

Weekly Management Report August 2, 2019

1. Synopsis Landlord-Tenant Commission Meeting

July 1, 2019

Community Development Department

2. Minutes Burbank Water and Power Board

Meeting of June 20, 2019 **Burbank Water and Power**

3. Report June 2019 Operating Results

Burbank Water and Power

4. Update BurbankBus Senior and Disabled Phone Line Status

Community Development Department

5. Report May 2019 Operating Results

Burbank Water and Power

6. Minutes Civil Service Board

Meeting of July 3, 2019

Management Services Department

OLLA BY PRESENT CELLS.

memorandum

19 JUL 29 A10:31

DATE:

July 15, 2019

TO:

Justin Hess, Acting City Manager

FROM:

Patrick Prescott, Community Development Director

VIA: Simone McFarland, Assistant Community Development Director

SUBJECT: Landlord-Tenant Commission Meeting – July 1, 2019

- Ten members of the public attended the meeting. Three of the ten people completed a Tenant Information Form for assistance in various areas related to: securing rental deposits with proper notices, notices to vacate, and handling mold and water leak issues.
 - The Commission provided tenants that submitted forms with resources including: Commission Subcommittee involvement, Housing Rights Center information, and handed out Landlord-Tenant Handbooks.
- The Commission approved the draft minutes of June 3, 2019.
- Housing Authority staff gave an overview presentation on the Section 8 program pertaining to eligibility, income limits, payment standards, preferences, and inspections.
- The Commission Subcommittee selected Commissioner Jacobs to take on a case regarding a 60-day Notice to Quit. She will report the outcome at the next meeting.
- The Commission agreed to agendize Section 8 Landlord Incentives discussion for the next upcoming meeting. Staff asked the Commission to research and keep in mind funding sources during their discussions.
- The meeting was adjourned at 8:08 pm.

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BURBANK WATER AND POWER BOARD MINUTES OF MEETING JUNE 20, 2019

Mr. Eskandar called the regular meeting of the Burbank Water and Power Board to order at 5:12 p.m. in the BWP Auditorium of the BWP Administration Building, 164 W. Magnolia Boulevard, Burbank, California.

Mr. Eskandar called for the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.

ROLL CALL

Board Present:

Mr. Eskandar, Mr. Smith, Mr. Brody, Mr. Ford, Mr. Herman, Ms. LaCamera,

Mr. Panahon

Board Absent:

None

Staff Present:

Mr. Somoano, General Manager, BWP; Mr. Chwang, Senior Assistant City Attorney; Mr. Liu, Chief Financial Officer; Mr. Bleveans, Assistant General Manager, Power Supply; Mr. Compton, Assistant General Manager, Mr.

Tunnicliff, Assistant General Manager Customer Service and Marketing; Chief Technology Officer; Mr. Wilson, Assistant General Manager; Mr. Umphenour, Water Quality Analyst; Mr. Hernandez, Manager Transmission and Distribution Engineering; Mr. Sleiman, Principal Electrical Engineer; Mr. Clark, Electrical Engineer; Mr. Arraj, Electrical Engineering Associate; Mr. Kidd, Electrical Engineering Associate; Mr. Hammond, Manager ECC; Ms. Haagenson, Power Resources Manager; Mr. Flores, Marketing Manager; Ms. Soloyan, Marketing Associate; Ms. Neiswonger, Graphics Media Designer; Ms. Titus, Legislative

Analyst; Ms. Kramer, Recording Secretary

INTRODUCTION OF ADDITIONAL AGENDA ITEMS

None requested.

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Mr. Goldstein addressed the Board. He has some concerns regarding the repowering of IPP. He salutes BWP for its efforts to find sustainable solutions. Mr. Goldstein addressed the Board with a series of questions:

1. The top three portfolios in BWP's IRP did not include participating in the repowering of IPP. What is the reason for the change in direction now?

- 2. Three of the five preferred portfolios in BWP's IRP included compressed air energy storage rather than any repowering of a gas plant. Has compressed air energy storage been discarded or is it a real option?
- 3. Will this investment in IPP leave us with a major stranded asset for the next 50 years?
- 4. How does the repowering of a natural gas plant in place of a compressed air energy storage facility help Burbank reach its goal of 100% renewable by 2040?
- 5. Why is Burbank contractually bound to the natural gas power plant in order to get access to the transmission lines when FERC states that a transmission utility must offer open, nondiscriminatory transmission service to customers?

Ms. Kirschenbaum addressed the Board. She supports Mr. Goldstein's comments, emphasizing that the top three portfolios in BWP's IRP did not involve investing in the repowering of IPP, and that our participation in IPP secures access to transmission when there should be interstate open access transmission.

Mr. Paulin addressed the Board. He commented that investing in a 50 year contract with a natural gas plant seems like a big commitment which has the potential to keep us from participating in other innovative technologies. Mr. Paulin also commented that we have the existing Magnolia Power Plant, and questioned why we can't just rely on that?

Ms. Robb addressed the Board. Ms. Robb is a member of the Sustainable Burbank Commission. Mr. Bleveans visited the Sustainable Burbank Commission last year and presented information regarding BWP's IRP. Ms. Robb commented that the Sustainable Burbank Commission was in alignment about not participating in the repowering of IPP. Ms. Robb looks forward to learning about why this option is now proposed.

BOARD AND STAFF RESPONSE TO ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Mr. Eskandar thanked Mr. Goldstein, Ms. Kirschenbaum, Mr. Paulin, and Ms. Robb for their comments. Mr. Somoano advised that all of the questions and comments from the public speakers will be addressed during Mr. Bleveans presentation.

CONSENT CALENDAR

MINUTES

It was moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Brody and carried 4-0 to approve the meeting minutes of the regular meeting of May 2, 2019. Mr. Eskandar, Mr. Ford, and Mr. Herman abstained from the vote as they were not present at the May 2, 2019 meeting.

PRESENTATIONS

UPDATE ON BWP ENERGY AND WATER EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS

Mr. Flores presented an update on BWP's energy and water efficiency programs and results for FY 17-18. BWP's FY 17-18 portfolio savings results demonstrate BWP's ongoing commitment to resource efficiency. Mr. Flores and Mr. Somoano responded to Board Member questions and comments.

INFORMATION FROM STAFF

WATER SUPPLY UPDATE – WATER QUALITY REPORT

Mr. Wilson introduced Mr. Umphenour, BWP's Water Quality Analyst. Mr. Umphenour described his responsibilities at BWP and BWP's operations related to water quality, sampling, and testing. Mr. Umphenour works with multiple agencies and various staff to ensure that BWP's water meets or exceeds state standards. Mr. Umphenour is also the lead in creating BWP's Annual Water Quality Report in Currents and works continuously to help educate Burbank resident on their water. Mr. Umphenour responded to Board Member questions.

Mr. Wilson also provided the Board with a brief update on the status of the Beachwood Pump Station. Mr. Wilson will continue to update the Board as progress is ongoing.

LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

Ms. Titus provided a brief update on federal and state legislation. Ms. Titus distributed a handout to the Board and highlighted a few key bills related to water, wildfires, and transportation electrification.

POWER SUPPLY UPDATE - NATURAL GAS UPDATE

Mr. Hammond presented an update on summer electric reliability, with particular emphasis on natural gas supply to Magnolia Power Plant (MPP) and Lake One. In this connection, Mr. Hammond noted that, in addition to serving BWP and the other MPP participants, MPP plays a critical role in meeting the summer reliability criteria for the LADWP Balancing Authority, of which BWP is a member. Mr. Hammond also discussed the potential risks that wildfires pose to utilities. Mr. Hammond and Mr. Somoano responded to Board Member questions.

REPORTS TO THE BOARD

BWP OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL REPORTS

Mr. Liu presented BWP's financial update and operating report for the month of April 2019.

Mr. Liu, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Hernandez and Mr. Somoano responded to Board Member questions.

This was an information item only. No action was taken.

AWARD OF CONTRACT FOR STREETLIGHT UNDERGROUND CONDUIT SYSTEM & RELATED SUBSTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS CITYWIDE – BID SCHEDULE NO. 1474 TO VCI UTILITY SERVICES, LLC DBA VANTAGE UTILITY SERVICES

Mr. Arraj presented a bid summary for Bid Schedule 1474, which included the installation of various streetlight conduit systems, pull boxes, foundations, equipment pads, and pole risers.

Mr. Arraj and Mr. Somoano responded to Board Member questions.

It was moved by Mr. Herman, seconded by Ms. LaCamera and carried 7-0 that the BWP Board approve the award of the Streetlight Underground Conduit System and Related Substructure Improvements Citywide – Bid Schedule No. 1474 to Vantage Utility Services.

CHANGE ORDER TO CONTRACT WITH VCI UTILITY SERVICES, LLC DBA VANTAGE UTILITY SERVICES (BID SCHEDULE NO. 1464)

Mr. Clark presented a request for a change order to the existing contract with Vantage Utility Services under Bid Schedule No. 1464. This change order will allow BWP to complete underground electrical work that will be needed to provide electrical service to two large customer developments.

Mr. Clark responded to Board Member questions.

It was moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Herman and carried 7-0 that the BWP Board approve and authorize the General Manager to execute a change order to the existing contract with Vantage, under Bid Schedule No. 1464, to increase the contract amount to \$1,850,000 for the current contract year.

TRANSPORTATION ELECTRIFICATION PLAN

Mr. Kidd presented an update on BWP's transportation electrification plan. BWP is working with Mr. Duteil, a consultant with Corepoint, to develop and promote transportation electrification throughout Burbank.

Mr. Kidd, Mr. Duteil, Mr. Flores, and Mr. Somoano responded to Board Member questions.

The Board discussed the plan and provided feedback for staff as they continue to develop the plan. The Board decided not to vote on this item as they found it to be more informational rather than operational.

The Chair called for a brief recess at 7:50 pm.

The Chair called the meeting back to order at 8:05 pm.

BWP'S PARTICIPATION IN THE RENEWAL OF THE INTERMOUNTAIN POWER PROJECT (IPP)

Mr. Bleveans presented options for BWP's participation in the repowering of Intermountain Power Project (IPP). Burbank's option to terminate or commit to the gas repowering must be decided, and communicated, to the Intermountain Power Agency in writing by August 3, 2019. BWP recommends reducing BWP's participation in the repowering of IPP from 35 megawatts to 28 megawatts, which would be a 20% reduction. Mr. Bleveans discussed the transmission implications of these options and their projected impact on planning for reliable, affordable, and sustainable electric service for Burbank over the long-term.

Mr. Bleveans, Mr. Somoano, and Mr. Chwang responded to Board Member questions and comments.

It was moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Herman and carried 7-0 that the Burbank Water and Power (BWP) Board make a recommendation to City Council to 1) authorize and direct the BWP General Manager to reduce Burbank's participation in the renewal of the Intermountain Power Project from 35 megawatts (MW) to 28 MW (a 20% reduction) and 2) recommend that the City Council approve and authorize the BWP General Manager to execute each of the Entitlement Assignment Agreement (Southern Transmission System) and the Entitlement Assignment Agreement (Northern Transmission System) together with all ancillary documents necessary to effectuate the foregoing.

COMMENTS AND REQUESTS FROM BOARD MEMBERS

Mr. Brody thanked Jorge and staff for all the hard work they put into the various reports that are brought before the Board. He can tell that staff puts a lot of effort into making the material clear and concise for the Board. Any feedback he provides is in an effort to further assist staff and to help them succeed.

Mr. Ford commented on the growing public concern about moving toward renewable, greenhouse gas (GHG) free emissions, however, there are some nonrenewables that are greenhouse gas free. He wondered if there is a mechanism that BWP's energy traders can utilize that considers the type of energy that is available to reduce GHG emissions. Mr. Somoano responded that BWP currently does this.

Mr. Herman commented that the Board Members, as individuals, were all recently invited to participate by the Community Development Department to provide feedback for the Complete Our Streets transportation plan. Mr. Herman provided comments on transportation electrification, and hopes that BWP will communicate with other departments as we continue to develop this plan.

Mr. Smith brought up the Beachwood Pumping Station failure and his concern that there should be some type of incident report or communication plan developed as a result of this incident. Mistakes happen, however, we can learn from these mistakes and develop recommendations to mitigate future risk.

Ms. LaCamera commented that tonight's presentation regarding IPP was very valuable, and helped her understand the material better. As a public utility we must be concerned with sustainability and costs, however, reliability is also a key priority. Ms. LaCamera also mentioned that there might be an upcoming opportunity for a water trip through Metropolitan Water District which Board Members may be interested in.

Mr. Panahon commented that tonight's meeting was well paced by both staff and Board Members. The presentations tonight were a great example of how hard the staff works to prepare and to help the Board understand such complex issues.

Mr. Eskandar echoed Mr. Panahon's comments about the dedication of BWP staff, and also to his fellow Board Members for being well-prepared. This allowed for a beneficial discussion and kept the meeting even paced. Great job all around! Mr. Eskandar stated that the Board will be dark and will not be meeting in July.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 10:00 pm. The next scheduled Board meeting is August 1, 2019 and will be held in the third floor Boardroom at Burbank Water and Power.

Lyndsey Kramer	Jorge Somoano
Recording Secretary	Secretary to the Board
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CITY OF BURBANK BURBANK WATER AND POWER STAFF REPORT

DATE:

August 1, 2019

TO:

BWP Board

FROM:

Jorge Somoano, General Manager, BWP

SUBJECT:

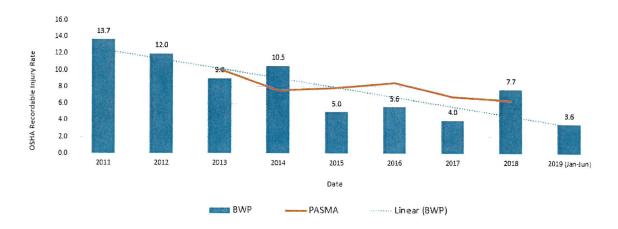
June 2019 Operating Results

*Please note that changes from last month's report are in BOLD

SAFETY

For the month of June, BWP experienced one OSHA recordable injury. BWP's OSHA recordable rate increased to 3.6 as compared to 3.2 for the end of May.

BWP TOTAL RECORDABLE INJURY RATE (TRIR) vs PASMA TRIR



OSHA Recordable Injury Rate = No. of recordable cases per 100 full time employees. PASMA - Public Agency Safety Management Association (Utilities only Data) 2019 Data = 12 month rolling average

Water Financial Results

For the month of June, Potable water usage was 3% (15 million gallons) lower than budgeted and Potable Water Revenues were \$156,000 higher than budgeted. Recycled Water Revenues were \$40,000 lower than budgeted. June Water Supply Expenses were \$73,000 higher than budgeted due to higher use of treated MWD water than planned. June's Gross Margin was \$73,000 higher than budgeted. Net Income was \$498,000, which was \$73,000 higher than budgeted.

June fiscal-year-to-date (FYTD) Potable water usage was 1% (70 million gallons) lower than budgeted. FYTD June Potable Water Revenues were \$41,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Recycled usage was 7% (70 million gallons) lower than budgeted and Recycled Water Revenues were \$340,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Water Supply Expenses were \$397,000 higher than budgeted. The FYTD June Gross Margin was \$773,000 lower than budgeted. Operating Expenses were \$921,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was \$1,754,000, which was \$256,000 higher than budgeted.

Electric Financial Results

For the month of June, electric loads were 8% lower than budgeted due to conservation. Retail Sales were \$1,591,000 lower than budgeted. June Power Supply Expenses were \$636,000 lower than budgeted primarily due to economic dispatch, the managing and optimizing of resources to meet system load, lower retail load, and lower transmission expenses than planned. June's wholesale margin was \$93,000 lower than budgeted. June's Gross Margin was \$1,048,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was a loss of \$1,400,000 which was \$1,048,000 lower than budgeted.

FYTD June electric loads were 4% lower than budgeted due to conservation. Retail Sales were \$6,146,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Power Supply Expenses were \$5,151,000 lower than budgeted primarily due to prior period true up credits, lower retail load, and lower than planned O&M expenses. FYTD Wholesale Margin was \$259,000 higher than budgeted. FYTD Gross Margin was \$1,324,000 lower than budgeted. June FYTD Operating Expenses were \$4,617,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was \$8,991,000 which was \$3,403,000 higher than budgeted.

WATER DIVISION

State Water Project Update

On June 20, 2019, the Department of Water Resources (DWR) increased the State Water Project (SWP) Allocation Table A amounts from 70% to 75%. This is the final allocation for the calendar year. The 2019 allocation of 75% amounts to 3,145,105 acre-feet of water. Reservoir storage, snowpack, precipitation, and releases to meet local deliveries are among several factors used in determining allocations. Even in wet years, a 100% allocation is rare due to Delta pumping restrictions to protect threatened and endangered fish species. The last time the Project was able to allocate 100% was 2006.

Burbank's Water Use

The table below shows water use in Burbank during June 2019 compared to June 2018 measured in gallons per capita per day (gpcd). Also shown is a comparison of Burbank's average water use through the end of June 2018 and 2019 on a fiscal year basis (i.e., July 1 through June 30).

	Average Monthly Use	Average Monthly Use Fiscal Year Basis	2020 Goal
June 2018	137 gpcd	131 gpcd	157 gpcd
June 2019	128 gpcd	125 gpcd	157 gpcd

Burbank Operating Unit (BOU) Water Production

The table below provides the operational data for the BOU for the rolling quarter of April through June. The contract operator performed weekly and monthly sampling for the treatment plant and wells.

	Capacity Factor	Average Flow Rate (FY Total)
April-19	59.78%	5380 gpm
May-19	71.8%	6462 gpm
June-19	66.76%	6008 gpm

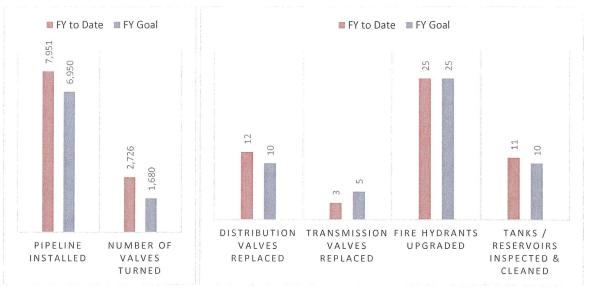
Project Updates

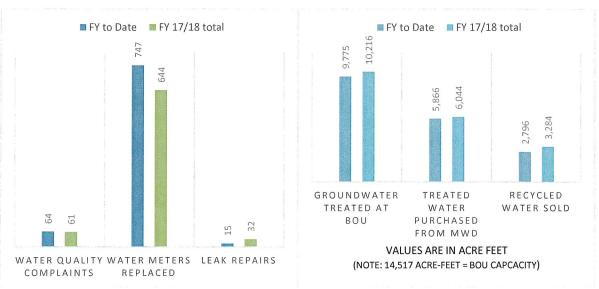
Due to the bountiful 2019 water year, MWD added excess water supply to its storage facilities. The available water exceeded MWD's capacity to place water into its storage facilities so MWD authorized use from the previously created Cyclic Storage Program to allow Member Agencies to store water in their groundwater basins and then pay for the water later.

Burbank agreed to spread up to 14,000 acre-feet of Cyclic Storage Water by the end of this calendar year. BWP spread about 2,490 acre-feet of water in the month of June. At our current spreading rate, BWP will spread 7,000 acre-feet by mid to late August. Most of the spreading occurs at the Pacoima Spreading Grounds (35 cubic feet per second) and the remainder at the Lopez Spreading Grounds (10 cubic feet per second).

Key Performance Indicators

The graphs below illustrate the progress the Water Division has made on key performance measures.





Fire hydrant flushing/maintenance program

Burbank has approximately 1,835 fire hydrants throughout the city; these hydrants are on a yearly maintenance program. During this maintenance

program, each hydrant and auxiliary valve go through our inspection and operation procedures to ensure proper operation when needed.



ELECTRIC RELIABILITY

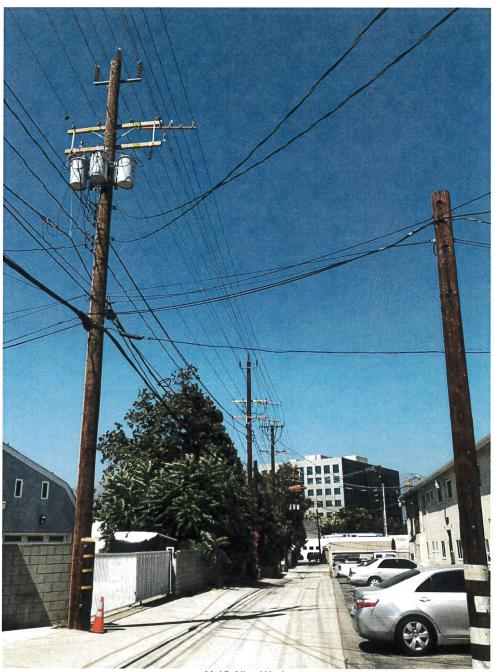
In June 2019, BWP did not experience any sustained feeder outages. In the past twelve (12) months, automatic reclosing has reduced customer outage time by approximately 1,451,689 customer minutes.

Reliability Measurement	July 2017- June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019
Average Outages Per Year (SAIFI)	0.3310	0.4164
Average Outage Duration (CAIDI)	34.14 minutes	37.78 minutes
Average Service Availability	99.998%	99.997%
Average Momentary Outages Per Year (MAIFI)	0.2374	0.3467
No. of Sustained Feeder Outages	10	13
No. of Sustained Outages by Mylar Balloons	3	1
No. of Sustained Outages by Animals	1	0
No. of Sustained Outages by Palm Fronds	0	3

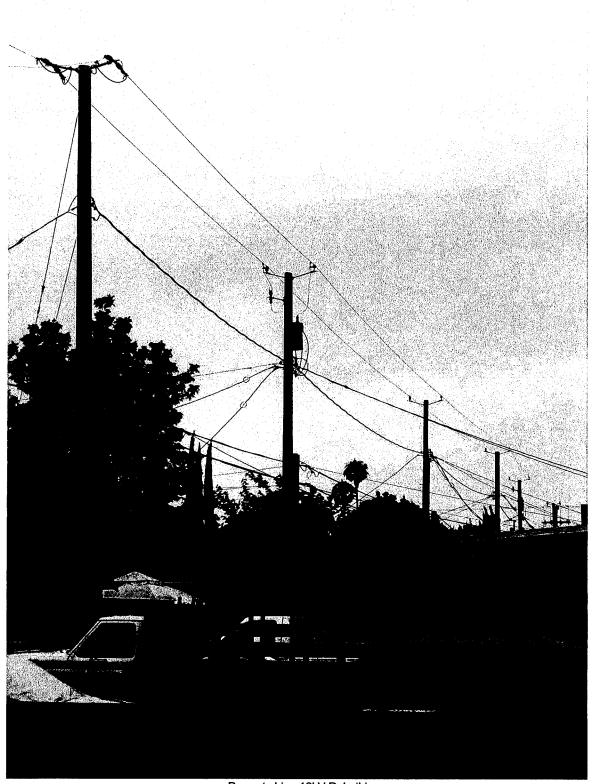
PROJECT UPDATES

Naomi-15 4-12kV Conversion

Remaining alley work consisting of transfer of facilities on two poles east of Frederic St and removal of 4kV conductors will be complete by end of July 2019. All property line work is complete. Conversion of N-15 into 12kV will be complete by mid-August 2019.



N-15 Alley Work



Property Line 12kV Rebuild

Transformer Gas Monitor Installation at Winona Substation

Monitoring the gas content of a transformer's oil helps BWP to understand the condition of electrical windings inside the transformer. Transformer oil provides

electrical insulation and helps remove heat from the electrical windings inside the transformer. Engineers and maintenance personnel can use the gas readings to evaluate the condition of the insulation and flag potentially harmful trends for deeper analysis.

New transformer gas monitors were recently installed at Winona Substation to help monitor the gas in the oil. The new monitors transmit transformer gas levels and alarms to the Energy Control Center. System Operators will use the gas alarms to quickly identify abnormal operating conditions. Once detected, engineering and maintenance personnel can perform more detailed inspection and analysis of a transformer in order to assess its overall condition.

Winona Substation is the fifth distribution substation to be retrofitted with transformer gas monitors. Over the next four fiscal years (FY 2019-2020 through FY 2022-2023), BWP plans to install transformer gas monitors at five additional distribution substations, two switching stations, and BWP's two substation transformers at LADWP's Receiving Station E. After these future installations are complete, BWP will have transformer gas monitors on each of its substation transformers.



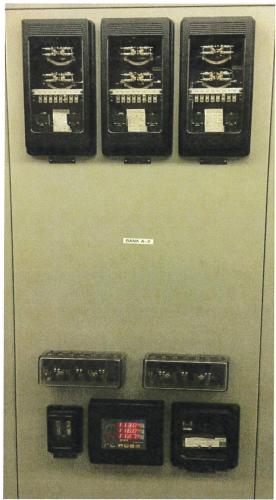
Winona Transformer Bank A-3 Gas Monitor

Transformer Relay Replacement at Valley Substation

BWP has been replacing its older substation transformer relays with modern microprocessor-based relays. The new microprocessor-based relays improve safety and reliability through relay self-diagnosis and alarms. In addition, the new relays provide additional equipment protection, improved telemetry, relay event

reports, and early event notifications via TEAM software which will aid in troubleshooting system events.

BWP's Electrical Equipment Section installed, tested, and commissioned the new relays for Lincoln A-1 & A2 banks in June 2019. Pictures can be seen below.



Before Installation (Old Relays)



After Installation (New Relays)

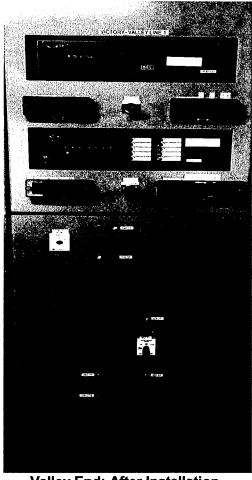
<u>Victory-Valley Sub-transmission Line #1 Relay Upgrade</u>

Transmission Line Relays operate circuit breakers to isolate the line from faults such as short circuits. BWP has been replacing its older electromechanical relays with microprocessor relays which have similar benefits to those stated in the previous section for the Transformer Relay Replacement at Valley Substation.

BWP's Electrical Equipment Section installed, tested, and commissioned the new relays in June 2019. Pictures can be seen below.



Valley End: Before Installation



Valley End: After Installation

STREET LIGHTING

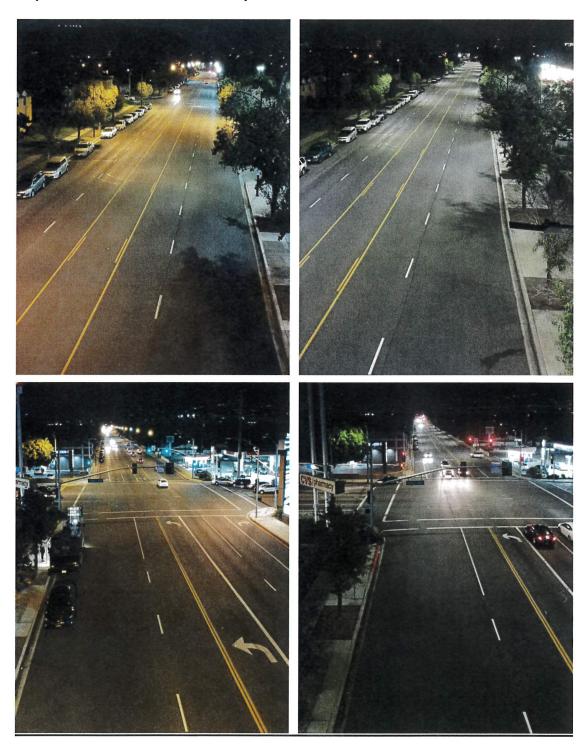
LED Replacement Program

In accordance with the Street Lighting Master Plan, BWP is replacing high-pressure sodium (HPS) streetlight luminaires with light-emitting diode (LED) luminaires. Replacement is carried out on a maintenance basis, and LEDs are installed daily as the HPS luminaires burn out. The LED replacements consume approximately 60% less energy. To date, 56.58% of the total streetlight luminaires have been converted to LEDs, which translates to an annualized energy savings of 2,925MWh or a 31.56% reduction in energy consumption. LED conversions have also reduced evening load by 668kW, which shortens the "neck of the duck curve" and reduces the amount of energy generation that BWP needs.

SERIES CONVERSIONS

In June, BWP crews completed the conversion of two series 2,400V streetlight circuits to multiple 120V circuits on Buena Vista between Burbank Boulevard and

Vanowen Street. A total of 55 HPS lights were replaced with LED lights. These images below highlight the reduction in glare and uplight, as well as the greatly improved color rendition LEDs provide.



CUSTOMER SERVICE

Online Account Manager

The month of June brought the total number of subscribers of the Online Account Manager (OAM) closer to the 30k mark. Adoption of the OAM continues to be over 50% of all active accounts. Of all registered accounts, over 90% are paperless customers helping BWP reduce costs and reduce carbon emissions. BWP will continue its efforts to drive customers to the OAM, paperless, and auto pay. These initiatives will continue to drive down costs. BWP's second milestone is to have 80% of all active accounts registered on the OAM by 2021.

Call volume levels are now returning to normal. Through customer feedback, BWP is looking for ways to make improvements that will be part of the next phase of the OAM project including usage data, a mobile app (iOS, Android), and other features to improve the customer experience.

Below is the chart outlining activity for the Online Account Manager:

	Mar-19	Apr-19	May-19	Jun-19	Total	% of Total*
Registered Accounts	18,498	6,317	3,052	1,742	29,609	57%
Paperless	17,047	5,704	3,045	1,729	27,525	53%
Autopay	2,354	2,376	1,170	985	12,543	24%

^{*} Percent as compared to all active BWP accounts.

Below is the chart outlining call volume since the launch of the Online Account Manager:

	Mar-19	Apr-19	May-19	Jun-19	%Inc/Dec
Call Volume	7,227	5,740	6,310	4,681	-35%

Call Types	% of Calls
Balance Request	40%
Account/PIN #	13%
Payment Extension	10%
Credit Line	9%
Other	27%

Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Program

45 public EV charging stations are in service, including 2 DC Fast Chargers and 18 curbside stations. As of November 1, 2018, Time of Use (TOU) pricing for public EV charging is 17.36 cents per kilowatt-hour (kWh) for Level 1 and Level 2 charging during all hours. For the DC Fast Chargers, the charging rate is 28.17 cents per kWh. Staff continues to monitor usage and maintenance issues.

Month of usage	Usage in kWh	Gross Revenue	GHG reduced in kg	kWh/ Station/ Day	% Peak Sessions	Parking Occupancy	Charging Occupancy
Jun 2019	24,374	\$4,303	10,237	18.9	21%	26%	23%
May 2019	25,756	\$4,783	10,818	19.3	21%	26%	22%
April 2019	26,501	\$4,981	11,131	20.5	21%	25%	20%
Mar 2019	24,810	\$4,507	10,420	18	20%	21%	17%
Feb 2019 ⁵	20,127	\$3,277	8,453	17	23%	21%	17%
Jan 2019	20,706	\$3,511	8,696	16	22%	22%	18%
Dec 2018	22,889	\$3,991	9,613	18	21%	24%	19%
Nov 2018 ⁴	22,145	\$3,879	9,301	18	20%	25%	20%
Oct 2018 ³	23,141	\$3,957	9,719	18	20%	24%	21%
Sep 2018 ³	18,592	\$3,665	7,809	17	18%	23%	20%
Aug 2018	18,613	\$3,757	7,818	23	21%	27%	23%
July 2018	19,352	\$3,909	8,128	23	19%	28%	24%
Jun 2018 ¹	18,561	\$3,697	7,796	22	20%	29%	24%
May 2018	20,512	\$3,695	8,615	24	19%	32%	27%
Apr 2018	20,643	\$3,729	8,670	25	20%	30%	25%
Mar 2018	19,414	\$3,459	8,154	22	21%	26%	22%
Feb 2018	19,884	\$3,666	8,351	25	21%	30%	25%
Jan 2018	24,790	\$4,927	10,412	29	21%	30%	24%
Dec 2017	24,402	\$4,757	10,249	28	21%	30%	24%
Nov 2017 ²	21,410	\$3,996	8,992	26	21%	29%	24%
Oct 2017	23,000	\$4,828	9,660	27	20%	32%	27%
Sep 2017	20,755	\$4,307	8,717	25	20%	31%	25%
Aug 2017	22,207	\$4,669	9,327	26	23%	31%	26%
Jul 2017	22,981	\$4,845	9,652	27	22%	30%	25%

¹ The higher \$/kWh reflects the start of summer peak pricing for public EV charging.

² The lower \$/kWh reflects the end of summer peak pricing for public EV charging.

³ Includes 16 new public Level 2 chargers installed mid-September.

⁴ Includes the new DC Fast Charger and the removal of 2 chargers due to the Burbank Town Center project.

⁵ Includes 4 new Ontario Substation curbside chargers installed mid-February.

Rooftop Solar

The table below tracks the total number and capacity of installed customer owned rooftop solar photovoltaic systems in Burbank.

Month	Number of Solar Systems Installed This Month	Number of Solar Systems Installed FYTD	Total Solar Systems in Burbank	Total Solar Kilowatts
June 2019	12	100	799	7,962
May 2019	10	88	787	7,889
April 2019	8	78	777	7,833
March 2019	11	70	769	7,788
February 2019	5	59	758	7,707
January 2019	15	54	753	7,677
December 2018	10	39	738	7,530
November 2018	6	29	728	7,375
October 2018	9	23	722	7,351
September 2018	5	14	713	7,289
August 2018	5	9	708	7,256
July 2018*	4	4	703	7,227
June 2018	8	99	699	7,112
May 2018	5	91	690	6,946
April 2018	9	86	685	6,911
March 2018	7	77	676	6,868
February 2018	5	70	669	6,832
January 2018	4	65	664	6,808
December 2017	9	61	660	6,777
November 2017	11	52	651	6,713
October 2017	13	41	640	6,630
September 2017	8	28	627	6,446
August 2017	15	20	619	6,405
July 2017*	5	5	604	6,302

^{*} Start of new fiscal year.

TECHNOLOGY

Broadband Services (ONE Burbank)

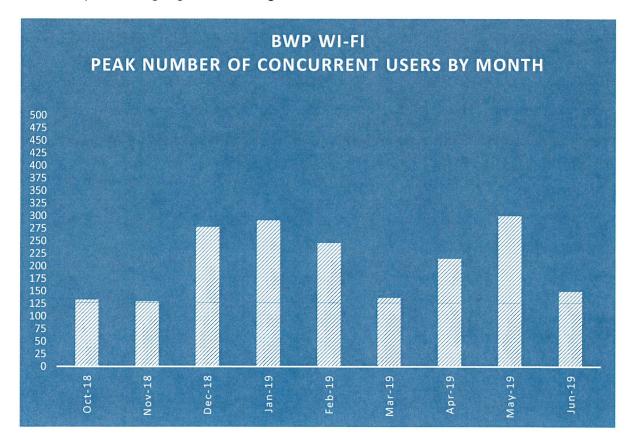
	June 2019 New	Revenues for	FYTD 2018-19	FYTD Budget
	Orders	June 2019	Revenues	
Lit	5	\$107,046	\$1,353,763	\$1,620,000
Dark	0	\$192,015	\$2,628,948	\$2,430,000
Total	5	\$299,061	\$3,982,711	\$4,050,000

BWP WiFi

On August 17, 2015, BWP WiFi launched throughout the City of Burbank as a free citywide wireless community broadband service.

BWP recently implemented new network security measures to safeguard and improve the reliability of BWP WiFi. These measures streamline overhead traffic and help to eliminate nefarious traffic. End users will experience a more robust, secure network, while BWP's metering assets that use the wireless networks will also be more secure.

Before these improvements, the number of peak users reported included active users as well as user devices that had disconnected from the network. Now, BWP is able to report just the number of users that are truly active and communicating to the internet (email, browsing, streaming, etc.) The reports going forward will provide a clearer and more accurate picture to gauge actual usage of BWP WiFi.



Cyber Security Update – June 2019

BWP is currently implementing technology improvements which will impact the way cyber security data is gathered and metrics are reported going forward. BWP will make every effort to provide accurate and relevant data within these reports, however, as necessary technology improvements are required, these reports and the data referenced within them may change.

RISK FACTOR

The BWP cyber security risk factor was 2.4 out of 5.0 for the month of June.



RISK FACTOR: The risk levels (1=lowest to 5=highest) indicate the application's relative security risk based on a variety of factors and criteria such as whether the application can share files, is prone to misuse, or tries to evade firewalls.

POWER SUPPLY

BWP SYSTEM OPERATIONS:

The maximum load for June 2019 was 258.9 MW at 4:25 PM on Tuesday, June 11, and the minimum load was 80 MW at 3:58 AM on Sunday, June 2.



YEAR	MAX LOAD	MAX DATE				
2018	306.3 MW	06-Jul-18				
2018	300.3 10100	16:41:28				
2017	322.1 MW	31-Aug-17				
2017	322.1 10100	16:02:52				
2016	308.52 MW	20-Jun-16				
2010	308.32 10100	16:46:20				
2015	306.23 MW	09-Sep-15				
2015	300.23 10100	15:42:00				
2014	316.68 MW	16-Sep-14				
2014	310.08 10100	15:52:04				

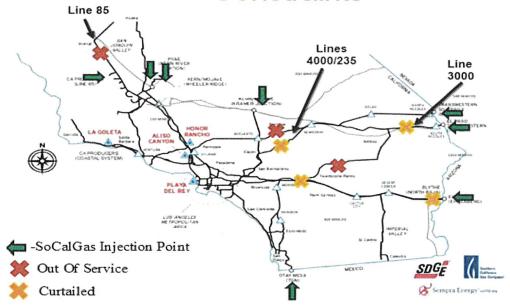
The Burbank power system did not experience abnormal weather or natural gas supply issues for June 2019.

Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) is joined the Reliability Coordinator (RC) West on July 1, 2019. BWP being in LADWP's Balancing Authority area is part of this switch. BWP has been working with LADWP on their data request so they can map our system at a more granular level.

The Southern California area continues to experience natural gas reliability and affordability challenges because of supply and demand mismatches. SoCal Gas' system capacity and supply are primarily a function of two components: (1) transmission pipelines, which bring gas into and then transport it throughout the system; and (2) underground natural gas storage connected to transmission pipelines near system load.

While one component of the system's limited supply is the transmission pipeline reductions and outages, the other critical and more readily addressed component is storage operating constraints resulting from the CPUC's November 2, 2017 Aliso Canyon Withdrawal Protocol restricting the use of the Aliso Canyon.

SoCalGas System Receipt Points and Constraints



There have been no status updates to the SoCalGas Natural Gas Transmission system from last month. All official notifications have the return of line 235-2 as of July 29, 2019.

Line 235-2

Line 235-2 (largely a 1957 vintage pipeline) has been out of service for assessment and remediation since a rupture occurred on the pipeline on October 1, 2017. SoCal Gas has remediated and repaired the ruptured segment, but, as detailed below, SoCal Gas has also initiated additional work to assess, analyze, and repair other segments on Line 235-2 that are of the same "family" of pipeline.

During additional progressive restorations of pressure and the associated leak surveys, non-hazardous leaks were detected on June 7 (leak #9) and June 18 (leak #10) in remote areas of the desert, which requires additional remediation on Line 235-2. For leak #9, the required authorizations have been received from the Bureau of Land Management and

California Department of Fish and Wildlife for the leak repair work site with construction commencing. For leak #10, these authorization requests will be submitted shortly.

The latest preliminary estimated return to service date is July 29 at a reduced pressure. This date is preliminary, and it may change as more information is obtained. Once Line 235-2 is returned to service, SoCalGas will in-line inspect Line 235-2 again.

Line 4000

Following the Line 235-2 rupture, SoCal Gas reduced the pressure of Line 4000 (largely a 1960 vintage pipeline) because it is in the same "family" of pipelines as Line 235-2. SoCal Gas lowered the pressure to increase the factor of safety on the pipeline until SoCal Gas can conduct further analysis of Line 4000 based on what is learned from Line 235-2. In addition, this increased safety margin reduced the safety risk to employees working on Line 235-2, which is in close proximity to Line 4000 for the first 5-6 miles. Line 4000 will continue operating at reduced pressure until testing and maintenance work is complete to mitigate potential pipeline anomalies, like those found on Line 235-2.

Line 3000

Line 3000 (largely a 1957 vintage pipeline) returned to service at reduced operating pressure on September 17, 2018, allowing receipts from the Topock area. The full scope of the Line 3000 project to date included more than 10 miles of non-consecutive pipeline replacements, coating remediation, and cathodic protection insulator installations at more than 246 job sites that span approximately 125 miles, traversing challenging terrain and overcoming significant environmental challenges.

SoCal Gas Storage Capacity

With regard to Aliso Canyon, there were 22 days of withdrawal from January through March 2019. SoCalGas only gives a total storage inventory report. Over the spring, they have been injecting into all of their storage facilities including Aliso Canyon.

ELECTRICITY GENERATION:

BWP Generating Facilities

Unit	Availability	Operating Hrs	MWH (Net)	NO _x , lbs.
Olive 1	0%	0	0	0
Olive 2	0%	0	0	0
Lake 1	100%	10	181	53
MPP	100%	720	133,418	5,415

Olive 1 and 2 remained in dry storage, with a 45-day notice required to restart. Olive 1 and 2 have been in dry storage since 2011 and 2012, respectively. Lake 1 was placed online once during the month of June 2019.

Magnolia Power Project (MPP)

	June	FYTD	YTD
Availability	100%	96%	95%
Unit Capacity Factor (240 MW)	77%	73%	73%

There were no plant trips or other outages at MPP during June 2019.

Tieton Hydropower Project (Tieton)

Tieton's annual generation season began on March 22 with limited water flow provided by the United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR), which carried out "fish pulse" operations designed to encourage upward spawning migration of spring salmon. Fish pulsing was conducted until March 27 when water flow was reduced and generation was no longer possible until later in April. Tieton generated 2,631 MWhs in June and Rimrock reservoir capacity peaked at 83 percent.

ENVIRONMENTAL

Air Quality

On June 28, 2019, BWP submitted to the SCAQMD two application packages to renew the Title V Operating Permits for BWP and MPP generating units. Once the SCAQMD reviews the application package and issues a draft permit, the draft permit will go to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for a 45-day review period. After the 45-day review period is completed, final permits will be issued to BWP and MPP. The permits will cover a five-year operating period.

An application package is being prepared for submission to the SCAQMD to revise MPP's Title V Permit to Operate due to upgrades to the combustion system. This modification will allow MPP to operate at lower MW range while still complying with the requirements of its permit to operate.

Storm Water

The Stormwater Resources Control Board, Industrial General Permit, requires industrial facilities to collect, at a minimum, four storm water samples per reporting year (July 1-June 30) and compare them to statewide regulatory limits. BWP has not taken any storm water samples during the current reporting year of 2019/2020. The analytical results from the storm water samples taken during the 2018/2019 reporting year continue to indicate elevated levels of metals (specifically iron, copper and zinc). Therefore, BWP continues to investigate additional best management practices to enhance storm water quality.

PROJECT UPDATES:

Power Resources

Transmission Update

Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) implemented a new Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) effective September 1, 2017. The new OATT rates affect BWP's cost for services purchased from LADWP under the Balancing Authority Area Services Agreement (BAASA). Changes to the BAASA's cost of services resulting from the new OATT became effective on February 1, 2018.

		Annual cost for servi	ces		
		FY 18/19 Under	FY 18/19 If		
	Service	New OATT rates	Old OATT Rates	<u>Variance</u>	% Increase
BAASA Reg	gulation & Frequency Response	\$871,952	\$604,350	(\$267,602)	44.3%
	BAASA Contingency Reserves	\$3,462,962	\$3,224,186	(\$238,776)	7.4%
		\$4,334,914	\$3,828,536	(\$506,378)	13.2%

Staff is currently evaluating the new OATT, its impacts, and next steps.

Negotiations with LADWP, for several existing Transmission Service Agreements, including those associated with Hoover Dam and IPP generation resources are ongoing.

Integrated Resource Planning

BWP's 2019 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) was adopted by the City Council on December 11, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of Senate Bill 350. In conjunction with its adoption of the 2019 IRP, Council also established 1) a SB350-compliant process to update the BWP IRP at least every five years and 2) an aspirational goal to achieve a 100% greenhouse gas-free power supply for Burbank by 2040 or sooner, consistent with reliability and affordability.

Pursuant to SB350, BWP filed the 2019 IRP with the California Energy Commission (CEC) on April 2, 2019, in advance of the April 30 deadline. On May 14, the CEC issued its determination that BWP's 2019 IRP is complete; the CEC's review of BWP's 2019 IRP for consistency with California energy and other policy goals is ongoing. CEC staff informed BWP on July 1, 2019 that BWP's 2019 IRP appears to meet all of the requirements for "consistency". BWP expects the CEC to issue notice in coming weeks of these findings via the public-facing IRP docket.

Intermountain Power Project (Delta, UT) Renewal Progress

The Intermountain Power Project (IPP) participants involved with the repowering project have agreed to resize the proposed project to 840 MW, instead of the 1200 MW contemplated earlier. This is being called the "alternative repowering." This change came about because there is not enough definite interest amongst the renewal participants for 1200 MW of gas-fired capacity. LADWP believes the majority of the renewal project participants will assign their capacity interest back to LA, which would cause LADWP to be left with more generation than it requires. Resizing the project to 840 MW minimizes this risk, while still satisfying the projected needs of the participants. This change requires all existing participants of the renewal power sales agreement to amend both the original

power sales agreement and the renewal power sales agreement to reflect the reimagined gas-fired project in Delta, UT.

This resizing of the planned gas-fired power plant does not affect the transmission capacity associated with the project. However, because some current IPP participants have chosen not to participate in the renewal project, BWP's potential Southern Transmission System (STS) capacity allocation (i.e. between Delta and Southern California) could potentially increase. If BWP chooses to participate in the repowering at its maximum allowable generation interest of 35 MW, BWP would be entitled to 127 MW of capacity on the STS, up from the 108 MW of STS capacity that BWP currently enjoys.

Burbank's option to terminate or commit to the gas repowering must be decided, and communicated, to the Intermountain Power Agency in writing by August 3, 2019.

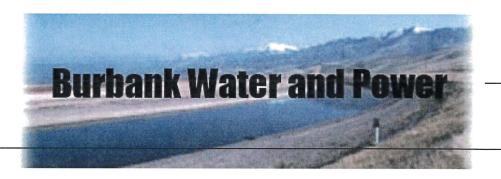
BWP communicated our recommendation for a path forward regarding IPP repowering on June 20 to the BWP Board. The Board voted 7-0 to recommend that City Council 1) authorize and direct the BWP General Manager to reduce Burbank's participation in the renewal of the Intermountain Power Project from 35 megawatts (MW) to 28 MW (a 20% reduction) and 2) approve and authorize the BWP General Manager to execute each of the Entitlement Assignment Agreement (Southern Transmission System) and the Entitlement Assignment Agreement (Northern Transmission System) together with all ancillary documents necessary to effectuate the foregoing.

BWP will be presenting these recommendations to the City Council for its action on July 23.

Power Generation

Landfill Gas to Energy Project

The Project is approximately 41% complete; it remains on schedule, and the anticipated total cost at completion remains within budget. The air permit was received from the AQMD on July 8, 2019 and the permit conditions was consistent with the Project's needs. Engineering work is nearing completion. Final mechanical and electrical designs were approved by the City Building and Safety Department, and approval of the civil/structural plans and calculations is pending. New electrical switchgear has been delivered to the Site, so the underground electrical work and switchgear replacement work may proceed ahead of schedule along with foundation work, once all permits are received.



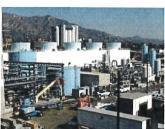












Estimated Financial Report June-19

Burbank Water and Power
Electric Fund (496)

Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) (2)
MTD and FYTD June 2019
(\$ in 000's except MWh Sales)

(\$ in 000's except MWh Sales) MTD Jun-19 \$ % FYTD FYTD Jun-19 \$ % Budget Variance (3) Variance	1 (8,171) (8%) (4) NEL MWh 1,098,320 1,143,544 (45,224)	Retail	14,054 \$ (1,591) (11%) Retail Sales \$ 161,787 \$ 167,933 \$ (6,146) (4%)	595 - 0% Other Revenues (4) 6,555 7,143 (588) (8%) (B)	10,461 636 6% (b) Retail Power Supply & Transmission 109,287 114,438 5,151 5% (C)	4,188 (955) (23%) Retail Margin 59,055 60,637 (1,583) (3%)	Wholesale	6,464 (5,876) (91%) Wholesale Sales 14,150 50,000 (35,850) (72%)	6,302 (5,782) (92%) Wholesale Power Supply 12,641 48,750 36,109 74%	162 (93) (58%) Wholesale Margin 1,509 1,250 259 21%	4,350 (1,048) Gross Margin 60,563 61,887 (1,324) (2%)	Operating Expenses	958 - 0% Distribution 10,140 11,060 920 8% ^(D)	112 - 0% Administration/Safety 1,239 1,409 170 12% (E)	270 - 0% Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse 2,364 3,312 948 29% ^(F)	499 - 0% Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation 5,992 5,993 1 0%	392 - 0% Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation 4,423 5,050 627 12% ^(G)	389 - 0% Public Benefits 4,163 4,644 481 10% ^(H)	186 - 0% Security/Oper Technology 2,094 2,049 (45) (2%)	109 - 0% Telecom 1,338 210 16% ^(f)	166 - Construction & Maintenance 1,534 1,990 456 23% ^(J)	1,567 - 0% Depreciation 17,949 18,799 850 5%	
•			69	- 295									- 828		270 -	- 499	392	389	186 -	109	- 991	1,567	4,647
MTD MTD Ju FY 18-19 Budg	88,250 96		12,463 \$ 14	595	9,825 10	3,233 4		588 6	520 6	68	3,301		958	112	270	499	392	389	186	109	166	1,567	A 647

Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) (2) **Burbank Water and Power** MTD and FYTD June 2019 Electric Fund (496)

	% Variance	23%	% 9	(5%)	(%0)	17%	61%	(71%) (K)	%2
	\$ Variance ⁽³⁾	\$ 3,293	135	(24)	(0)	111	3,403	(2,715)	\$ 688
	FYTD Jun-19 Budget		2,174	1,506	(4,336)	(929)	5,587	3,828	\$ 9,415
	FYTD F FY 18-19	9,536	2,309	1,482	(4,336)	(545)	8,991	1,113	10,103
		\$							છ
(s,		e/(Loss)	penses) നe	oense) (5)	(esuedx	(Expenses)	9	ons (AIC)	ets (Net Income)
(\$ 1n 000's)		Operating Income/(Loss)	Other Income/(Expenses) Interest Income	Other Income/(Expense) (5)	Bond Interest/ (Expense)	Total Other Income/(Expenses)	Net Income	Capital Contributions (AIC)	Net Change in Net Assets (Net Income)
000 ul \$)	% Variance		Other Income/(E) 0% Interest Inco	0% Other Income/(Exp			(298%) Net Incom	0% Capital Contribution	867% Net Change in Net Asse
000 ui \$)	\$ % Variance ⁽³⁾ Variance	l (6							%
	% Variance	(353%)					(298%)		867%
	\$ % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	\$ (1,048) (353%)	%0 -	%0 -	%0 - (%0	(1,048) (298%)	%0 -	867%

After the passing of Measure T in June 2018, electric utility bills now reflect a separate line item in the amount of the utility transfer to the City. Reported electric retail revenues and expenses on the utility's financial statements do not reflect the transfer; and the transfer no longer impacts the utility's financial results. This change in financial reporting took effect with July 2018 financial reporting and should be taken into account when comparing results to prior periods.

This report may not foot due to rounding. භ **4** අ 5

() = Unfavorable

Other Revenues include transmission, telecom and internet revenues as well as other items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees. Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets, as well as BABS subsidy.

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes MTD June 2019 (\$ in 000's)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
તું .	Electric Usage in MWh	88,250	96,421	(8,171) -	(8,171) - NEL is 8% lower than budget due to conservation. For the month of June average high temperature was 78.1°F and the 15 year average high temperature was 81.2°F. MTD CDD were 131 versus the 30 year average of 164.
ب	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	9,825	10,461	- 929	The favorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission. Please refer to page A-5 for additional details.
ပ	Total Operating Expenses	4.647	4.647	•	 Expenses for June 2019 are estimated at budgeted values

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes FYTD June 2019 (\$ in 000's)

Foot- note	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
č	Electric Usage in MWh	1,098,320	1,143,544	(45,224)	- NEL is 4% lower than budget due to conservation. FYTD average high temperature was 77.0°F and the 15 year average high temperature was 77.8°F. FYTD CDD were 1,435 versus the 30 year average of 1,387.
œ́	Other Revenues	6,555	7,143	(588)	 Other revenues also include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees which tend to fluctuate.
o ·	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	109,287	114,438	5,151	 The favorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission, including prior period true up credits and lower than planned O&M expenses. Please refer to page A-6 for additional details.
Ġ	Distribution	10,140	11,060	920	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to savings on salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions, the performance of more work than planned, including capital work, for other groups, and savings on private contractual services. The favorable variance is partially offset by higher than planned overtime expenses.
ш	Administration/Safety	1,239	1,409	170	- The favorable variance is primarily due to lower than planned spending on professional services.
ı.	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	2,364	3,312	948	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to budgetary savings on software, salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions, as well as lower than planned spending on professional services, fleet maintenance and repair, and higher than planned work performed for other departments by Fleet staff.
ග්	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	4,423	5,050	627	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to lower than planned spending on professional services and savings on salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions
Í	Public Benefits	4,163	4,644	481	 Lifeline discounts of \$485K YTD are recorded as a reduction to retail sales but are budgeted as an expense. The balance of the variance is attributable to lower than planned electric retail sales.
<u>-</u>	Telecom	1,128	1,338	210	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to lower than planned spending on private contractual services, software & hardware, and professional services. Also contributing to the favorable variance is the performance of more work than planned for other groups.
→	Construction & Maintenance	1,534	1,990	456	 The favorable variance is due to facility maintenance and servicing requests being lower than planned.
ᅶ	Capital Contributions (AIC)	1,113	3,828	(2,715)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of AIC projects.

Estimated June 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund (in 000's)

	Var	iance l	Month-to-E	ate	
	Favorable Items		avorable Items	,	udget to Actual ariance
MTD NET INCOME/(LOSS): (\$1,400)		\$	(1,048)	\$	(1,048)
MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE					
Retail Sales			(1,591)		(1,591)
Power Supply and Transmission					
 Economic dispatch, the managing and optimizing of resources to meet system load 	286				286
- Lower retail load	254				254
- Lower transmission expenses than planned	122				122
- Higher renewable energy than planned			(26)		(26)
Wholesale Margin			(93)		(93)
Total	662		(1,710)		(1,048)

Estimated June 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund (in 000's)

		Varia	nce Fiscal Year-to-	Date
	Footnote	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
FYTD NET INCOME: \$8,991		3,403		3,403
FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE				
Retail Sales			(6,146)	(6,146)
Power Supply and Transmission				
- Prior period true up credits	Α	2,245		2,245
- Lower retail load		1,327		1,327
 Lower than planned O&M expenses 		941		941
 Lower than planned transmission expenses 		599	•	599
 Economic dispatch, the managing and optimizing of 		587		587
resources to meet system load				
 Sale of fuel and avoided fuel costs as a result of a 		361		361
planned MPP outage				
 Less renewable energy than planned 		252		252
 A ten day unplanned outage at IPP 			(630)	(630)
- An unplanned outage at MPP			(531)	(531)
Other Revenues			(588)	(588)
Wholesale Margin		259_		259
Total		6,571	(7,895)	(1,324)
FYTD EXPENSE AND OTHER VARIANCES				
Distribution		920		920
Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse		946		946
Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation		627		627
Public Benefits		481		481
Construction & Maintenance		456		456
Telecom		210		210
Administration/Safety		170		170
Depreciation expense		850		850
All other		67		67
Total		4,727	-	4,727
		Favorable	Unfavorable	
FOOTNOTE A		Items	Items	Total
FYTD TRUE-UP CREDITS				
MPP		1,442		1,442
Palo Verde		526		526
Prepaid Gas		281		281
SCPPA Natural Gas		157		157
Tieton Hydro		141		141
Mead-Phoenix		77		77
Ameresco Chiquita		25		25
Wild Rose (Don Campbell)		26		26
Mead-Adelanto		15		15
STS			(62)	(62)
IPP			(383)	(383)
Total		2,690	(445)	2,245

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Cash Balances ^(a) (\$ in 000's)

	Jun-19	May-19	Ma	Mar-19	췹	Dec-18	Sep-18		Jun-18	∞ 	Recommended Reserves	es ded	Min Res	Minimum Reserves
Cash and investments														
General Operating Reserve	\$ 56,736 (b)	\$ 66,025	69	71,956	69	76,141	€	75,814 \$	78,993	33	52	52,010	€9	37,570
Capital & Debt Reduction Fund	10,000	10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000	10,000	0	72	21,000		5,200
BWP Projects Reserve Deposits at SCPPA	16,817	16,785		16,713		16,648		16,541	16,492	25				
Sub-Total Cash and Investments	83,553	92,811		98,669		102,789		102,355	105,485	<u>8</u>	73	73,010		42,770
Capital Commitments				,		(266)		(5,530)	(6,7,	(6,740) ^(c)				
Customer Deposits	(5,641)	(5,624)		(5,471)		(5,266)		(3,339)	(5,432)	(2)				
Public Benefits Obligation	(6,561)	(6,220)		(6,408)		(6,359)		(6,341)	(5,549)	(61				
Pacific Northwest DC Intertie	(2,218)	(2,218)		(3,175)		(5,113)		(6,406)	(7,455)	(5)				
Low Carbon Standard Fuel ⁽⁴⁾	(2,267) (*)	(1,122)		(1,140)		(1,242)		(1,242)	(1,251)	51)				
Cash and Investments (less Commitments)	66,865	77,627		82,474		84,542		79,496	79,059	 စ္မ	73	73,010		42,770

⁽a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

⁽b) Includes a \$3.95M loan to the Water Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water.

⁽c) Denotes capital commitment for the Ontario Distribution Station and 4kV to 12kV conversion of circuits.

⁽d) Denotes funds reserved related to the sale of Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) credits, net of Electric Vehicle charger infrastructure expenditures.

⁽a) Includes the sale of \$1.146M of LCFS credits.

Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1)
MTD and FYTD June 2019 **Burbank Water and Power** Water Fund (497)

	TD FYTD Jun-19 \$ %8-19 Budget Variance	(02) 29	932 1,002 (70) (7%) ^(B)		27,220 27,262 \$ (41) (0%) (C)	3,706 4,046 (340) (8%) ^(D)	772 767 5 1%	31,698 32,074 (377) (1%)	12,287 11,890 (397) (3%)	19,411 20,184 (773) (4%)	6 971 7 077 106 197 (E)	1,819 267	2,106 2,392 286 12% (G)	2,001 2,029 28 1%	3,942 4,176 234 6%	16,572 17,493 921 5%		248 188 59 32% (H)	578 533 44 8%	(1,910) (1,915) 5 0%	(1,085) 108 9%	1,754 1,498 256 17%	382 334 48 15%	
(\$ in 000's except Gallons)	FYTD FY 18-19	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	Operating Revenues	Potable Water	Recycled Water	Other Revenue ⁽³⁾	Total Operating Revenues	Water Supply Expense		Operating Expenses Operations & Maintenance - Potable	Operations & Maintenance - Recycled	Allocated O&M	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	Depreciation	Total Operating Expenses	Other Income/(Expenses)	Interest Income	Other Income/(Expense) (4)	Bond Interest/(Expense)	Total Other Income/(Expenses)	Net Income/(Loss)	Aid in Construction	
	% Variance	(3%) (a)	4%		(q) %9	(11%)	(c) %9S	5%	(b) (%L)	. 4%	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	(e) %0		%0	%0	%0	%0	17%	%0	
	\$ Variance (2)	(15)	4		\$ 156	(40)	30	146	(73)	73	,	•	1	1		ı		1	•	•	,	73		
	MTD Jun-19 Budget	470	91		2,401	365	54	2,820	1,078	1,742	353	152	195	169	348	1,217		16	4	(160)	(66)	425	28	
	MTD FY 18-19	456	94		2,557	325	84	2,966	1,151	1,815	353	152	195	169	348	1,217		16	4	(160)	(66)	498	78	

This report may not foot due to rounding.

^{() =} Unfavorable ત

Other Revenue includes items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees. რ 4

Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets.

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes MTD June 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

			MTD Actual \$984	\$1,220	(\$236)			
Explanation	(15) - Potable water sales are lower due to lower demand. Burbank received no rainfall in June, as compared to the monthly normal of 0.12 inches. For the month of June average high temperature was 78.1°F and the 15 year average high temperature was 81.2°F. MTD CDD were 131 versus the 30 year average of 164.	 The WCAC impact increased potable water revenues by \$236k MTD. Without this adjustment, potable water revenues would be unfavorable by 3%. 	WCAC Revenue	WCAC Expenses	WCAC revenue deferral/(accrual)	30 - Other revenues include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees, which tend to fluctuate.	(73) • Water supply expense is higher because of use of higher treated MWD water than planned.	- Expenses for June 2019 are at budgeted values.
Variance to Budget	(15)	156				30	(23)	•
Budget	470	2,401				54	1,078	1,217
Actual	456	2,557				8	1,151	1,217
Accounts/Description	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	Potable Water Revenue				Other Revenue	Water Supply Expense	Total Operating Expenses
Foot- note	aj .	ف				ថ	ਚਂ	ø

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes FYTD June 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

	CI.	o	ı.	FYTD Actual \$11,709	\$12,287	(\$577)	÷		al Y		
Explanation	 FYTD Potable water sales are lower due to lower demand. Rainfall season-to-date was 18.92 inches versus the season normal of 15.12 inches. FYTD CDD were 1,435 versus the 30 year average of 1,387. 	- FYTD Recycled sales are lower due to lower demand for landscaping irrigation. Rainfall season-to-date was 18.92 inches versus the season normal of 15.12 inches. FYTD CDD were 1,435 versus the 30 year average of 1,387.	 The WCAC impact increased potable water revenues by \$577k YTD. Without this adjustment, potable revenues would be unfavorable by 2%. 	WCAC Revenue	WCAC Expenses	WCAC revenue deferral/(accrual)	(340) - FYTD Recycled water revenue is unfavorable due to lower demand.	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to budgetary savings on salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions and lower than planned spending on professional services. 	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to lower than planned spending on professional services, software & hardware, private contractual services, and lower than planned electricity for water pumping. 	 The favorable variance is attributable to lower than planned allocated expenses (Customer Service, Finance, and Construction & Maintenance) from the Electric Fund. 	 The favorable variance is attributable to higher cash balance throughout the year and higher actual rate of return.
Variance to Budget	(70)	(70)	(41)				(340)	106	267	286	29
Budget	5,167	1,002	27,262				4,046	7,077	1,819	2,392	188
Actual	5,097	932	27,220				3,706	6,971	1,552	2,106	248
Accounts/Description	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	Potable Water				Recycled Water	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	Operations & Maintenance - Recycled	Allocated O&M	Interest income
Foot-	∢	œi	ပ				ď	шi	ıı:	ග්	Ξ

Estimated June 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund (in 000's)

	Vari	ance Month-to-Da	ite
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
MTD NET INCOME (LOSS): \$499	73		73
MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE			
Potable Revenues Recycled Revenues Water Supply Expense	156	(40) (73)	156 (40)
Other Revenue	30	(73)	(73) 30
Total	186	(113)	73

Estimated June 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund (in 000's)

	Variar	nce Fiscal Year-to-[Date
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
FYTD NET INCOME: \$1,754	256		256
FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE			
Potable Revenues Recycled Revenues Other Revenue Water Supply Expense Total	5 5	(41) (340) (397) (778)	(41) (340) 5 (397) (773)
FYTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES			
Allocated O&M Recycled Water O&M Potable O&M Depreciation Expense All Other	286 267 106 234 136		286 267 106 234 136
Total	1,029		1,029

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Cash and Investment Balances ^(a)

	1	Jun-19	Σ	May-19	2	Mar-19	٥	Dec-18	ű	Sep-18	اد	Jun-18	Recon	Recommended Reserves	Mini	Minimum Reserves
Cash and Investments																
General Operating Reserves	€9	11,372 (b)	69	10,295	€9	5,800	69	12,471	↔	12,419	₩	10,925	€	12,630	€	8,070
Capital Reserve Fund		2,220		2,220		2,220		2,220		2,220		2,220		5,200		1,300
Sub-Total Cash and Investments		13,592		12,515		8,020		14,691		14,639		13,145		17,830		9,370
Customer Deposits		(2,089)		(1,183)		(1,266)		(1,170)		(1,084)		(607)				
Capital Commitments (c)		•		1		•				(140)		(140)				
Cash and Investments (less commitments)		11,503		11,332		6,754		13,521		13,415		12,397		17,830		9,370

⁽a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

⁽b) Includes a \$3.95M loan from the Electric Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water.

⁽e) Capital commitment for the recycled water I-5 Freeway second tie crossing project paid in October.

		2	

memorandum

DATE:

July 31, 2019

TO:

Justin Hess, Acting City Manager

FROM:

Patrick Prescott, Community Development Director

SUBJECT:

City Manager Tracking List Item #2187 - BurbankBus Senior and

Disabled Phone Line Status

The Council had asked staff to verify if the BurbankBus Senior and Disabled phone line was conveniently available, meaning that it is not placed on hold for long periods of time, or that it is not busy frequently.

The BurbankBus Senior and Disabled line is available for scheduling from 8:30 AM to 2:00 PM, Monday through Friday, at 818-238-5360. Up to three staff members are available to take calls during the scheduling window. There is a rush of calls when the scheduling window opens at 8:30 AM, and staff is able to clear the rush within half an hour on a typical day.

Staff also added music (the same music that BWP uses for their customer service lines) to the line to play when a caller is placed on hold. The hold music was added in the spring. Before the hold music was added, the line would be silent during the hold. This could sometime lead to confusion as the caller wasn't sure if they were still on hold or their call had been dropped.



CITY OF BURBANK BURBANK WATER AND POWER STAFF REPORT

DATE:

July 4, 2019

TO:

BWP Board

FROM:

Jorge Somoano, General Manager, BWP

SUBJECT:

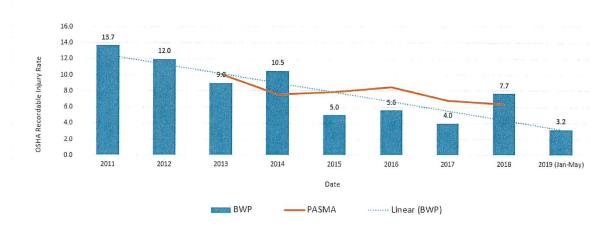
May 2019 Operating Results

*Please note that changes from last month's report are in BOLD

SAFETY

For the month of May, BWP experienced one OSHA recordable injury. BWP's OSHA recordable rate dropped from 3.5, as reported for end of April, to 3.2 as of the end of May.

BWP TOTAL RECORDABLE INJURY RATE (TRIR) vs PASMA TRIR



OSHA Recordable Injury Rate = No. of recordable cases per 100 full time employees. PASMA - Public Agency Safety Management Association (Utilities only Data) 2019 Data = 12 month rolling average

Water Financial Results

For the month of May, Potable water usage was 1% (3 million gallons) lower than budgeted and Potable Water Revenues were \$134,000 lower than budgeted. Recycled water usage was 14% (12 million gallons) lower than budgeted due to lower irrigation. Recycled Water Revenues were \$62,000 lower than budgeted. May Water Supply Expenses were \$63,000 lower than budgeted due to lower demand. May's Gross Margin was \$146,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was -\$202,000, which was \$146,000 lower than budgeted.

May fiscal-year-to-date (FYTD) Potable water usage was 1% (56 million gallons) lower than budgeted. FYTD May Potable Water Revenues were \$608,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD recycled usage was 6% (57 million gallons) lower than budgeted and Recycled Water Revenues were \$301,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Water Supply Expenses were \$156,000 lower than budgeted due to lower demand. The FYTD May Gross Margin was \$798,000 lower than budgeted. Operating Expenses were \$1,080,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was \$1,462,000, which was \$389,000 higher than budgeted.

Electric Financial Results

For the month of May, electric loads were 11% lower than budgeted due to more moderate weather. Retail Sales were \$1,414,000 lower than budgeted. May Power Supply Expenses were \$842,000 lower than budgeted primarily due to receiving less renewable energy than planned, and lower energy prices and economic dispatch. May's wholesale margin was \$2,000 lower than budgeted. May's Gross Margin was \$574,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was -\$819,000 which was \$574.000 lower than budgeted.

FYTD May electric loads were 4% lower than budgeted due to conservation. Retail Sales were \$4,555,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Power Supply Expenses were \$4,898,000 lower than budgeted primarily due to prior period true up credits, and lower than planned O&M expenses. FYTD Wholesale Margin was \$343,000 higher than budgeted. FYTD Gross Margin was \$141,000 higher than budgeted. May FYTD Operating Expenses were \$4,344,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was \$10,445,000 which was \$4,506,000 higher than budgeted.

WATER DIVISION

State Water Project Update

On June 20, 2019, the Department of Water Resources (DWR) increased the State Water Project (SWP) Allocation Table A amounts from 70% to 75%. This is the final allocation for the calendar year. The 2019 allocation of 75% amounts to 3,145,105 acre-feet of water. Reservoir storage, snowpack, precipitation, and releases to meet local deliveries are among several factors used in determining allocations.

Even in wet years, a 100% allocation is rare due to Delta pumping restrictions to protect threatened and endangered fish species. The last time the Project was able to allocate 100% was 2006.

Burbank's Water Use

The table below shows water use in Burbank during May 2019 compared to May 2018 measured in gallons per capita per day (gpcd). Also shown is a comparison of Burbank's average water use through the end of May 2018 and 2019 on a fiscal year basis (i.e., July 1 through May 31).

	Average Monthly Use	Average Monthly Use Fiscal Year Basis
May 2018	124 gpcd	129 gpcd
May 2019	119 gpcd	124 gpcd

These figures show water use is well below the target use of 157 gpcd that must be met by the year 2020.

Burbank Operating Unit (BOU) Water Production

The table below provides the operational data for the BOU for the rolling quarter of February through April. The contract operator performed weekly and monthly sampling for the treatment plant and wells.

	Capacity Factor	Average Flow Rate (FY Total)
March-19	58.95%	5308 gpm
April-19	59.78%	5380 gpm
May-19	71.8%	6462 gpm

Project Updates

Due to the bountiful 2019 water year, MWD added excess water supply to its storage facilities. The available water exceeded MWD's capacity to place water into its storage facilities so MWD authorized use from the previously created Cyclic Storage Program to allow Member Agencies to store water in their groundwater basins and then pay for the water later.

Burbank agreed to spread a total of 7,000 acre-feet of Cyclic Storage Water by the end of this calendar year. BWP began spreading water on May 23, and spread about 395 acre-feet of water in the month of May. BWP plans to fulfill its obligation to spread 7,000 acre-feet by mid-August.



ELECTRIC RELIABILITY

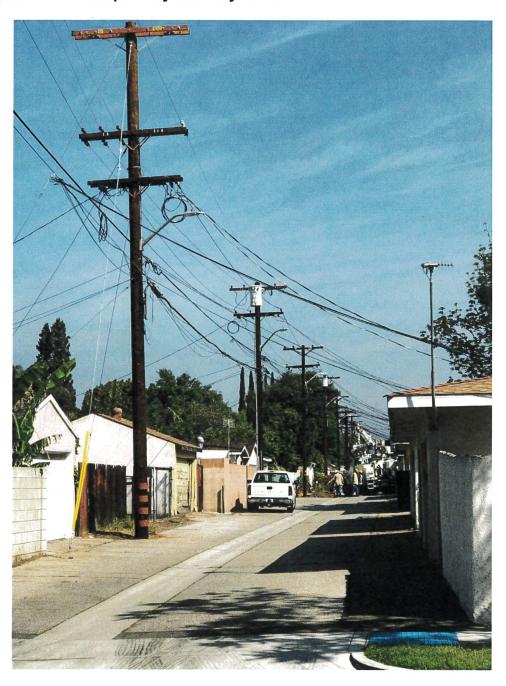
In May 2019, BWP experienced three (3) sustained feeder outages. In the past twelve (12) months, automatic reclosing has reduced customer outage time by approximately 1,370,185 customer minutes.

Reliability Measurement	June 2017 - May 2018	June 2018 – May 2019
Average Outages Per Year (SAIFI)	0.5064	0.4844
Average Outage Duration (CAIDI)	26.15 minutes	33.04 minutes
Average Service Availability	99.998%	99.997%
Average Momentary Outages Per Year (MAIFI)	0.2005	0.3273
No. of Sustained Feeder Outages	9	14
No. of Sustained Outages by Mylar Balloons	2	2
No. of Sustained Outages by Animals	1	0
No. of Sustained Outages by Palm Fronds	0	3

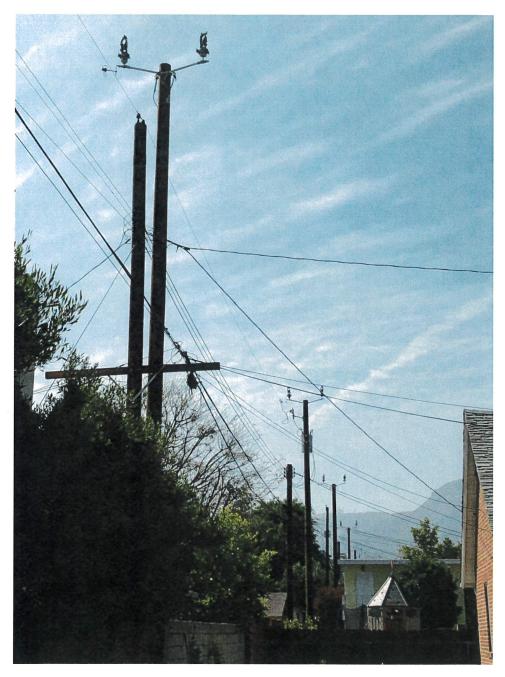
PROJECT UPDATES

Naomi-15 4-12kV Conversion

The Naomi-15 pole line construction is in progress. BWP crews have set all 103 poles involved in this project. Property line work east of Florence St. is complete, and remaining work will be completed by early July 2019. Conversion to 12kV is anticipated to be complete by mid-July 2019.



N-15 Alley Work



N-15 Property Line Transfer of Facilities

4 kV Circuit Breaker Replacement for Winona A-2 Transformer

BWP has 129 substation circuit breakers for its 4 kV distribution system. Circuit breakers start or interrupt the flow of electricity in a circuit. The 4kV circuit breakers are used to prevent equipment damage by isolating electrical faults that are commonly caused by Mylar balloons and palm fronds. Through condition assessment, BWP will replace a circuit breaker if it is found to be in poor condition. In accordance with the Electric Distribution Master Plan, BWP has budgeted annual

funds to replace station circuit breakers, as deemed necessary, to ensure personnel safety and system reliability.

The 4 kV oil-filled circuit breaker (OCB) used for isolating the Winona A-2 transformer was not opening as quickly as originally designed when it was first commissioned in the 1950s. Additional maintenance on this circuit breaker was not able to improve the operation speed to acceptable limits. As such, this OCB was replaced with a new vacuum circuit breaker (VCB). The new VCB opens faster than the original OCB, which means it does a better job of protecting equipment and reducing arc flash exposure to personnel.



Original 4 kV OCB



New 4kV VCB

STREET LIGHTING

LED Replacement Program

In accordance with the Street Lighting Master Plan, BWP is replacing high-pressure sodium (HPS) streetlight luminaires with light-emitting diode (LED) luminaires. Replacement is carried out on a maintenance basis, and LEDs are installed daily as the HPS luminaires burn out. The LED replacements consume approximately 60% less energy. To date, 55.79% of the total streetlight luminaires have been converted to LEDs, which translates to an annualized energy savings of 2,857MWh or a 30.82% reduction in energy consumption. LED conversions have also reduced evening load by 652kW, which shortens the "neck of the duck curve" and reduces the amount of energy generation that BWP needs.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

Online Account Manager

The month of May continued to show an increase in the adoption of the Online Account Manager (OAM). In the three months since the launch, over 50% of active accounts have registered for the OAM. This figure is significant in our industry. Of all registered accounts, over 90% are paperless customers helping BWP reduce costs and reduce carbon emissions. BWP will continue its efforts to drive customers to the OAM, paperless, and auto pay. These initiatives will continue to drive down costs. BWP's second milestone is to have 80% of all active accounts registered on the OAM by 2021.

As expected, BWP received an increase in customer contacts from the various channels (phone center, in person, email, and social media). The influx of contacts did cause longer than expected wait times. Although BWP did have additional resources in place via a dedicated OAM phone line, customers still experienced long wait times, due to the complexity of the calls and walking customers through the new platform. Through customer feedback, BWP is looking for ways to make improvements that will be part of the next phase of the OAM project including usage data, a mobile app (iOS, Android), and other features to improve the customer experience.

Below is the chart outlining activity for the Online Account Manager:

	Mar-19	Apr-19	May-19	Total	% of Total*
Registered Accounts	18,498	6,317	3,052	27,867	53%
Paperless	17,047	5,704	3,045	25,796	49%
Autopay	2,354	2,376	1,170	11,693	22%

^{*} Percent as compared to all active BWP accounts.

Below is the chart outlining call volume since the launch of the Online Account Manager:

	Mar-19	Apr-19	May-19	%Inc/Dec
Call Volume	7227	5740	6310	10%

Call Types	% of Calls
Balance	33%
Account/PIN #	12%
Credit Card line	9%
Payment Extension	7%
Other	39%

Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Program

45 public EV charging stations are in service, including 2 DC Fast Chargers and 18 curbside stations. As of November 1, 2018, Time of Use (TOU) pricing for public EV charging is 17.36 cents per kilowatt-hour (kWh) for Level 1 and Level 2 charging during all hours. For the DC Fast Chargers, the charging rate is 28.17 cents per kWh. Staff continues to monitor usage and maintenance issues.

Month of usage	Usage in kWh	Gross Revenue	GHG reduced in kg	kWh/ Station/ Day	% Peak Sessions	Parking Occupancy	Charging Occupancy
May 2019	25,756	\$4,783	10,818	19.3	21%	26%	22%
April 2019	26,501	\$4,981	11,131	20.5	21%	25%	20%
Mar 2019	24,810	\$4,507	10,420	18	20%	21%	17%
Feb 2019 ⁵	20,127	\$3,277	8,453	17	23%	21%	17%
Jan 2019	20,706	\$3,511	8,696	16	22%	22%	18%
Dec 2018	22,889	\$3,991	9,613	18	21%	24%	19%
Nov 2018⁴	22,145	\$3,879	9,301	18	20%	25%	20%
Oct 2018 ³	23,141	\$3,957	9,719	18	20%	24%	21%
Sep 2018 ³	18,592	\$3,665	7,809	17	18%	23%	20%
Aug 2018	18,613	\$3,757	7,818	23	21%	27%	23%
July 2018	19,352	\$3,909	8,128	23	19%	28%	24%
Jun 2018 ¹	18,561	\$3,697	7,796	22	20%	29%	24%
May 2018	20,512	\$3,695	8,615	24	19%	32%	27%
Apr 2018	20,643	\$3,729	8,670	25	20%	30%	25%
Mar 2018	19,414	\$3,459	8,154	22	21%	26%	22%
Feb 2018	19,884	\$3,666	8,351	25	21%	30%	25%
Jan 2018	24,790	\$4,927	10,412	29	21%	30%	24%
Dec 2017	24,402	\$4,757	10,249	28	21%	30%	24%
Nov 2017 ²	21,410	\$3,996	8,992	26	21%	29%	24%
Oct 2017	23,000	\$4,828	9,660	27	20%	32%	27%
Sep 2017	20,755	\$4,307	8,717	25	20%	31%	25%
Aug 2017	22,207	\$4,669	9,327	26	23%	31%	26%
Jul 2017	22,981	\$4,845	9,652	27	22%	30%	25%

¹ The higher \$/kWh reflects the start of summer peak pricing for public EV charging.

² The lower \$/kWh reflects the end of summer peak pricing for public EV charging.

³ Includes 16 new public Level 2 chargers installed mid-September.

⁴ Includes the new DC Fast Charger and the removal of 2 chargers due to the Burbank Town Center project.

⁵ Includes 4 new Ontario Substation curbside chargers installed mid-February.

Rooftop Solar

The table below tracks the total number and capacity of installed customer owned rooftop solar photovoltaic systems in Burbank.

Month	Number of Solar Systems Installed This Month	Number of Solar Systems Installed FYTD	Total Solar Systems in Burbank	Total Solar Kilowatts
May 2019	10	88	787	7,889
April 2019	8	78	777	7,833
March 2019	11	70	769	7,788
February 2019	5	59	758	7,707
January 2019	15	54	753	7,677
December 2018	10	39	738	7,530
November 2018	6	29	728	7,375
October 2018	9	23	722	7,351
September 2018	5	14	713	7,289
August 2018	5	9	708	7,256
July 2018*	4	4	703	7,227
June 2018	8	99	699	7,112
May 2018	5	91	690	6,946
April 2018	9	86	685	6,911
March 2018	7	77	676	6,868
February 2018	5	70	669	6,832
January 2018	4	65	664	6,808
December 2017	9	61	660	6,777
November 2017	11	52	651	6,713
October 2017	13	41	640	6,630
September 2017	8	28	627	6,446
August 2017	15	20	619	6,405
July 2017*	5	5	604	6,302

^{*} Start of new fiscal year.

TECHNOLOGY

Broadband Services (ONE Burbank)

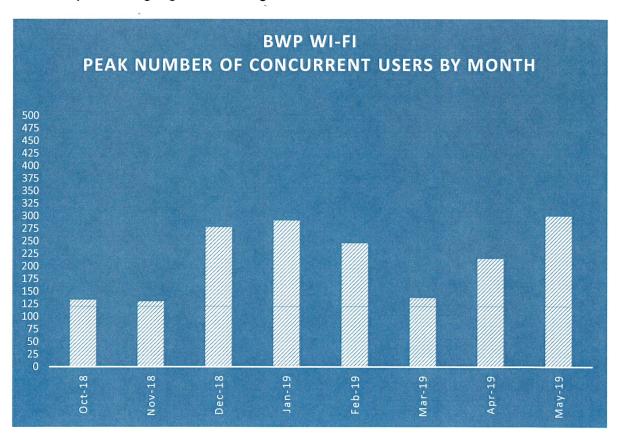
	May 2019 New	Revenues for	FYTD 2018-19	FYTD Budget
	Orders	May 2019	Revenues	
Lit	1	\$112,140	\$1,245,586	\$1,485,000
Dark	1	\$258,765	\$2,435,933	\$2,227,500
Total	2	\$370,905	\$3,681,519	\$3,712,500

BWP WiFi

On August 17, 2015, BWP WiFi launched throughout the City of Burbank as a free citywide wireless community broadband service.

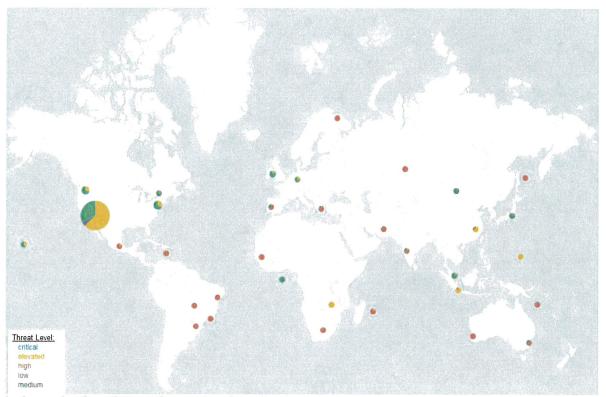
BWP recently implemented new network security measures to safeguard and improve the reliability of BWP WiFi. These measures streamline overhead traffic and help to eliminate nefarious traffic. End users will experience a more robust, secure network, while BWP's metering assets that use the wireless networks will also be more secure.

Before these improvements, the number of peak users reported included active users as well as user devices that had disconnected from the network. Now, BWP is able to report just the number of users that are truly active and communicating to the internet (email, browsing, streaming, etc.) The reports going forward will provide a clearer and more accurate picture to gauge actual usage of BWP WiFi.

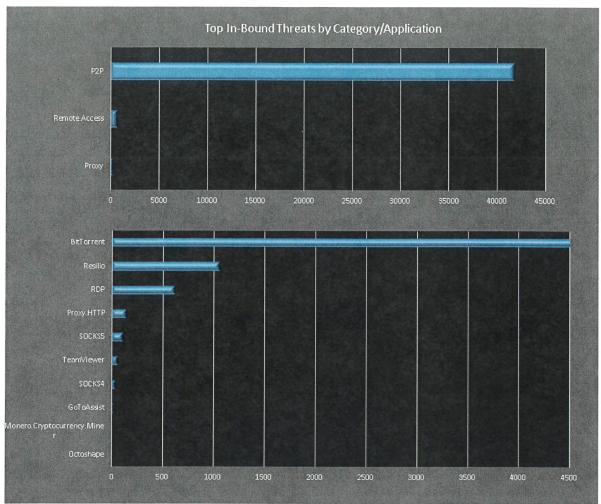


Cyber Security Update - May 2019

The BWP cyber security risk factor was 2.3 out of 5.0 for the month of May. Operational Technology successfully prevented over 40 million cyber security threats of which over 54% were elevated but only 0.01% were critical.



In-bound cyber threats by source location



Top In-bound cyber threats by category/application

RISK FACTOR



RISK FACTOR: The risk levels (1=lowest to 5=highest) indicate the application's relative security risk based on a variety of factors and criteria such as whether the application can share files, is prone to misuse, or tries to evade firewalls.

POWER SUPPLY

BWP SYSTEM OPERATIONS:

The maximum load for May 2019 was 155.8 MW at 4:52 PM on Thursday, May 30, and the minimum load was 78.4 MW at 2:36 AM on Tuesday, May 28.



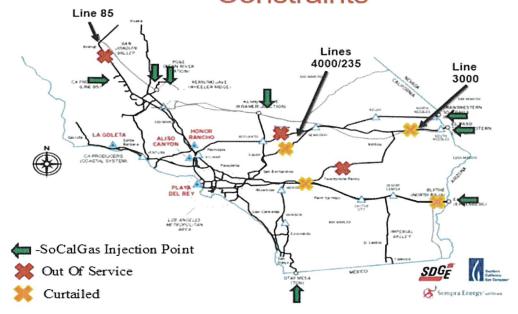
YEAR	MAX LOAD	MAX DATE
2018	306.3 MW	06-Jul-18
2018	300.3 10100	16:41:28
2017	329.36 MW	01-Sep-17
2017	329.36 10100	15:34:00
2016	308.52 MW	20-Jun-16
2010	308.32 10100	16:46:20
2015	306.23 MW	09-Sep-15
2013	300.23 10100	15:42:00
2014	316.68 MW	16-Sep-14
2014	310.00 10100	15:52:04

The Burbank power system did not experience abnormal weather or natural gas supply issues for May 2019.

Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) is joining the Reliability Coordinator (RC) West on July 1, 2019. BWP being in LADWP's Balancing Authority area will be part of this switch. BWP has been working with LADWP on their data request so they can map our system at a more granular level.

The Southern California area continues to experience natural gas reliability and affordability challenges because of supply and demand mismatches. SoCal Gas' system capacity and supply are primarily a function of two components: (1) transmission pipelines, which bring gas into and then transport it throughout the system; and (2) underground natural gas storage connected to transmission pipelines near system load. While one component of the system's limited supply is the transmission pipeline reductions and outages, the other critical and more readily addressed component is storage operating constraints resulting from the CPUC's November 2, 2017 Aliso Canyon Withdrawal Protocol restricting the use of the Aliso Canyon.

SoCalGas System Receipt Points and Constraints



Line 235-2

Line 235-2 (largely a 1957 vintage pipeline) has been out of service for assessment and remediation since a rupture occurred on the pipeline on October 1, 2017. SoCal Gas has remediated and repaired the ruptured segment, but, as detailed below, SoCal Gas has also initiated additional work to assess, analyze, and repair other segments on Line 235-2 that are of the same "family" of pipeline.

During additional progressive restorations of pressure and the associated leak surveys, non-hazardous leaks were detected on June 7 (leak #9) and June 18 (leak #10) in remote areas of the desert, which requires additional remediation on Line 235-2. For leak #9, the required authorizations have been received from the Bureau of Land Management and California Department of Fish and Wildlife for the leak

repair work site with construction commencing. For leak #10, these authorization requests will be submitted shortly.

The latest preliminary estimated return to service date is July 29 at a reduced pressure. This date is preliminary, and it may change as more information is obtained. Once Line 235-2 is returned to service, SoCalGas will in-line inspect Line 235-2 again.

Line 4000

Following the Line 235-2 rupture, SoCal Gas reduced the pressure of Line 4000 (largely a 1960 vintage pipeline) because it is in the same "family" of pipelines as Line 235-2. SoCal Gas lowered the pressure to increase the factor of safety on the pipeline until SoCal Gas can conduct further analysis of Line 4000 based on what is learned from Line 235-2. In addition, this increased safety margin reduced the safety risk to employees working on Line 235-2, which is in close proximity to Line 4000 for the first 5-6 miles. Line 4000 will continue operating at reduced pressure until testing and maintenance work is complete to mitigate potential pipeline anomalies, like those found on Line 235-2.

Line 3000

Line 3000 (largely a 1957 vintage pipeline) returned to service at reduced operating pressure on September 17, 2018, allowing receipts from the Topock area. The full scope of the Line 3000 project to date included more than 10 miles of non-consecutive pipeline replacements, coating remediation, and cathodic protection insulator installations at more than 246 job sites that span approximately 125 miles, traversing challenging terrain and overcoming significant environmental challenges.

SoCal Gas Storage Capacity

With regard to Aliso Canyon, there were 22 days of withdrawal from January through March 2019. SoCalGas only gives a total storage inventory report. Over the spring, they have been injecting into all of their storage facilities including Aliso Canyon.

ELECTRICITY GENERATION:

BWP Generating Facilities

Unit	Availability	Operating Hrs	MWH (Net)	NO _x , lbs.
Olive 1	0%	0	0	0
Olive 2	0%	0	0	0
Lake 1	72%	0	0	10
MPP	92%	684	121,850	5,115

Olive 1 and 2 remained in dry storage, with a 45-day notice required to restart. Olive 1 and 2 have been in dry storage since 2011 and 2012, respectively.

Lake 1 was available for generation from May 9 to May 31. A planned 10-day maintenance outage occurred between April 29 and May 9. This included a borescope inspection and completion of General Electric Service Bulletin 310, which was a replacement of the high-pressure compressor blades, stages 3-5. Following the work, a full speed no load (no generation) test run was performed to ensure quality. Lake 1 was not placed online during the month.

Magnolia Power Project (MPP)

	May	FYTD	YTD
Availability		95%	
Unit Capacity Factor (240 MW)	68%	72%	72%

MPP was shut down on May 17 for a scheduled offline water wash of the combustion turbine compressor. Several other outage related preventative maintenance items were completed during the outage. MPP was successfully restarted on May 20 and released to the Participants for dispatch as scheduled.

Tieton Hydropower Project (Tieton)

Tieton's annual generation season began on March 22 with limited water flow provided by the United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR), which carried out "fish pulse" operations designed to encourage upward spawning migration of spring salmon. Fish pulsing was conducted until March 27 when water flow was reduced and generation was no longer possible until later in April. Tieton generated 2,931 MWhs in May. Rimrock reservoir continued to rise in May and June so higher water supply and generation output is expected in the coming months.

ENVIRONMENTAL

Air Quality

BWP has requested that the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) revise Lake One's Title V Permit to Operate to allow two starts per day instead of the one start currently allowed. This revision would enhance operational flexibility, in particular, to decrease the need to operate Lake One for more hours than is operationally necessary during a single day. BWP received the revised Lake One Title V Permit on May 21 and two starts per day are now available for use.

In addition, BWP is currently preparing to renew the Title V Operating Permits for BWP and MPP generating units. The renewal application packages are being prepared for submission to the SCAQMD and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The permits will cover a five-year operating period.

Storm Water

The Stormwater Resources Control Board, Industrial General Permit, requires industrial facilities to collect, at a minimum, four storm water samples per reporting year (July 1-

June 30) and compare them to statewide regulatory limits. BWP has met this requirement and no additional samples are necessary this reporting year. The analytical results from the storm water samples taken during the current reporting year continue to indicate elevated levels of metals (specifically iron, copper and zinc). Therefore, BWP continues to investigate additional best management practices to enhance storm water quality.

PROJECT UPDATES:

Power Resources

Transmission Update

Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) implemented a new Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) effective September 1, 2017. The new OATT rates affect BWP's cost for services purchased from LADWP under the Balancing Authority Area Services Agreement (BAASA). Changes to the BAASA's cost of services resulting from the new OATT became effective on February 1, 2018.

		Annual cost for servi	ces			
		FY 18/19 Under	FY 18/19 If			
Service		New OATT rates	Old OATT Rates	<u>Variance</u>	% Increase	
BAASA Regulation & Frequency Response		\$871,952	\$604,350	(\$267,602)	44.3%	
BAASA Contingend	cy Reserves	\$3,462,962	\$3,224,186	(\$238,776)	7.4%	
		\$4,334,914	\$3,828,536	(\$506,378)	13.2%	

Staff is currently evaluating the new OATT, its impacts, and next steps.

Negotiations with LADWP, for several existing Transmission Service Agreements, including those regarding transmission service agreements associated with Hoover Dam and IPP generation resources are ongoing.

Integrated Resource Planning

BWP's 2019 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) was adopted by the City Council on December 11, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of Senate Bill 350. In conjunction with its adoption of the 2019 IRP, Council also established 1) a SB350-compliant process to update the BWP IRP at least every five years and 2) an aspirational goal to achieve a 100% greenhouse gas-free power supply for Burbank by 2040 or sooner, consistent with reliability and affordability.

Pursuant to SB350, BWP filed the 2019 IRP with the California Energy Commission on April 2, 2019, in advance of the April 30 deadline. On May 14, the CEC issued its determination that BWP's 2019 IRP is complete; the CEC's review of BWP's 2019 IRP for consistency with California energy and other policy goals is ongoing. The CEC should issue a final determination on consistency within 120 days from the date of filing.

Intermountain Power Project (Delta, UT) Renewal Progress

The Intermountain Power Project (IPP) participants involved with the repowering project have agreed to resize the proposed project to 840 MW, instead of the 1200 MW

contemplated earlier. This is being called the "alternative repowering." This change came about because there is not enough definite interest amongst the renewal participants for 1200 MW of gas-fired capacity. LADWP believes the majority of the renewal project participants will assign their capacity interest back to LA, which would cause LADWP to be left with more generation than it requires. Resizing the project to 840 MW minimizes this risk, while still satisfying the projected needs of the participants. This change requires all existing participants of the renewal power sales agreement to amend both the original power sales agreement and the renewal power sales agreement to reflect the reimagined gas-fired project in Delta, UT.

This resizing of the planned gas-fired power plant does not affect the transmission capacity associated with the project. However, because some current IPP participants have chosen not to participate in the renewal project, BWP's potential Southern Transmission System (STS) capacity allocation (i.e. between Delta and Southern California) could potentially increase. If BWP chooses to participate in the repowering at its maximum allowable generation interest of 35 MW, BWP would be entitled to 127 MW of capacity on the STS, up from the 108 MW of STS capacity that BWP currently enjoys.

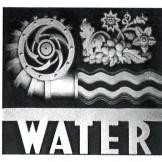
Burbank's option to terminate or commit to the gas repowering must be decided, and communicated, to the Intermountain Power Agency in writing by August 3, 2019.

Power Generation

Landfill Gas to Energy Project

Civil design work has been completed, and the engineering package is being submitted for plan check. The construction contractor established a temporary construction trailer on site and removed portions of the old equipment in preparation for installation of the new equipment once received. The air permit application package was submitted to the AQMD on March 27. The permit engineer reviewed the submittal, drafted the permit wording and conditions, and sent it to BWP for review. BWP sent comments back to AQMD on June 5. AQMD has agreed to issue the air permit before August 2019; this meets the timetable in the Project Schedule, as planned for completion during the first guarter of 2020.

Burbank Water and Power

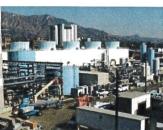












Estimated Financial Report May-19

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496)

Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) (2) MTD and FYTD May 2019

(\$ in 000's except MWh Sales)

				(\$ in you's except miven Sales)				
MTD Y 18-19	MTD May-19 Budget	\$ Variance (3)	% Variance		FYTD FY 18-19	FYTD May-19 Budget	\$ Variance ⁽³⁾	% Variance
81,012	90,936	(9,924)	(11%) ^(a)	NEL MWh	1,010,070	1,047,123	(37,053)	(4%) (A)
				Retail				
\$ 11,797	\$ 13,211	\$ (1,414)	(11%)	Retail Sales	\$ 149,324	\$ 153,879	\$ (4,555)	(3%)
595	595	-	0%	Other Revenues (4)	6,002	6,548	(546)	(8%) ^(B)
 8,653	9,495	842	9% ^(b)	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	99,079	103,978	4,898	<u>5%</u> (c)
3,739	4,312	(573)	(13%)	Retail Margin	56,247	56,449	(202)	(0%)
				Wholesale				
506	3,227	(2,721)	(84%)	Wholesale Sales	13,553	43,536	(29,983)	(69%)
 427	3,147	(2,719)	(86%)	Wholesale Power Supply	12,121	42,448	30,327	71%
79	81	(2)	(2%)	Wholesale Margin	1,432	1,088	343	32%
 3,818	4,393	(574)	(13%)	Gross Margin	57,679	57,538	141	0%
				Operating Expenses				
888	888	-	0%	Distribution	9,145	10,102	957	9% ^(D)
107	107	-	0%	Administration/Safety	1,139	1,297	158	12% ^(E)
270	270	-	0%	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	2,207	3,042	835	27% ^(F)
499	499	-	0%	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	5,492	5,494	1	0%
392	392	-	0%	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	3,842	4,658	816	18% ^(G)
365	365	-	0%	Public Benefits	3,947	4,255	309	7% ^(H)
219	219	-	0%	Security/Oper Technology	1,969	1,863	(106)	(6%)
109	109	-	0%	Telecom	1,031	1,229	198	16% ⁽¹⁾
166	166	-	0%	Construction & Maintenance	1,412	1,824	412	23% ^(J)
 1,567	1,567		0%	Depreciation	16,469	17,233	764	4%
4,582	4,582	•	0% ^(c)	Total Operating Expenses	46,653	50,997	4,344	9%
\$ (764)	\$ (190)	\$ (574)	(302%)	Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ 11,026	\$ 6,541	\$ 4,485	69%

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496)

Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets ^{(1) (2)} MTD and FYTD May 2019

(\$ in 000's)

					(# III 000 S)						
	MTD MTD May-19 \$ %							\$	%		
F	Y 18-19	Budget	Variance (3)	Variance			FY 18-19	Budget		Variance (3)	Variance
\$	(764)	\$ (190)	\$ (574)	(302%)	Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	11,026	\$ 6,54	ı	\$ 4,485	69%
					Other Income/(Expenses)						
	181	181	-	0%	Interest Income		2,011	1,99	3	18	1%
	125	125	-	0%	Other Income/(Expense) (5)		1,382	1,38)	2	0%
	(361)	(361)	-	0%	Bond Interest/ (Expense)		(3,975)	(3,97	5)	(0)	(0%)
-	(55)	(55)	-	0%	Total Other Income/(Expenses)		(581)	(60	1)	21	3%
	(819)	(245)	(574)	(235%)	Net Income		10,445	5,93		4,506	76%
	473	473	-	0%	Capital Contributions (AIC)		1,084	3,35	5	(2,272)	(68%) ^(K)
\$	(346)	\$ 228	\$ (574)	252%	Net Change in Net Assets (Net Income)	\$	11,529	\$ 9,29	5	\$ 2,234	24%

^{1.} After the passing of Measure T in June 2018, electric utility bills now reflect a separate line item in the amount of the utility transfer to the City. Reported electric retail revenues and expenses on the utility's financial statements do not reflect the transfer; and the transfer no longer impacts the utility's financial results. This change in financial reporting took effect with July 2018 financial reporting and should be taken into account when comparing results to prior periods.

This report may not foot due to rounding.

^{3. () =} Unfavorable

^{4.} Other Revenues include transmission, telecom and internet revenues as well as other items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees.

^{6.} Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets, as well as BABS subsidy.

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes MTD May 2019 (\$ in 000's)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
a.	Electric Usage in MWh	81,012	90,936	(9,924)	 NEL is 11% lower than budget due to more moderate weather. For the month of May average high temperature was 70.2°F and the 15 year average high temperature was 76.0°F. MTD CDD were 4 versus the 30 year average of 75.
b.	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	8,653	9,495	842	 The favorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission, including less renewable energy than planned and economic dispatch. Please refer to page A-5 for additional details.
c.	Total Operating Expenses	4,582	4,582	-	- Expenses for May 2019 are estimated at budgeted values.

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes FYTD May 2019 (\$ in 000's)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
A .	Electric Usage in MWh	1,010,070	1,047,123	(37,053)	 NEL is 4% lower than budget due to conservation. FYTD average high temperature was 76.9°F and the 15 year average high temperature was 77.4°F. FYTD CDD were 1,304 versus the 30 year average of 1,223.
В.	Other Revenues	6,002	6,548	(546)	 Other revenues also include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees which tend to fluctuate.
C.	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	99,079	103,978	4,898	 The favorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission, including prior period true up credits and lower than planned O&M expenses. Please refer to page A-6 for additional details.
D.	Distribution	9,145	10,102	957	The favorable variance is primarily attributable to savings for salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions and the performance of more work than planned, including capital work, for other groups. The favorable variance is partially offset by higher than planned overtime expenses.
E.	Administration/Safety	1,139	1,297	158	 The favorable variance is primarily due to lower than planned spending on professional services.
F.	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	2,207	3,042	835	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to budgetary savings on software, salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions, and professional services.
G.	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	3,842	4,658	816	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to savings for professional services and software costs. Also contributing to the favorable variance is lower than planned spending on salary and related benefits due to vacant positions.
н.	Public Benefits	3,947	4,255	309	Lifeline discounts of \$418K YTD are recorded as a reduction to retail sales but are budgeted as an expense. The balance of the variance is attributable to lower than planned electric retail sales.
l.	Telecom	1,031	1,229	198	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to the performance of more work than planned for other groups. Also contributing to the favorable variance are lower than planned spending on software and private contractual services.
J.	Construction & Maintenance	1,412	1,824	412	- The favorable variance is due to facility maintenance and servicing requests being less than planned.
K.	Capital Contributions (AIC)	1,084	3,355	(2,272)	- The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of AIC projects.

Estimated May 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund (in 000's)

	Var	Variance Month-to-Date							
	Favorable Items		avorable tems	Budget to Actual Variance					
MTD NET INCOME/(LOSS): (\$819)		\$	(574)	\$	(574)				
MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE									
Retail Sales			(1,414)		(1,414)				
Other revenues					-				
Power Supply and Transmission									
 Less renewable energy than planned 	364				364				
- Lower energy prices and economic dispatch	337				337				
- Lower retail load	279				279				
- Higher transmission expenses than planned			(138)		(138)				
Wholesale Margin			(2)		(2)				
Total	980		(1,554)		(574)				

Estimated May 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund (in 000's)

		Varia	nce Fiscal Year-to-	Date
	Footnote	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
FYTD NET INCOME: \$10.445		4,506		4,506
FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE				
Retail Sales			(4,555)	(4,555)
Power Supply and Transmission				
- Prior period true up credits	Α	2,245		2,245
 Lower than planned O&M expenses 		1,311		1,311
- Lower retail load		1,073		1,073
 Less renewable energy than planned 		885		885
 Lower than planned transmission expenses 		441		441
 Sale of fuel and avoided fuel costs as a result of a planned MPP outage 		361		361
- A ten day unplanned outage at IPP			(630)	(630)
- An unplanned outage at MPP			(531)	(531)
- Energy and fuel price variances, net of economic			(257)	(257)
dispatch			(237)	(237)
Wholesale Margin		343		343
Other Revenues		5.5	(546)	(546)
Total		6,659	(6,519)	140
FYTD EXPENSE AND OTHER VARIANCES			*	
Distribution		957		957
Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse		835		937 835
Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation		816		816
Construction & Maintenance		412		412
Depreciation expense		764		764
All other		582		582
Total		4,366		4,366
		Favorable	Unfavorable	
FOOTNOTE A		Items	Items	Total
FYTD TRUE-UP CREDITS				
MPP		1,442		1,442
Palo Verde		526		526
Prepaid Gas		281		281
SCPPA Natural Gas		157		157
Tieton Hydro		141		141
Mead-Phoenix		77		77
Ameresco Chiquita		25		25
Wild Rose (Don Campbell)		26		26
Mead-Adelanto		15		15
STS			(62)	(62)
IPP			(383)	(383)
Total		2,690	(445)	2,245

Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Cash Balances ^(a) (\$ in 000's)

	May-19		Apr-19		Mar-19		Dec-18		Jun-18		Recommended Reserves		inimum eserves
Cash and Investments													
General Operating Reserve	\$	65,949 ^(b)	\$	71,553	\$	71,956	\$	76,141	\$	78,993	\$	52,010	\$ 37,570
Capital & Debt Reduction Fund		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		21,000	5,200
BWP Projects Reserve Deposits at SCPPA		16,785		16,733		16,713		16,648		16,492			
Sub-Total Cash and Investments		92,734		98,286		98,669		102,789		105,485		73,010	 42,770
Capital Commitments						-		(266)		(6,740) ^{(c})		
Customer Deposits		(5,624)		(5,436)		(5,471)		(5,266)		(5,432)			
Public Benefits Obligation		(6,220)		(6,374)		(6,408)		(6,359)		(5,549)			
Pacific Northwest DC Intertie		(2,218)		(2,218)		(3,175)		(5,113)		(7,455)			
Low Carbon Standard Fuel (d)		(1,122)		(1,122)		(1,140)		(1,242)		(1,251)			
Cash and Investments (less Commitments)		77,550		83,136		82,474		84,542	_	79,059	_	73,010	42,770

⁽a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

⁽b) Includes a \$3.95M loan to the Water Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water.

⁽a) Denotes capital commitment for the Ontario Distribution Station and 4kV to 12kV conversion of circuits.

⁽d) Denotes funds reserved related to the sale of Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) credits.

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497)

Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) MTD and FYTD May 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

				(\$ in 000's except Gallons)				
MTD MTD May-19 \$ FY 18-19 Budget Variance (2)		% Variance		FYTD FY 18-19	FYTD May-19 Budget	\$ Variance ⁽²⁾	% Variance	
406	408	(3)	(1%)	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	4,641	4,697	(56)	(1%) ^(A)
71	83	(12)	(14%) ^(a)	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	854	911	(57)	(6%) ^(B)
				Operating Revenues				
1,940	2,075	\$ (134)	(6%) ^(b)	Potable Water	24,253	24,861	\$ (608)	(2%) ^(C)
274	335	(62)	(18%) ^(c)	Recycled Water	3,380	3,681	(301)	(8%) ^(D)
39	52	(13)	(25%) ^(d)	Other Revenue (3)	668	713	(45)	(6%)
2,253	2,462	(209)	(8%)	Total Operating Revenues	28,301	29,255	(953)	(3%)
884	947	63	7% ^(e)	Water Supply Expense	10,657	10,813	156	1%
1,369	1,515	(146)	(10%)	Gross Margin	17,644	18,442	(798)	(4%)
				Operating Expenses				
605	605	-	0%	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	6,449	6,723	274	4% ^(E)
150	150	-	0%	Operations & Maintenance - Recycled	1,391	1,668	277	17% ^(F)
199	199	-	0%	Allocated O&M	1,906	2,197	291	13% ^(G)
169	169	-	0%	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	1,835	1,860	25	1%
348	348		0%	Depreciation	3,614	3,828	214	6%
1,472	1,472	-	o% ^(f)	Total Operating Expenses	15,195	16,275	1,080	7%
				Other Income/(Expenses)				
16	16	-	0%	Interest Income	231	173	59	34% ^(H)
44	44	-	0%	Other Income/(Expense) (4)	533	489	44	9%
(160)	(160)	-	0%	Bond Interest/(Expense)	(1,751)	(1,755)	4	0%
(99)	99) (99) - 0%		0%	Total Other Income/(Expenses)	(987)	(1,094)	107	10%
(202)	(56)	(146)	(260%)	Net Income/(Loss)	1,462	1,073	389	36%
28	28	-	0%	Aid in Construction	323	306	17	6%
\$ (174)	\$ (28)	\$ (146)	(517%)	Net Change in Net Assets (Net Income)	\$ 1,785	\$ 1,379	\$ 406	29%

ı. This report may not foot due to rounding.

^{() =} Unfavorable

Other Revenue includes Items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees.

Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets.

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes MTD May 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation			
a.	Recycled Water Usage in Millions of Gallons	71	83	(12)	Recycled water sales are lower due to lower irrigation. Monthly rainfall was 0.89 inches versus the monthly normal of 0.35 inches. For the month of May average high temperature was 70.2°F and the 15 year average high temperature was 76.0°F. MTD HDD were 117 versus the 30 year average of 53.			
b.	Potable Water Revenue	1,940	2,075	(134) -	The WCAC impact decreased potable water revenues by \$76k MTD. Without this adjustment, potable water revenues would be unfavorable by 3%.			
						MT) Ac	ctual
					WCAC Revenue	\$	95	59.22
					WCAC Expenses	\$	88	82.80
					WCAC revenue deferral/(accrual)	\$		76
c.	Recycled Water Revenue	274	335	(62) -	MTD Recycled water revenue corresponds with the demand.			
d.	Other Revenue	39	52	(13) -	Other revenues include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees, which tend to fluctuate.			
e.	Water Supply Expense	884	947	63 -	Water supply expense is lower because of lower demand and is further enhanced by using less MWD water than planned.			
f.	Total Operating Expenses	1,472	1,472		Expenses for May 2019 are at budgeted values.			

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes FYTD May 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation		
A.	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	4,641	4,697	(56)	 FYTD Potable water sales are slightly lower due to lower demand. Rainfall season-to-date was 18.86 inches versus the season normal of 17.2 inches. FYTD CDD were 1,304 versus the 30 year average of 1,223. 		
В.	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	854	911	(57)	 FYTD Recycled sales are lower due to lower demand for landscaping irrigation. Rainfall season-to-date was 18.86 inches versus the season normal of 17.2 inches. FYTD CDD were 1,304 versus the 30 year average of 1,223. 		
C.	Potable Water	24,253	24,861	(608)	 The WCAC impact decreased potable water revenues by \$70k YTD. Without this adjustment, potable revenues would be unfavorable by 2%. 		
						FYT	D Actual
					WCAC Revenue		10,725.58
					WCAC Expenses		10,655.99
					WCAC revenue deferral/(accrual)	\$	70
D.	Recycled Water	3,380	3,681	(301)	- FYTD Recycled water revenue is unfavorable due to lower demand.		
E.	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	6,449	6,723	274	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to budgetary savings on salaries and related benefits due to vacant positions and lower than planned spending on professional services. 		
F.	Operations & Maintenance - Recycled	1,391	1,668	277	 The favorable variance is primarily attributable to lower than planned spending on professional services, software & hardware, private contractual services, and lower than planned electricity for water pumping. 		
G.	Allocated O&M	1,906	2,197	291	The favorable variance is attributable to lower than planned allocated expenses (Customer Service, Finance, and Construction & Maintenance) from the Electric Fund.		
н.	Interest Income	231	173	59	 The favorable variance is attributable to higher cash through January 2019 and higher actual rate of return. 		

Estimated May 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund (in 000's)

	Vari	ance Month-to-Da	te
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
MTD NET INCOME (LOSS): (\$202)		(146)	(146)
MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE			
Potable Revenues		(134)	(134)
Recycled Revenues		(62)	(62)
Water Supply Expense	63		63
Other Revenue		(13)	(13)
Total	63	(209)	(146)

Estimated May 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund (in 000's)

	Varian	ce Fiscal Year-to-D	Date
	Favorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance
FYTD NET INCOME: \$1,462 FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE	389		389
Potable Revenues Recycled Revenues Other Revenue Water Supply Expense Total	156 156	(608) (301) (45)	(608) (301) (45) 156 (798)
FYTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES			
Allocated O&M	291		291
Recycled Water O&M	277		277
Potable O&M	274		274
Depreciation Expense All Other	214		214
Total	131 1,187		131 1,187
IVIAI	1,10/		1,10/

Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Cash and Investment Balances ^(a)

		May-19 /		Apr-19 M		Mar-19		Dec-18		Jun-18		mmended eserves	Minimum Reserves	
Cash and investments		-												
General Operating Reserves	\$	10,379 ^(b)	\$	5,996	\$	5,800	\$	12,471	\$	10,925	\$	12,630	\$	8,070
Capital Reserve Fund		2,220		2,220		2,220		2,220		2,220		5,200		1,300
Sub-Total Cash and Investments		12,599		8,216		8,020		14,691		13,145		17,830		9,370
Customer Deposits		(1,182)		(1,182)		(1,266)		(1,170)		(607)				
Capital Commitments (c)		-		-		-		-		(140)				
Cash and Investments (less commitments)		11,418		7,034		6,754		13,521		12,397	_	17,830		9,370

⁽a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

⁽b) Includes a \$3.95M loan from the Electric Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water.

⁽o) Capital commitment for the recycled water I-5 Freeway second tie crossing project paid in October.

The regular meeting of the Civil Service Board was held in the City Council Chambers of City Hall.

Roll Call

Members present:

Jacqueline Waltman, Chairperson

Matthew Doyle, Vice-Chairperson

Linda Barnes, Secretary

Iveta Ovsepyan Miguel Porras

Also present:

Danny Alvarez, Fire Battalion Chief

Dino Balos, Accounting and Audit Manager

Adam Cornils, Police Lieutenant

Brady Griffin, Human Resources Manager David Lasher, Administrative Analyst II

Betsy McClinton, Management Services Director John Molinar, Ast Public Works Dir, Street & Sanitation

Katie Picha, Administrative Analyst II

April Rios, Human Resources Manager

Rene Sanchez, Human Resources Technician II

Jessica Sandoval, Executive Assistant

Additional Agenda Items

None

Open Public Comment Period of Oral Communications

None

Approval of Minutes

MOTION CARRIED: It was moved by Ms. Barnes, seconded by Mr.Porras and carried 5-0 to approve the minutes of the regular meeting May 1, 2019 and June 5, 2019.

Proposed Amendments to Classification Plan

None

Recruitment and Selection Report – May and June 2019

RECOMMENDATION: Note and file.

Expedited Recruitment Quarterly Report

RECOMMENDATION: Note and file.

Appointments and Assignments

This month there were retroactive extensions needed due to the lack of a quorum for the reqularly scheduled Board meeting on June 5, 2019. The retroactive extensions consisted of one provisional appointment and two temporary appointments. The extensions were being sought on behalf of the Burbank Water and Power Department, the Fire Department, and the Police Department. For the month of July 2019, there was one provisional appointment extension and one temporary appointment extension needed. The extensions were being sought on behalf of the Financial Services Department and the Public Works Department.

MOTION CARRIED: It was moved by Mr. Doyle, seconded by Ms. Barnes and carried 5-0 to approve the Appointments and Assignments for the months of June and July 2019.

Additional Leave Quarterly Report

RECOMMENDATION: Note and file.

Adjournment

The regular meeting of the Civil Service Board was adjourned at 4:56 p.m.

Betsy McClinton Management Services Director

APPROVED:		
	•	
	D.175	
Jacqueline Waltman, Chairperson	DATE	—
	DATE	
Linda Barnes, Secretary		