)
- New minimum for IPP and Hydrogen Betterment	-	(6,500)	(6,500)
- Lower O&M excluding Lake Unit repairs	2,207	-	2,207
- Lake unit repairs	-	(4,794)	(4,794)
- Retail load management and economic dispatch	2,282	-	2,282
- SCPPA True-up and prior period adjustments	1,144	-	1,144
Other Revenues	-	(1,634)	(1,634)
Wholesale Margin	1,647	-	1,647
Total	\$ 10,979	\$ (34,890)	\$ (23,912)
<u>FYTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES</u>			
Distribution	3,366	-	3,366
Administration/Safety	2	-	2
Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	1,223	-	1,223
Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	1,883	-	1,883
Public Benefits	2,609	-	2,609
Security/Oper Technology	-	(628)	(628)
Telecom	173	-	173
Construction & Maintenance	331	-	331
Depreciation expense	912	-	912
All other	3,163	-	3,163
Total	\$ 13,661	\$ (628)	\$ 13,033

**Burbank Water and Power
Electric Fund (496)
Statement of Cash Balances ^(a)
(\$ in 000's)**

	Jun-22	May-22	Apr-22	Mar-22	Dec-21	Sep-21	Jun-21	Recommended Reserves	Minimum Reserves
Cash and Investments									
General Operating Reserve	\$ 72,239	\$ 74,169	\$ 77,593 ^(b)	\$ 79,152	\$ 78,821	\$ 70,437 ^(c)	\$ 73,156	\$ 52,010	\$ 37,570
Capital & Debt Reduction Fund	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	21,000	5,200
BWP Projects Reserve Deposits at SCPPA ^(d)	3,794	3,793	3,792	3,792	3,771	3,762	3,740		
Sub-Total Cash and Investments	86,033	87,962	91,386	92,944	92,392	84,199	86,896	73,010	42,770
Customer Deposits	(9,939)	(10,105)	(10,232)	(10,297)	(10,762)	(7,870)	(4,245)		
Public Benefits Obligation	(9,315)	(9,314)	(9,146)	(9,065)	(8,883)	(8,584)	(8,128)		
Pacific Northwest DC Interlie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Low Carbon Fuel Standard ^(e)	(3,464)	(3,604)	(3,239)	(3,786)	(2,767)	(2,855)	(2,998)		
IPP Decommission	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)		
Cash and Investments (less Commitments)	<u>61,315</u>	<u>62,940</u>	<u>66,789</u>	<u>67,796</u>	<u>67,980</u>	<u>62,889</u>	<u>69,523</u>	<u>73,010</u>	<u>42,770</u>

^(a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

^(b) Denotes funds reserved related to the sale of Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) credits, net of Electric Vehicle charger infrastructure expenditures.

^(c) Includes a one-time payment to CalPERS (for pension) in the amount of \$2.75M.

^(d) Includes a \$4.4M drawdown to pay SCPPA for June and July power invoices, \$4.6M for August and September power invoices, and \$2.3M for December and January power invoices.

^(e) The \$6.45M loan to the Water Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water was paid back.

**Burbank Water and Power
Water Fund (497)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets ^{(1) (2)}
MTD and FYTD June 2022 (Preliminary)
(\$ in 000's except Gallons)**

	MTD Actual FY 21-22	MTD Budget FY 21-22	\$ Variance	% Variance		YTD Actual FY 21-22	YTD Budget FY 21-22	\$ Variance	% Variance
	460	470	(10)	(2%)	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	5,171	5,161	10	0% (A)
	77	102	(25)	(25%) (a)	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	962	968	(6)	(1%)
					Operating Revenues				
\$	2,513	\$ 2,550	\$ (37)	(1%)	Potable Water	\$ 27,927	\$ 28,816	\$ (888)	(3%)
	328	426	(98)	(23%) (b)	Recycled Water	4,035	3,966	70	2%
	105	120	(16)	(13%)	Other Revenue (c)	1,599	1,445	154	11%
	2,946	3,096	(150)	(5%)	Total Operating Revenues	33,562	34,226	(665)	(2%)
	1,153	1,184	30	3%	Water Supply Expense	12,750	13,030	281	2% (B)
	1,793	1,913	(120)	(6%)	Gross Margin	20,812	21,196	(384)	(2%)
					Operating Expenses				
	1,012	549	(463)	(84%) (c)	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	8,454	9,125	671	7% (C)
	154	141	(13)	(9%)	Operations & Maintenance - Recycled	1,625	1,687	62	4%
	259	229	(30)	(13%) (d)	Operations & Maintenance - Shared Services	2,300	2,758	458	17% (D)
	143	144	0	0%	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	1,720	1,722	2	0%
	423	373	(51)	(14%)	Depreciation	4,108	4,472	364	8%
	1,991	1,434	(557)	(39%)	Total Operating Expenses	18,207	19,764	1,557	8%
	(198)	478	(677)	(141%)	Operating Income/(Loss)	2,605	1,432	1,173	82%
					Other Income/(Expenses)				
	11	11	0	0%	Interest Income	169	128	41	32% (E)
	73	49	24	49% (e)	Other Income/(Expense) (4)	267	56	210	372% (F)
	(163)	(268)	105	(39%)	Bond Interest/(Expense)	(2,307)	(2,496)	190	(8%)
	(80)	(209)	129	(62%)	Total Other Income/(Expenses)	(1,871)	(2,312)	441	(19%)
	(278)	270	(548)	(203%)	Net Income/(Loss)	734	(880)	1,614	(183%)
	0	33	(33)	(101%) (f)	Capital Contributions (A/C)	(615)	392	(1,007)	(257%) (G)
\$	(278)	\$ 303	\$ (581)	(192%)	Net Change in Net Assets	\$ 119	\$ (488)	\$ 607	(124%)

1. This report may not foot due to rounding.

2. () = Unfavorable

3. Other Revenue includes items such as fire protection services, damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees.

4. Other Income/(Expense) includes a one-time payment to CalPERS (for pension) and miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets.

**Burbank Water and Power
Water Fund (497)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes
MTD June 2022
(\$ in 000's except Gallons)**

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
(a)	Recycled Water Usage in Millions of Gallons	77	102	(25)	- Potable water demand was lower than budget. Burbank received 0.01 inches of rainfall in Jun as compared to the monthly normal of 0.09 inches. The average high temperature in Jun was 86.0°F, compared to the 15-year average high temperature of 81.0°F. The average low temperature was 59.7°F, compared to the 15-year average low temperature of 59.0°F. MTD CDD were 243 versus the 15-year average of 163.
(b)	Recycled Water Revenue	328	426	(98)	- The Recycled Water revenue is lower due to a planned shutdown of MPP for three days.
(c)	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	1,012	549	(463)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of professional services, auto and general equipment maintenance & repair, and a pending overhead recovery credit from Recycled Water.
(d)	Operations & Maintenance - Shared Services	259	229	(30)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to higher than planned shared expenses (Customer Service, Finance and Administration) from the Electric Fund.
(e)	Other Income/(Expense)	73	49	24	- Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets, which tend to fluctuate. The favorable variance is primarily attributable to proceeds from an unplanned MWD grant.
(f)	Capital Contributions (AIC)	0	33	(33)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to the delay of AIC projects.

**Burbank Water and Power
Water Fund (497)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes
FYTD June 2022
(\$ in 000's except Gallons)**

Foot-note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
(A)	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	5,171	5,161	10	- Potable water demand was on budget. FYTD Burbank received 9.96 inches of rainfall compared to the FYTD normal of 13.91 inches. Summer (Jul-Sep) actual average high temperature was 87.9°F, compared to the 15-year average high temperature of 87.7°F. Summer (Jul-Sep) CDD were 918 versus the 15-year average of 944.
(B)	Water Supply Expense	12,750	13,030	281	The favorable variance is a result of using more Valley/BOU water than planned which is less costly than imported MWD water.
(C)	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	8,454	9,125	671	The favorable variance is attributable primarily to vacancies and lower than planned professional and private/landscape services.
(D)	Operations & Maintenance - Shared Services	2,300	2,758	458	- The favorable variance is attributable to lower than planned shared expenses (Customer Service, Finance and Administration) from the Electric Fund.
(E)	Interest Income	169	128	41	The favorable variance is attributable to higher cash on hand than planned.
(F)	Other Income/(Expense)	267	56	210	Other Income/(Expense) include miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets, which tend to fluctuate. The favorable variance is primarily attributable to higher than planned BABs subsidy payments.
(G)	Capital Contributions (AIC)	(615)	392	(1,007)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to the delay of AIC projects.

June 2022 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund
(\$ in 000's)

	Variance Month-to-Date		
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
<u>MTD NET INCOME (LOSS): \$(278)</u>	\$ -	\$ (548)	\$ (548)
<u>MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE</u>			
Potable Revenues	-	(37)	(37)
Recycled Revenues	-	(98)	(98)
Other Revenue	-	(16)	(16)
Water Supply Expense	30	-	30
Total	30	\$ (150)	\$ (120)
<u>FYTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES</u>			
Potable O&M	-	(463)	(463)
Recycled Water O&M	-	(13)	(13)
Allocated O&M	-	(30)	(30)
Depreciation Expense	-	(51)	(51)
All Other	129	-	129
Total	\$ 129	\$ (557)	\$ (428)

June 2022 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund
(\$ in 000's)

	Variance Fiscal Year-to-Date		
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
<u>FYTD NET INCOME: \$734</u>	\$ 1,614	\$ -	\$ 1,614
 <u>FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE</u>			
Potable Revenues	-	(888)	(888)
Recycled Revenues	70	-	70
Other Revenue	154	-	154
Water Supply Expense	281	-	281
Total	\$ 504	\$ (888)	\$ (384)
 <u>FYTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES</u>			
Potable O&M	671	-	671
Recycled Water O&M	62	-	62
Allocated O&M	458	-	458
Depreciation Expense	364	-	364
All Other	443	-	443
Total	\$ 1,998	\$ -	\$ 1,998

Water Fund (497)
Statement of Changes in Cash and Investment Balances ^(a)
(\$ in 000's)

	Jun-22	May-22	Apr-22	Mar-22	Dec-21	Sep-21	Jun-21	Recommended Reserves	Minimum Reserves
Cash and Investments									
General Operating Reserves	\$ 12,759	\$ 12,379	\$ 11,199 ^(c)	\$ 12,544	\$ 11,294	\$ 14,287 ^(b)	\$ 12,181	\$ 12,630	\$ 8,070
Capital Reserve Fund	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	5,200	1,300
Sub-Total Cash and Investments	14,979	14,599	13,419	14,764	13,514	16,507	14,401	17,830	9,370
Customer Deposits	(1,052)	(1,050)	(1,053)	(1,013)	(1,002)	(1,021)	(1,125)		
Cash and Investments (less commitments)	\$ 13,927	\$ 13,549	\$ 12,366	\$ 13,751	\$ 12,512	\$ 15,487	\$ 13,276	\$ 17,830	\$ 9,370

(a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

(b) Includes a one-time payment to CalPERS (for pension) in the amount of \$440k.

(c) The \$6.45M loan from the Electric Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water was paid back.