

# Weekly Management Report January 24, 2020

1. Synopsis

Parks and Recreation Board Meeting on

January 9, 2020

**Parks and Recreation Department** 

2. Report

November 2019 Operating Results

**Water and Power Department** 

3. Memo

City's Internal Plastics Reduction Policy

**Public Works Department** 

4. Memo

Starlight Estates Neighborhood Concerns

**Police Department** 

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# CITY OF BURBANK PARKS AND RECREATION ANNOTATED AGENDA/MEETING SUMMARY

Meeting: Parks and Recreation Board

Date: Thursday, January 9, 2020

Staff Present: Marisa Garcia, Parks and Recreation Director; Kristen Smith, Deputy Director; Meri Young, Administrative Analyst II; Kristen Hauptli, Administrative Analyst II; Lacey Cabrera, Recreation Leader; Angela Attaryan, Recording Secretary.

Board Members Present: Ms. Burghdorf, Mr. Gussow, Mr. DePalo, Ms. Peguero Gamiño

Board Members Absent: Ms. Lowers

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	Item Discussed	Summary	Direction or
8.0			Action, if any
	Announcements	Lacey Cabrera announced the Department's upcoming activities and	
		events.	
2	Recognitions	None,	
3	Oral Communications	None:	
4	Response to Oral	None	
	Communications		
2	Written Communications	None, Series of the series of	
9	Park Board Comments	None	
7	RISE Program Schedule	Kristen Hauptli provided the Board with an overview of the RISE	Noted and filed.
	and Summary	program and schedule. RISE Burbank is a ten-week program that	
		develops a new generation of emerging leaders who are committed to	
		creating a positive change in their community through service and	
∞	Burbank Athletic		It was moved by Mr. DePalo
	Federation (BAF) Board	explained the advertising and interview process which culminated with	seconded by Mr. Gussow and carried
	Appointments:	the recommendation of Larry Nelson and Dennis Roy to serve on the 4-0 that Larry Nelson and Dennis Roy	4-0 that Larry Nelson and Dennis Roy
		BAF Board.	fill two vacancies for a three-year
			term on the Burbank Athletic
			Federation (BAF) Board of Directors.
6	Calendar of Board Dark	Meri Young reported on the Calendar of Board Dark Meetings. She It was moved by Mr. DePalo	It was moved by Mr. DePalo
3	Meetings	noted that in the past the Board has agreed to have two dark meetings. seconded by Ms. Peguero Gamiño	seconded by Ms. Peguero Gamiño

# CITY OF BURBANK PARKS AND RECREATION ANNOTATED AGENDA/MEETING SUMMARY

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and carried 3-0 that the Board go dark for the months of July 2020 and December 2020. Mr. Gussow abstained.	It was moved by Mr. Gussow seconded by Mr. DePalo and carried	4-0 to approve the consein Calendar.												It was moved by Ms. Burghdorf and	seconded by Mr. DePalo and carried 4-0 to adjourn the meeting.
and carrie dark for th December abstained.	It was seconde	6 2 2 7						3 70.0			.,			It was n	seconde 4-0 to a
Staff thought it would be helpful to have those dates already and carried 3-0 that the Board go determined so that agenda items can be appropriately calendared.  December 2020. Mr. Gussow abstained.	Approval of Minutes. Minutes of the November 14, 2019 meeting were approved.	City Council Agenda Items Update Noted and Filed.	Contract Compliance	Park Patrol Reports	The Park Patrol Report for November 2019 and December 2019 was noted and filed.	Departmental Operations Update Noted and Filed.	None.	None.		None.	- 第八人が発行され	None.		The meeting was adjourned at 6:30 p.m.	
	Consent Calendar						Tabled Items		Communications	Additional Comments	from the Board	-	Agenda Items	Adjournment	
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### CITY OF BURBANK BURBANK WATER AND POWER STAFF REPORT

DATE:

January 16, 2020

TO:

**BWP Board** 

FROM:

Jorge Somoano, General Manager, BWP

SUBJECT:

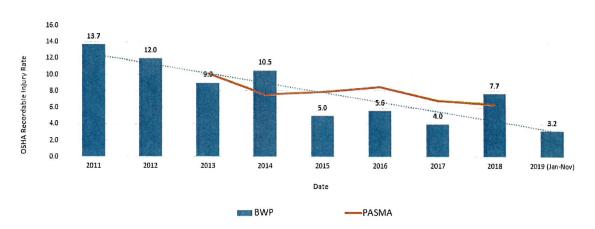
November 2019 Operating Results

\*Please note that changes from last month's report are in BOLD

### SAFETY

For the month of November, BWP experienced zero OSHA recordable injuries; BWP's year to date (Jan - Nov) OSHA recordable rate is 3.2 for the end of November.

BWP TOTAL RECORDABLE INJURY RATE (TRIR) vs PASMA TRIR



OSHA Recordable Injury Rate = No. of recordable cases per 100 full time employees. PASMA - Public Agency Safety Management Association (Utilities only Data) 2019 Data = 12 month rolling average

### Water Estimated Financial Results

For the month of November, Potable Water usage was 9% (35 million gallons) higher than budgeted and Potable Water Revenues were \$33,000 higher than budgeted. Recycled Water usage was 9% (7 million gallons) lower than budgeted and Recycled Water Revenues were \$5,000 lower than budgeted. November Water Supply Expenses were \$14,000 higher than budgeted. November's Gross Margin was \$31,000 higher than budgeted. Net Income was \$25,000, which was \$31,000 higher than budgeted.

November fiscal-year-to-date (FYTD) Potable Water usage was 1% (38 million gallons) lower than budgeted. FYTD November Potable Water Revenues were \$208,000 higher than budgeted. FYTD Recycled Water usage was on target and Recycled Water Revenues were \$30,000 higher than budgeted. FYTD Water Supply Expenses were \$283,000 lower than budgeted. The FYTD November Gross Margin was \$505,000 better than budgeted. Operating Expenses were \$727,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was \$1,959,000, which was \$1,163,000 better than budgeted.

### **Electric Estimated Financial Results**

For the month of November, electric loads were 5% lower than budget. Retail Sales were \$226,000 lower than budgeted. November Power Supply Expenses were \$1,092,000 lower than budgeted primarily due to lower energy prices, economic dispatch (the managing and optimizing of resources to meet system load) and lower O&M expenses than planned. November's Wholesale Margin was \$28,000 lower than budgeted. November's Gross Margin was \$772,000 higher than budgeted. Net Income was \$925,000, which was \$906,000 higher than budgeted.

FYTD November electric loads were 5% lower than budget. Retail Sales were \$3,273,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Power Supply Expenses were \$5,657,000 lower than budgeted primarily due to lower energy prices and economic dispatch (the managing and optimizing of resources to meet system load), and lower than planned O&M expenses. FYTD Wholesale Margin was \$292,000 lower than budgeted. FYTD Gross Margin was \$1,686,000 better than budgeted. November FYTD Operating Expenses were \$1,167,000 lower than budgeted. Net Income was \$5,621,000, which was \$3,045,000 better than budgeted.

### WATER DIVISION

### State Water Project Update

On June 20, 2019, the Department of Water Resources (DWR) increased the State Water Project (SWP) Allocation Table A amounts from 70% to 75%. This is the final allocation for the calendar year.

### **Burbank's Water Use**

The table below shows water use in Burbank during November 2019 compared to November 2018 measured in gallons per capita per day (gpcd). Also shown is a comparison of Burbank's water use based on a 12-month rolling average.

	Average Monthly Use	Rolling 12-Month Average
November 2018	135 gpcd	139 gpcd
November 2019	140 gpcd	132 gpcd

These figures show annual water use is well below the target average use of 157 gpcd that must be met by the year 2020.

### **Burbank Operating Unit (BOU) Water Production**

The table below provides the operational data for the BOU for the rolling quarter of September through November. The contract operator performed weekly and monthly sampling for the treatment plant and wells.

	Capacity Factor	Average Flow Rate (FY Total)
Sep-19	76.3%	6,867 gpm
Oct-19	88.35%	7,952 gpm
Nov-19	93.2%	8,393 gpm

Higher BOU Capacity factors are attributed to the operation of the newly constructed "temporary interconnection" between BWP and LADWP (LAIX). During the winter months, when BWP's demand is lower than the BOU's treatment capacity, we can use this additional capacity to treat the contaminated groundwater at a higher rate and send the balance of the treated water that is not used by Burbank to Los Angeles. The transfer agreement stipulates LADWP will directly reimburse MWD for the water used to blend and will reimburse BWP the costs related to O&M distribution and treatment. The LAIX began normal operation

in October 2019 and continues to date. The total transfer for the month of November was 214.8 ac/ft and the annual total is 293.3 ac/ft.

BWP Water transferred to LADWP in ac/ft.

			Control of the Contro
Month	MWD	BOU	Total
August	0.7	0.8	1.5
September	0	0	0
October	21.3	55.7	77
November	57.6	157.2	214.8
			293.3

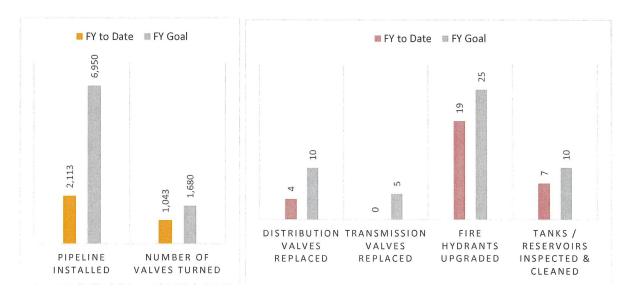
### **Project Updates**

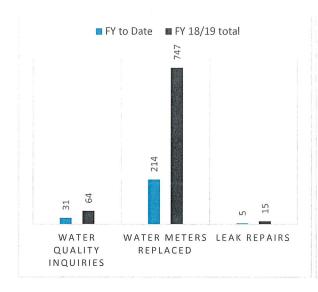
Due to the bountiful 2019 water year, MWD added excess water supply to its storage facilities. The available water exceeded MWD's capacity to place water into its storage facilities so MWD authorized use from the previously created Cyclic Storage Program to allow Member Agencies to store water in their groundwater basins and then pay for the water later.

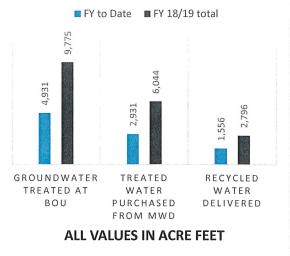
Burbank agreed to spread up to 14,000 acre-feet of Cyclic Storage Water by the end of the 2019 calendar year. During the month of November 1,772 acre-feet of water was spread, bringing the total 2019 water spread to 10,792 acre-feet.

### **Key Performance Indicators**

The graphs below illustrate the progress the Water Division has made on key performance measures.







### **Leak Alert Notifications**

During the Fall of 2009, BWP began installing an Automated Metering Infrastructure (AMI) System by Itron. The system consists of endpoints that connect directly to the meter to get the meter read. The water use was transmitted by radio from the endpoints located in the meter box and received by 10 collectors stationed throughout the City. The data was "backhauled" or bundled using the Tropos radio system and delivered to database servers that accepted and processed the meter data. Full deployment of the system (approximately 26,000 endpoints) was completed in 18 months.

Benefits of AMI technology allow data to be collected rapidly and frequently and can be analyzed to find higher than normal usage and alert customers of leaks. BWP began providing Leak Alert service to residents who registered to receive notifications. This service, Water Smart, works by receiving hourly water usage from the meter and analyzes this data to determine if a leak might be present based on continuous usage. Since 2015, we have provided 11,756 leak alerts to customers. Unfortunately, a high volume of communication modules are not working reliably and replacement units are no longer produced.

As of November 2019, 2,515 communication modules are not working properly out of 26,984 meters (about 9 %). We previously notified 976 customers who participate in the Leak Alert Program that the failure of these communication modules prevents the sending of Leak Alert Notifications, and due to continued failures, we are now in the process of notifying an additional 304 customers.

Please note that the figure of 2,749 for non-communicating modules was transposed in the October report. The figure should have been 2,479.

### 4007 West Magnolia

Four-inch valve replacement for the annual valve maintenance program (the valve being replaced was broken in an unknown position). Replacing inoperable valves like this one helps to keep proper water circulation throughout the distribution system.





### **ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION**

### **ELECTRIC RELIABILITY**

In November 2019, BWP did not experience any sustained feeder outages. In the past 12 months, automatic reclosing has reduced customer outage time by approximately 1,731,452 customer minutes.

Reliability Measurement	December 2017- November 2018	December 2018 - November 2019
Average Outages Per Year (SAIFI)	0.4419	0.2752
Average Outage Duration (CAIDI)	50.12 minutes	15.54 minutes
Average Service Availability	99.996%	99.999%
Average Momentary Outages Per Year (MAIFI)	0.2346	0.4135
No. of Sustained Feeder Outages	10	10
No. of Sustained Outages by Mylar Balloons	3	2
No. of Sustained Outages by Animals	0	0
No. of Sustained Outages by Palm Fronds	1	2

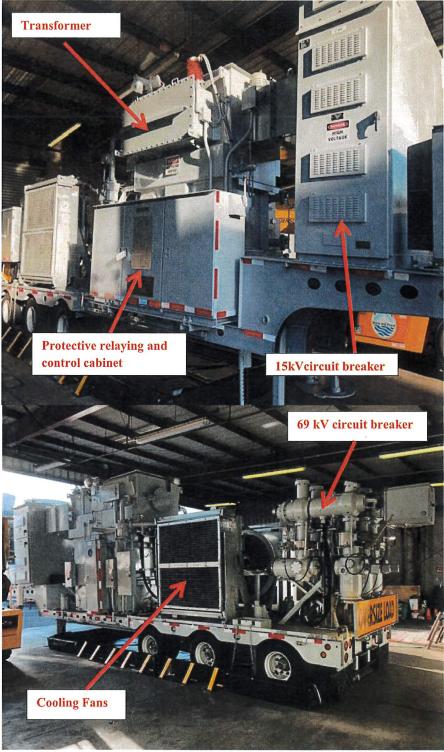
### **PROJECT UPDATES**

### **Mobile Substation**

BWP acquired and recently received a 25MVA mobile substation compatible with voltage levels at all thirteen of BWP's distributing substations and two large customer substations. The mobile substation is an electrical substation mounted on a trailer including a substation transformer, circuit breakers, protective relaying and controls, and other auxiliary equipment.

In the event of an extended substation transformer outage, which can take a minimum of six months to procure, the mobile substation would be installed to

maintain BWP's reliability by sharing and reducing the electrical load on other substation transformers. Pictures of the mobile substation are below.



Mobile Substation at BWP Campus

### 4 kV Circuit Breaker Replacement for McCambridge M-15 Feeder

The 4 kV oil-filled circuit breaker (OCB) used for isolating McCambridge feeder M-15 was not opening as quickly as designed. After performing additional maintenance on this circuit breaker, it was determined that it could not be brought back to original design specifications. As such, this circuit breaker was removed and replaced with new vacuum circuit breaker (VCB). The new VCB opens faster than the original OCB, which means it does a better job of protecting equipment and reducing arc flash exposure to personnel.



Original 4 kV Oil Circuit Breaker for McCambridge M-15

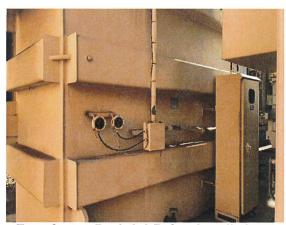


New 4 kV Vacuum Circuit Breaker for McCambridge M-15

### **Transformer Temperature Monitor Installation at San Jose**

BWP has been in the process of installing new temperature monitors for 38 of its 42 substation transformer banks (the remaining four transformer banks already have temperature monitors). Since 2015, BWP has installed 21 temperature monitors and is on track to complete the remaining transformer monitor installations by Fiscal Year 2022-23.

In November, BWP installed two additional transformer temperature sensors and monitors at the San Jose Substation. The new monitors transmit transformer oil and winding temperatures to the Energy Control Center (ECC) and allow for automatic control, as well as remote control of future transformer cooling fans from the ECC. System operators and engineers will use temperature information to quickly identify abnormal operating conditions and determine whether a substation transformer is loaded beyond its normal rating.



Transformer Bank A-2 Before Installation



Transformer Bank A-2 After Installation

### **STREET LIGHTING**

### **LED Replacement Program**

In accordance with the Street Lighting Master Plan, BWP is replacing high-pressure sodium (HPS) streetlight luminaires with light-emitting diode (LED) luminaires. Replacement is carried out on a maintenance basis, and LEDs are installed daily as the HPS luminaires burn out. The LED replacements consume approximately 60% less energy. To date, 61.87% of the total streetlight luminaires have been converted to LEDs, which translates to an annualized energy savings of 3,395MWh or a 36.63% reduction in energy consumption. LED conversions have also reduced evening load by 775kW, which shortens the "neck of the duck curve" and reduces the amount of energy generation that BWP needs.

### **CUSTOMER SERVICE**

### **Customer Service Operations**

Customer Service is in the process of hiring six part-time Customer Service Representatives. We anticipate them onboarding by the end of January 2020. These hires will fill vacancies and allow Customer Service the flexibility and capacity to meet service levels.

Call volume levels are now at or below the levels before going live with the OAM. Through customer feedback, BWP is looking for ways to make improvements that will be part of the next phase of the OAM project, including usage data and outage notifications.

Call Types	% of Calls
Balance	31%
Issue of the month	8%
Disconnect/Reconnect	7%
Payment Extension	6%
Other	48%

	Mar-19	Apr-19	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	% Inc/Dec
Call Volume	7227	5740	6310	5029	5507	5417	4675	5374	4330	5389	24%

### Online Account Manager

The adoption of the Online Account Manager (OAM) continues to be over 50% of all active accounts. Of all registered accounts, close to 90% are paperless customers helping BWP reduce costs and reduce carbon emissions. BWP will continue its efforts to drive Customers to the OAM, paperless, and auto pay. These initiatives will continue to drive down costs. BWP's second milestone is to have 80% of all active accounts registered on the OAM by 2021. **Below is the chart outlining activity for the Online Account Manager:** 

	M- 10	A	NA 10	l 10	1-1 10				N. 40		- 111	% of
	Mar-19	Abr-1a	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-Ta	Aug-19	2eb-13	Oct-19	NOV-19	Dec-19	lotal**	lotal*
Enrollments	18,498	6,317	3,052	1,742	1,294	1,126	1,002	824	576	781	25,453	49%
Paperless	17,047	5,704	3,045	1,729	1,288	1,119	995	823	495	779	21,876	42%
Autopay	2,354	2,376	1,170	985	614	559	462	420	373	376	12,927	26%

<sup>\*</sup> Percent as compared to all active BWP accounts.

### **Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Program**

Forty-seven public EV charging ports are installed in Burbank, including 2 DC Fast Chargers and 18 curbside chargers. As of November 2019, pricing for public EV charging returned to off-peak rates of \$0.1753 per kilowatt-hour (kWh) for Level 1 and Level 2 and \$0.2817 per kWh for the DC Fast Chargers.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Customers with an active BWP Account.

Month of usage	Chargers Available	Usage in kWh	Gross Revenue	GHG reduced in kg	kWh/ Station/ Day	% Peak Sessions	Charging Occupancy
Nov 2019	42	17,028	\$3,336	7,152	13.2	23%	14%
Oct 2019	35	16,847	\$3,175	7,076	13	22%	14%
Sep 2019	34	15,978	\$3,099	6,711	12	24%	16%
Aug 2019	36	17,738	\$3,638	7,450	13	24%	14%
Jul 2019	41	19,804	\$3,765	8,318	15	22%	16%
Jun 2019	42	24,374	\$4,303	10,237	19	21%	23%
May 2019	42	25,756	\$4,783	10,818	19	21%	22%
Apr 2019	42	26,501	\$4,981	11,131	20	21%	20%
Mar 2019	42	24,810	\$4,507	10,420	18	20%	17%
Feb 2019	44	20,127	\$3,277	8,453	17	23%	17%
Jan 2019	44	20,706	\$3,511	8,696	16	22%	18%
Dec 2018	45	22,889	\$3,991	9,613	18	21%	19%
Nov 2018	45	22,145	\$3,879	9,301	18	20%	20%
Oct 2018	45	23,141	\$3,957	9,719	18	20%	21%
Sep 2018	45	18,592	\$3,665	7,809	17	18%	20%
Aug 2018	45	18,613	\$3,757	7,818	23	21%	23%

Five charging ports were out of service during November. The EV chargers at 133 E. Orange Grove, Civic Center parking, Lakeside Shopping Center, and 1113 W. Alameda were replaced with new dual-port level 2 chargers. The count of charging ports at the Civic Center parking was increased by two by replacing the single port chargers with dual-port chargers.

Port Location	# of Ports	Out of Service Date	Issue	Expected Back in Service Date
2034 N. Hollywood Way	2	19-Mar	Cable retractor failure	20-Jan
533 S. Glenoaks Blvd	2	19-Aug	Cable retractor failure	20-Jan
340 N. Buena Vista St.	2	19-Sep	Cable retractor failure	20-Jan
2116 Glenoaks Blvd.	1	19-Oct	Cable retractor failure	20-Jan

### Rooftop Solar

The table below tracks the total number and capacity of installed customer-owned rooftop solar photovoltaic systems in Burbank.

Month	Number of Solar Systems Installed This Month	Number of Solar Systems Installed FYTD	Total Solar Systems in Burbank	Total Solar Kilowatts
Nov 2019	10	40	839	8,251
Oct 2019	9	30	829	8,189
Sep 2019	5	21	820	8,111
Aug 2019	10	16	815	8,073
Jul 2019*	6	6	805	8,012
Jun 2019	12	100	799	7,962
May 2019	10	88	787	7,889
Apr 2019	8	78	777	7,833
Mar 2019	11	70	769	7,788
Feb 2019	5	59	758	7,707
Jan 2019	15	54	753	7,677
Dec 2018	10	39	738	7,530
Nov 2018	6	29	728	7,375
Oct 2018	9	23	722	7,351
Sep 2018	5	14	713	7,289
Aug 2018	5	9	708	7,256

<sup>\*</sup> Start of new fiscal year.

### **TECHNOLOGY**

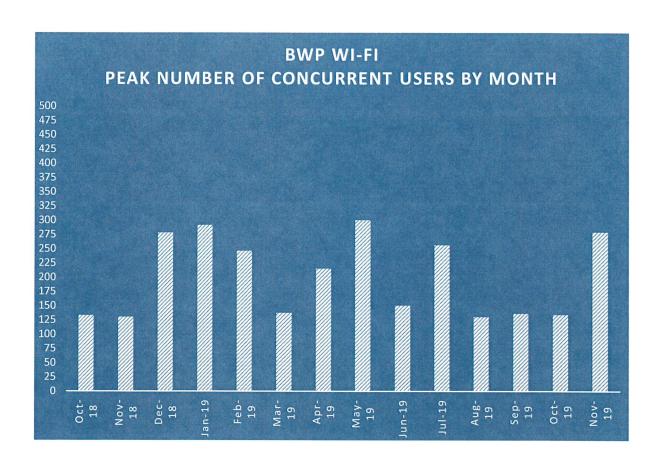
### **Broadband Services (ONE Burbank)**

	November 2019 New Orders	Revenues for November 2019	FYTD 2019-20 Revenues	FYTD Budget
Lit	4	\$111,774	\$568,308	\$641,667
Dark	2	\$195,065	\$1,008,300	\$962,500
Total	6	\$306,839	\$1,576,608	\$1,604,167

### **BWP WiFi**

On August 17, 2015, BWP WiFi launched throughout the City of Burbank as a free citywide wireless community broadband service.

The table below reports the number of users that are active and communicating to the internet (email, browsing, streaming, etc.)



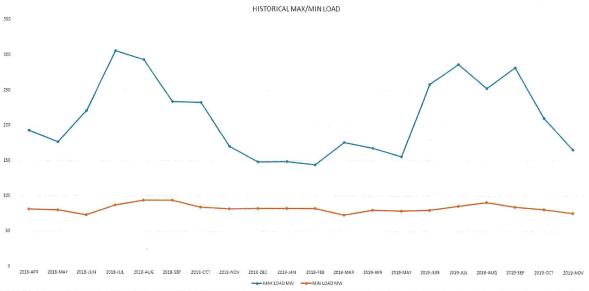
### **Cyber Security Update – November 2019**

BWP is currently implementing technology improvements which will impact the way cyber security data is gathered and metrics are reported going forward. BWP will make every effort to provide accurate and relevant data within these reports, however, as necessary technology improvements are required, these reports and the data referenced within them may change.

### **POWER SUPPLY**

### **BWP SYSTEM OPERATIONS:**

The maximum load for November 2019 was 166.3 MW at 2:51 PM on Friday, November 8, and the minimum load was 81.1 MW at 3:56 AM on Sunday, November 10.



Minimum load values corrected for Sept & Dec 2018.

YEAR	MAX LOAD	MAX DATE
2018	306.3 MW	06-Jul-18
2010	306.3 10100	16:41:28
2017	322.1 MW	31-Aug-17
	322.1 10100	16:02:52
2016	308.52 MW	20-Jun-16
2010	306.32 10100	16:46:20
2015	306.23 MW	09-Sep-15
2015	300.23 10100	15:42:00
2014	316.68 MW	16-Sep-14
2014	210.09 1/1//	15:52:04

The Burbank power system did not experience abnormal weather or natural gas supply issues for November 2019.

Southern California continues to experience natural gas reliability and affordability challenges because of supply and demand mismatches. SoCal Gas' system capacity and supply are primarily a function of two components: (1) transmission pipelines, which bring gas into and then transport it throughout the system; and (2) underground natural gas storage connected to transmission pipelines near system load. While one component

of the system's limited supply is the transmission pipeline reductions and outages, the other critical component is storage operating constraints from the CPUC restricting the use of the Aliso Canyon Storage Facility. The current effective withdrawal protocol is restrictive but is less restrictive than the previous protocol, in that Aliso Canyon was only allowed to be withdrawn from if curtailment was imminent, but now can occur under less acute circumstances. This likely reduces the number and severity of single day gas price swings in the SoCal Gas system.

The CPUC continues to be concerned about the status of the SoCalGas storage inventory, system operations, and ability to provide natural gas this winter. SoCal Gas is 2.5 Bcf behind its estimates on filling its non-Aliso Canyon storage facilities. On September 17 the CPUC sent SoCal Gas a letter ordering SoCal Gas to take immediate actions to increase injections at all available storage facilities.

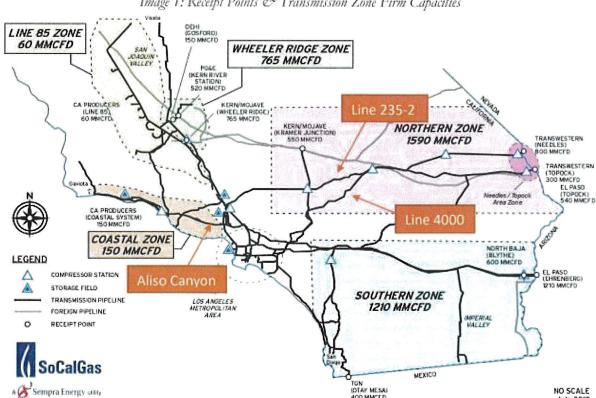


Image 1: Receipt Points & Transmission Zone Firm Capacities

### Line 235-2

Line 235-2 (largely a 1957 vintage pipeline) returned to service at a reduced pressure on October 15, 2019 after a rupture on October 1, 2017.

During additional progressive restorations of pressure and the associated leak surveys, non-hazardous leaks were detected on June 7 (leak #9) and June 18 (leak #10) in remote areas of the desert, which requires additional remediation on Line 235-2. For leak #9, the required authorizations have been received from the Bureau of Land Management and California Department of Fish and Wildlife for the leak repair work site with construction commencing. For leak #10, these authorization requests will be submitted shortly.

### Line 4000

Following the Line 235-2 rupture, SoCal Gas reduced the pressure of Line 4000 (largely a 1960 vintage pipeline) because it is in the same "family" of pipelines as Line 235-2. SoCal Gas lowered the pressure to increase the factor of safety on the pipeline until SoCal Gas can conduct further analysis of Line 4000 based on what is learned from Line 235-2. In addition, this increased safety margin reduced the safety risk to employees working on Line 235-2, which is in close proximity to Line 4000 for the first 5-6 miles.

Line 4000 was taken out of service on September 19 for validation digs. Line 4000 returned to service on October 24 at reduced pressure.

### **ELECTRICITY GENERATION:**

### **BWP** Generating Facilities

Unit	Availability	Operating Hrs	MWH (Net)	NO <sub>x</sub> (lbs)	Starts
Olive 1	0%	0	0	0	0
Olive 2	0%	0	0	0	0
Lake 1	100%	6	200	45	2
MPP	100%	720	125,423	4,998	0

Olive 1 and 2 remained in dry storage, with a 120-day notice required to restart. Olive 1 and 2 have been in dry storage since 2011 and 2012, respectively. Lake One was placed online two times during the month of November.

### Magnolia Power Project (MPP)

	November	FYTD	YTD
Availability	92%	96%	95%
Unit Capacity Factor (240 MW)	73%	76%	75%

MPP was shut down on November 15, 2019 for a scheduled offline water wash of the combustion turbine compressor. Several other preventative maintenance items were also completed during the outage. MPP was successfully restarted on November 18, 2019 and released to the Participants for dispatch at 12:00PM, as scheduled.

### **Tieton Hydropower Project (Tieton)**

Tieton's annual generation season began on March 22 with limited water flow provided by the United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR), which carried out "fish pulse" operations designed to encourage upward spawning migration of spring salmon. Fish pulsing was conducted until March 27 when water flow was reduced and generation was no longer possible until later in April, when it commenced again.

### Generation ended October 19 and maintenance work is in progress.





**Unit 2 Generator Rotor Inspection** 

**Unit 2 Generator Stator Inspection** 

### **ENVIRONMENTAL**

### Air Quality

On June 28, BWP submitted two application packages to the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) in order to renew the existing Title V Operating Permits for Lake One and for MPP. These applications were reviewed and approved by the SCAQMD. The draft permits are now with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for a 45-day review period. After the 45-day review period is completed, final permits will be issued to BWP for Lake One and MPP to continue operations. The permits will cover another five-year operating period for each facility.

On July 17, another application package was submitted to the SCAQMD to revise MPP's Title V Operating Permit. This application is to approve and include general electric upgrades to the combustion turbine, allowing MPP to operate at a lower minimum load output (MW) while still complying with existing air quality requirements. Upgrades cannot

be installed until a revised permit is approved and this process is being managed independently of the five-year permit renewal. This application is currently under review by the SCAQMD and will go to the EPA for review once the SCAQMD issues a draft permit. After the review is complete, a final permit will be issued.

### **Storm Water**

On November 27, storm water samples were collected at the BWP campus. Storm water samples are required to be analyzed by an independent laboratory and the results submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board's online reporting tool. The analytical results indicated elevated levels of copper, iron and zinc. BWP is in the environmental review process for a storm water improvement project to address the storm water compliance issues.

### **PROJECT UPDATES:**

### **Power Resources**

### **Transmission Update**

Negotiations with LADWP, for several existing Transmission Service Agreements, including those associated with Hoover Dam and IPP generation resources are ongoing. A one-year extension of the existing Hoover Transmission Service Agreement was approved by consent by City Council on August 13.

### **Integrated Resource Planning**

BWP's 2019 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) was adopted by the City Council on December 11, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of Senate Bill 350. In conjunction with its adoption of the 2019 IRP, Council also established 1) a SB350-compliant process to update the BWP IRP at least every five years and 2) an aspirational goal to achieve a 100% greenhouse gas-free power supply for Burbank by 2040 or sooner, consistent with reliability and affordability.

Pursuant to SB350, BWP filed the 2019 IRP with the California Energy Commission (CEC) on April 2, 2019, in advance of the April 30 deadline. The CEC is required to make two separate findings on IRPs: first, that the IRP is complete (i.e., all required components were included) and second, that the IRP is consistent with the requirements of SB350. The CEC confirmed that BWP's 2019 IRP is complete on May 14, 2019. On July 29, the Executive Director of the CEC filed a determination finding that BWP's 2019 IRP to be consistent with the requirements of SB350. At the CEC's November 13, 2019 Business Meeting, the Commission passed a motion, 4-0, to accept BWP's 2019 IRP, along with three other IRPs up for consideration. This action by the CEC formally completes BWP's 2019 IRP filing process.

### Intermountain Power Project (Delta, UT) Renewal Progress

On June 20, the BWP Board voted 7-0 to recommend that City Council 1) authorize and direct the BWP General Manager to reduce Burbank's participation in the renewal of the Intermountain Power Project from 35 megawatts (MW) to 28 MW (a 20% reduction) and 2) approve and authorize the BWP General Manager to execute each of the Entitlement Assignment Agreement (Southern Transmission System) and the Entitlement Assignment Agreement (Northern Transmission System) together with all ancillary documents necessary to effectuate the foregoing. On July 23, Council approved these recommendations on a vote of 4-1.

BWP then informed the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) and LADWP, in its capacity as IPP Operating Agent, of BWP's decision to participate in the repowering project at a reduced level, in advance of the August 3, 2019 deadline.

The Entitlement Assignment Agreements are pending approval by LADWP's governing bodies.

### **Power Generation**

### **Landfill Gas to Energy Project**

The Project is now approximately 79% complete (based on actual cost incurred as of November 30, 2019 versus the anticipated total cost at completion); it remains on schedule, and the anticipated total cost at completion remains within budget.

During November, excavation work and installation of the underground electrical was completed, along with concrete placement for equipment foundations. New electrical switchgear was set, and a flare outage was taken to facilitate connection and energization of the new gear; now the plant is powered through the new switchgear.

The Unison gas conditioning system and the Capstone microturbine package were delivered to site and set in place on November 26, 2019. With the major equipment installed, interconnection pipe routing details were finalized, and shop fabrication of piping was begun. Commissioning and start-up of the new systems will begin in January, following the holiday break.

Substantial completion of the Project is expected on or before February 3, 2020. Work on the Project currently is on schedule in support of the substantial completion date.



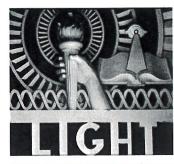
LFG Conditioning Skid



**Capstone Microturbine System** 

# Burbank Water and Power













Estimated Financial Report November-19

### Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496)

## Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) (2) (5) MTD and FYTD November 2019

(\$ in 000's except MWh Sales)

 MTD Y 19-20	MTD Nov-19 Budget	\$ Variance <sup>(2)</sup>	% Variance	(VIII OUS O SACOPE III III SALAS)	FYTD FY 19-20	FYTD Nov-19 Budget	\$ Variance <sup>(2)</sup>	% Variance
80,999	85,631	(4,632)	(5%) <sup>(a)</sup>	NEL MWh	498,178	526,133	(27,955)	(5%) <sup>(A)</sup>
				Retail				
\$ 12,788	\$ 13,014	\$ (226)	(2%)	Retail Sales	\$ 76,318	\$ 79,591	\$ (3,273)	(4%)
521	587	(67)	(11%) <sup>(b)</sup>	Other Revenues (3)	2,529	2,935	(407)	(14%) <sup>(B)</sup>
 7,885	8,977	1,092	12% <sup>(c)</sup>	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	47,529	53,186	5,657	11% <sup>(C)</sup>
5,424	4,624	800	17%	Retall Margin	31,318	29,340	1,978	7%
				Wholesale				
819	3,748	(2,929)	(78%)	Wholesale Sales	4,539	23,754	(19,215)	(81%)
753	3,654	2,901	79%	Wholesale Power Supply	4,237	23,161	18,923	82%
66	94	(28)	(30%)	Wholesale Margin	302	594	(292)	(49%)
5,490	4,718	772	16%	Gross Margin	31,619	29,934	1,686	6%
				Operating Expenses				
914	914	•	0%	Distribution	4,558	4,646	87	2%
139	139	-	0%	Administration/Safety	610	608	(2)	(0%)
229	229	-	0%	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	769	1,120	351	31% <sup>(D)</sup>
507	507	-	0%	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	2,536	2,536	0	0%
446	446	-	0%	Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	2,046	2,228	182	8%
352	352	-	0%	Public Benefits	2,076	2,162	86	4%
168	168	-	0%	Security/Oper Technology	904	874	(30)	(3%)
110	110	-	0%	Telecom	548	583	35	6%
183	183	-	0%	Construction & Maintenance	814	913	99	11%
 1,575	1,575		0%	Depreciation	7,514	7,873	359	5%
4,622	4,622	-	0% <sup>(d)</sup>	Total Operating Expenses	22,376	23,543	1,167	5%
\$ 867	\$ 96	\$ 772	807%	Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ 9,243	\$ 6,391	\$ 2,853	45%

### Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496)

## Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) (2) (5) MTD and FYTD November 2019

(\$ in 000's)

					(4 111 000 5)				
	MTD	MTD Nov-19	\$	%		FYTD	FYTD Nov-19	\$	%
F	FY 19-20 Budget Variance (2) Variance			 FY 19-20	Budget	Variance (2)	Variance		
\$	867	\$ 96	\$ 772	807%	Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ 9,243	\$ 6,391	\$ 2,853	45%
					Other Income/(Expenses)				
	237	162	75	46%	Interest Income	899	811	87	11%
	165	106	59	56%	Other Income/(Expense) (4)	(2,799)	(2,904)	105	4%
	(344)	(344)		0%	Bond Interest/ (Expense)	(1,722)	(1,722)	-	0%
	58	(76)	134	176%	Total Other Income/(Expenses)	(3,622)	(3,815)	192	5%
	925	20	906	4623%	Net Income	 5,621	2,576	3,045	118%
	31	125	(95)	(75%)	Capital Contributions (AIC)	88	587	(499)	(85%) <sup>(E)</sup>
\$	956	\$ 145	\$ 811	560%	Net Change in Net Assets (Net Income)	\$ 5,709	\$ 3,163	\$ 2,546	80%

This report may not foot due to rounding.

<sup>2. ( ) =</sup> Unfavorable

<sup>3.</sup> Other Revenues include transmission, telecom and internet revenues as well as other items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees.

<sup>4.</sup> Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets, as well as BABS subsidy.

<sup>6.</sup> MTD is November 2019 actuals (estimated for Operating Expenses); FYTD reports July through November 2019 actuals.

### Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes MTD November 2019 (\$ in 000's)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
a.	Electric Usage in MWh	80,999	85,631	(4,632) -	<ul> <li>NEL is 5% lower than budget. For the month of November average high temperature was 76.8°F, compared to the normal of 75.9°F. MTD HDD were 142 versus the 15 year average of 131. MTD CDD were 39 versus the 15 year average of 32.</li> </ul>
b.	Other Revenues	521	587	(67)	Other revenues also include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees which tend to fluctuate.
c.	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	7,885	8,977	1,092	The favorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission. Please refer to page 5 for additional details.
d.	Total Operating Expenses	4,622	4,622	<u>.</u> .	Expenses for November 2019 are estimated at budgeted values.

### Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Changes In Net Assets - Footnotes FYTD November 2019 (\$ in 000's)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation
A.	Electric Usage in MWh	498,178	526,133	(27,955)	- NEL is 5% lower than budget. FYTD actual average high summer temperature is 86.9°F and the 15 year summer average high temperature is 85.9°F. FYTD CDD were 1108 versus the 15 year average of 1081.
В.	Other Revenues	2,529	2,935	(407)	<ul> <li>Other revenues also include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees which tend to fluctuate.</li> </ul>
C.	Retail Power Supply & Transmission	47,529	53,186	5,657	The favorable variance is attributable to various components within Retail Power Supply & Transmission. Please refer to page 6 for additional details.
D.	Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	769	1,120	351	<ul> <li>The favorable variance is primarily attributable to budgetary savings due to vacant positions, delayed spending on software support fees, and lower than planned spending on other professional services.</li> </ul>
E.	Capital Contributions (AIC)	88	587	(499)	The unfavorable variance is primarily attributable to the timing of AIC projects.

# Estimated November 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund (\$ in 000's)

	Variance Month-to-Date							
		vorable tems	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance				
MTD NET INCOME/(LOSS): \$925	\$	906		\$	906			
MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE								
Retail Sales			(226)		(226)			
Power Supply and Transmission								
- Lower O&M expenses than planned		338			338			
- Lower energy prices and economic dispatch		240			240			
- SCPPA True Up	•	225			225			
- Lower retail load		128			128			
- Lower than planned renewables		113			113			
- Lower transmission expenses than planned		48			48			
Other Revenues & Other income/(Expenses)			(67)		(67)			
Wholesale Margin			(27)		(27)			
Sub-Total	-	1,092	(320)		772			
Other Income / (Expenses)		134			134			
Total		1,226	(320)		906			

# Estimated November 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Electric Fund (\$ in 000's)

	Variance Fiscal Year-to-Date						
	 vorable Items	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance				
FYTD NET INCOME / (LOSS): \$5,621	\$ 3,045		\$	3,045			
FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE							
Retail Sales		(3,273)		(3,273)			
Power Supply and Transmission	•						
<ul> <li>Lower energy prices and economic dispatch</li> </ul>	2,716			2,716			
<ul> <li>Lower O&amp;M expenses than planned</li> </ul>	1,045			1,045			
- Lower retail load	775			775			
<ul> <li>Lower than planned transmission expenses</li> </ul>	445			445			
- Lower than planned renewables	451			451			
- SCPPA True Up	225			225			
Other Revenues		(407)		(407)			
Wholesale Margin		(292)		(292)			
Total	 5,657	(3,972)		1,685			
FYTD EXPENSE AND OTHER VARIANCES							
Distribution	87			87			
Administration/Safety		(2)		(2)			
Finance, Fleet, & Warehouse	351			351			
Customer Service, Marketing & Conservation	182			182			
Public Benefits	86			86			
Security/Oper Technology		(30)		(30)			
Telecom	35			35			
Construction & Maintenance	99			99			
Depreciation expense	359			359			
All other	 192			192			
Total	 1,391	(32)		1,359			

### Burbank Water and Power Electric Fund (496) Estimated Statement of Cash Balances <sup>(a)</sup> (\$ in 000's)

	Nov-19		Oct-19		Sep-19		Jun-19			Jun-18		Recommended Reserves		Minimum Reserves	
Cash and Investments															
General Operating Reserve	\$	66,329	\$	66,598	\$	62,047	\$	67,320 <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	78,993	\$	52,010	\$	37,570	
Capital & Debt Reduction Fund		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		21,000		5,200	
BWP Projects Reserve Deposits at SCPPA		16,944		16,938		16,912		16,817		16,492					
Sub-Total Cash and Investments		93,273		93,536		88,959		94,137		105,485		73,010		42,770	
Capital Commitments										(6,740) <sup>(c</sup>	<b>:</b> )				
Customer Deposits		(6,054)		(4,885)		(4,822)		(5,641)		(5,432)		-			
Public Benefits Obligation		(6,716)		(7,307)		(6,607)		(6,069)		(5,549)					
Pacific Northwest DC Intertie		(855)		(1,389)		(1,389)		(2,218)		(7,455)					
Low Carbon Fuel Standard (d)		(2,267)		(2,267)		(2,267)		(2,267) <sup>(e)</sup>		(1,251)					
Cash and Investments (less Commitments)		77,381		77,687		73,874		77,942	_	79,059		73,010		42,770	

<sup>(</sup>a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes a \$3,95M loan to the Water Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water.

<sup>(</sup>e) Denotes capital commitment for the Ontario Distribution Station and 4kV to 12kV conversion of circuits.

<sup>(</sup>d) Denotes funds reserved related to the sale of Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) credits, net of Electric Vehicle charger infrastructure expenditures.

<sup>(</sup>e) Includes the sale of \$1.15M of LCFS credits.

### **Burbank Water and Power** Water Fund (497)

# Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (1) (2) (5) MTD and FYTD November 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

				(\$ in 000's except Gallons)				
MTD FY 19-20	FY 19-20 Budget Variance (2) Variance			FYTD FY 19-20	FYTD Nov-19 Budget	\$ Variance <sup>(2)</sup>	% 	
4	445 410	35	9% <sup>(a)</sup>	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	2,481	2,518	(38)	(1%) <sup>(A)</sup>
	71 78	(7)	(9%) <sup>(b)</sup>	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	500	502	(2)	(0%) <sup>(B)</sup>
				Operating Revenues				
2,3	313 2,280	\$ 33	1% <sup>(c)</sup>	Potable Water	13,715	13,507	\$ 208	2% <sup>(C)</sup>
3	315 320	(5)	(2%)	Recycled Water	2,087	2,057	30	1%
	79 62	17	27% <sup>(d)</sup>	Other Revenue (3)	293	309	(16)	(5%) <sup>(D)</sup>
2,7	707 2,663	44	2%	Total Operating Revenues	16,095	15,873	222	1%
1,0	001 987	(14)	(1%)	Water Supply Expense	5,850	6,133	283	5% <sup>(E)</sup>
1,7	706 1,675	31	2%	Gross Margin	10,245	9,740	505	5%
				Operating Expenses				
6	692 692	-	0%	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	3,055	3,456	401	12% <sup>(F)</sup>
1	137 137	-	0%	Operations & Maintenance - Recycled	643	686	43	6%
.2	211 211	-	0%	Allocated O&M	937	1,045	107	10%
1	172 172	-	0%	Transfer to General Fund for Cost Allocation	862	862	0	0%
	370 370		0%	Depreciation	1,673	1,849	176_	9%_
1,5	583 1,583	-	0% <sup>(e)</sup>	Total Operating Expenses	7,170	7,898	727	9%
				Other Income/(Expenses)				
	21 21	-	0%	Interest Income	118	106	11	11%
	39 39	-	0%	Other Income/(Expense) (4)	(448)	(358)	(90)	(25%) <sup>(G)</sup>
(1	159) (159	) -	0%	Bond Interest/(Expense)	(785)	(793)	9	1%
-	(99) (99	<del>-</del>	0%	Total Other Income/(Expenses)	(1,115)	(1,045)	(69)	(7%)
	25 (6	31	505%	Net Income/(Loss)	1,959	797	1,163	146%
	40 40	•	0%	Aid in Construction	140	202	(61)	(30%) <sup>(H)</sup>
\$	65 \$ 34	\$ 31	89%	Net Change in Net Assets (Net Income)	\$ 2,100	\$ 998	\$ 1,102	110%

<sup>2.</sup> ( ) = Unfavorable

Other Revenue includes items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees. Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and assets.

MTD is estimated for November 2019; FYTD reports July through October 2019 actuals.

### Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes MTD November 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Evolunation				
a.	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	445	410	35	- Potable water sales are lower due to lower demand. For the month of November average high temperature was 76.8°F, compared to the normal of 75.9°F. MTD HDD were 142 versus the 15 year average of 131. MTD CDD were 39 versus the 15 year average of 32.				
b.	Recycled Water Usage in Millions of Gallons	71	78	(7)	<ul> <li>Recycled water sales are lower due to lower demand. Burbank received 1.85 inches of rainfall in November as compared to the monthly normal of 1.07 inches.</li> </ul>				
c.	Potable Water Revenue	2,313	2,280	33	<ul> <li>The WCAC impact decreased potable water revenues by \$150k MTD. Without this adjustment, potable water revenues would be favorable by 8%.</li> </ul>				
					WCAC Revenue	MTD Actual			
					MOVO (VEAGING	<b>3</b> 1,151			
					WCAC Expenses	\$1,001			
					WCAC revenue deferral/(accrual)	\$150			
d.	Other Revenue	79	62	17	<ul> <li>Other revenues include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees, which tend to fluctuate.</li> </ul>				
e.	Total Operating Expenses	1,583	1,583	44	- Expenses for November 2019 are at budgeted values.				

#### Burbank Water and Power Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Footnotes FYTD November 2019 (\$ in 000's except Gallons)

Foot- note #	Accounts/Description	Actual	Budget	Variance to Budget	Explanation	
A.	Water put into the system in Millions of Gallons	2,481	2,518	(38)	<ul> <li>FYTD Potable water sales are slightly lower as sales are now rebounding due to lower rainfall to date. Rainfall season-to-date was .46 inches less than the season normal of 2.36 inches.</li> <li>FYTD CDD were 1108 versus the 15 year average of 1081.</li> </ul>	
В.	Metered Recycled Water in Millions of Gallons	500	502	(2)	- FYTD Recycled sales are within budget. Rainfall season-to-date was .46 inches less than the season normal of 2.36 inches. FYTD CDD were 1108 versus the 15 year average of 1081.	
C.	Potable Water	13,715	13,507	208	- The WCAC impact decreased potable water revenues by \$32k YTD. Without this adjustment, potable revenues would be favorable by 2%.	
						FYTD Actual
					WCAC Revenue	\$5,879
					WCAC Expenses	\$5,848
					WCAC revenue deferral/(accrual)	\$32
D.	Other Revenue	293	309	(16)	Other revenues include items such as damaged property recovery, connection fees, late fees, and tampering fees, which tend to fluctuate.	
E.	Water Supply Expense	5,850	6,133	283	- FYTD Water supply expense corresponds with lower demand.	
F.	Operations & Maintenance - Potable	3,055	3,456	401	<ul> <li>The favorable variance is primarily attributable to timing of expenditures for professional services and budgetary savings due to vacant positions.</li> </ul>	
G.	Other Income / (Expense)	(448)	(358)	(90)	Other Income/(Expense) includes miscellaneous revenue from the sale of scrap materials, inventory, and other assets which tend to fluctuate.	
н.	Aid in Construction	140	202	(61)	- The unfavorable variance is attributable to the timing of AIC projects.	

# Estimated November 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund (\$ in 000's)

	Variance Month-to-Date							
		orable ems	Unfavorable Items	Budget to Actual Variance				
MTD NET INCOME (LOSS): \$25	\$	31		\$	31			
MTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE								
Potable Revenues		33			33			
Recycled Revenues			(5)		(5)			
Other Revenue		17			17			
Water Supply Expense			(14)		(14)			
Total		50	(19)		31			
MTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES								
Operating expenses			-		· _			
Other income/expenses		-			-			
Total			-		-			

# Estimated November 2019 Budget to Actual P&L Variance Highlights - Water Fund (\$ in 000's)

	Variar	nce Fiscal Year-to-I	scal Year-to-Date					
	 vorable	Unfavorable	Budget to					
			Actual Variance					
	 Items	ltems						
FYTD NET INCOME: \$1,959	\$ 1,163		\$	1,163				
FYTD GROSS MARGIN VARIANCE								
Potable Revenues	208			208				
Recycled Revenues	30			30				
Other Revenue		(16)		(16)				
Water Supply Expense	283			283				
Total	 521	(16)		505				
FYTD O&M AND OTHER VARIANCES								
Potable O&M	401			401				
Recycled Water O&M	43			43				
Allocated O&M	107			107				
Depreciation Expense	176			176				
All Other		(69)		(69)				
Total	 727	(69)		658				

Water Fund (497) Estimated Statement of Changes in Cash and Investment Balances <sup>(a)</sup> (\$ in 000's)

	Nov	v-19	 Oct-19	s	sep-19	 un-19		Jun-18	 ommended eserves	nimum serves
Cash and Investments										
General Operating Reserves	\$	15,309	\$ 14,417	\$	13,174	\$ 11,555 <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	10,925	\$ 12,630	\$ 8,070
Capital Reserve Fund		2,220	2,220		2,220	2,220		2,220	5,200	1,300
Sub-Total Cash and Investments		17,529	 16,637		15,394	 13,775		13,145	 17,830	9,370
Customer Deposits		(1,218)	(1,221)		(1,252)	(1,454)		(607)		
Capital Commitments								(140) <sup>(c)</sup>		
Cash and Investments (less commitments)		16,311	15,416		14,142	 12,321	_	12,397	 17,830	 9,370

<sup>(</sup>a) The Statement of Cash Balances may not add up due to rounding.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes a \$3.95M loan from the Electric Fund for the purchase of cyclic storage water,

<sup>(</sup>c) Capital commitment for the recycled water I-5 Freeway second tie crossing project paid in October 2018.

		*	



# **CITY OF BURBANK** PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM

DATE:

January 12, 2020

TO:

Justin Hess, City Manager

FROM:

Judie Wilke, Interim Public Works Director Judie Wuke

By: John Molinar, Assistant Public Works Director - Street and Sanitation

SUBJECT: City Manager Tracking List No. 2232 - City's Internal Plastics

**Reduction Policy** 

This memo provides the City Council with information requested on July 23, 2019, regarding a policy to reduce plastics for all City departments.

On July 23, 2019, Council reviewed various options for a policy to ban Expanded Polystyrene (EPS), per a January 9, 2018 Council request. Staff presented three options to Council, recommending Option 2.

- Option 1: Policy to ban single use EPS and solid polystyrene (PS)
- Option 2: Policy includes all elements of Option 1 and expands restrictions to all single use plastic disposable food ware and cups.
- Option 3: Includes all elements of Options 1 & 2 and expands restrictions to all single use disposable plastic and laminate food ware and places a fee on single use plastic and laminate disposable cups.

Council selected Option 3, a more expansive alternative that is patterned after the City of Berkeley. In addition, Council requested that a policy be put in place whereby all City departments would start adhering to the ban by January 2020. This internal policy was vetted thorough all departments and a final policy distributed to their managers in January of 2020 (attached).

Staff is in the process of sending out a Request for Proposal (RFP) for a consultant to provide outreach and craft a citywide ordinance for plastics reduction. Once a citywide plastics reduction ordinance is in place, City departments will then be required to adhere to its requirements.

## Internal Citywide Ban on Usage of Disposable Plastic Products

On July 23, 2019, the Burbank City Council directed that all City departments and functions eliminate the purchase and use of disposable plastic products, effective January 1, 2020. This policy will be in place until an ordinance is adopted by Council.

Burbank's Disposable Plastics Reduction Policy applies to all products and foodware purchased by the City of Burbank for use at City facilities and City-sponsored events.

#### 1.) Policy - Effective January 1, 2020:

- A.) City Departments shall no longer purchase disposable <u>plastic</u> items including:
  - All non-encapsulated Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) products including: coolers, cups, foodware and packing peanuts and any other EPS products.
  - Disposable foodware items including bottles, forks, spoons, knives, cups, plates, bowls, clamshells, and other disposable food service containers.
  - o Bottled beverages including water.
  - Accessory foodware items including: straws, stirrers, portion cups, utensils, condiment cups/packets, cup sleeves, tops, lids, spill plugs, coffee pods, and any other similar accessory or accompanying disposable foodware items used as part of food or beverage service or packaging.
  - Additional restricted plastic items including: bubble wrap, bubble envelopes, Tyvek envelopes, plastic window envelopes, helium-filled balloons, Mylar products, glitter, streamers, disposable plastic table cloths, battery operated novelties, and non-essential promotional giveaways (those without practical applications).
- B.) All foodware purchased for regular use at City facilities should be transitioned to reusables (durable and washable). Compostables are allowable until the transition is complete.
- C.) All foodware purchased for City-sponsored events or by foodtrucks on City property are recommended to be reusable (durable/washable) or certified compostable by the Biodegradable Products Institute (BPI).

#### This may include:

- Food vendors may either provide cleaning and sanitation facilities on-site or contract with a service for off-site cleaning.
- All foodware for onsite dining must be reusable, with the following exceptions:
  - Certified BPI compostable paper tray/plate liners, paper wrappers, napkins, and straws are allowed for dining on-premises.

- Recyclable aluminum foil is allowed for wrapping/forming items (i.e. burritos/wraps).
- D.) Stocks of certain items in conflict with this plan may be retained for emergencies. Emergency supplies may only be used during a City declared emergency and shall be donated to a local non-profit near or upon its expiration. Emergency supplies shall not be provided to employees unless an official emergency has been declared by the City.

## 2.) Transparency/Reporting:

 It is recommended that each department track their reduction activities and report them annually to the Recycling Coordinator for consolidation and inclusion in our annual report to the State (CalRecycle).

## 3.) Alternatives to disposables:

- Reusables (Durable/washable)
- BPI Certified Compostables
  - http://products.bpiworld.org/
- Reusable water bottles
- Reusable water coolers
- Reusable coffee filters
- o Reusable coffee pods
- Water filters and bottle filling stations
- Paper fiber padded envelopes
- o Decorations that are reusable, recycled, recyclable
- o Burbank Recycle Center website
  - https://www.burbankca.gov/departments/public-works/recycle-center/what-can-be-recycled/-loadingmode-EditContent/-fsiteid-1#J2

# CITY OF BURBANK POLICE DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM

DATE:

January 22, 2020

TO:

Justin Hess, City Manager

FROM:

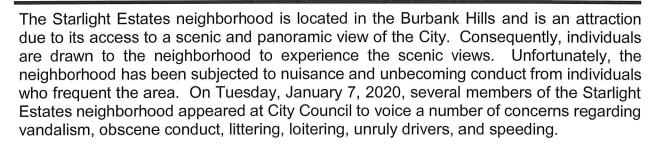
Scott LaChasse, Chief of Police Vott

Josephine Wilson, Police Administrator

Lieutenant Jamie Puglisi

SUBJECT: CITY MANAGER TRACKING LIST ITEM No. 2275 - STARLIGHT

**ESTATES NEIGHBORHOOD CONCERNS** 



The Starlight Estates is part of the Police Department's Beat Plan where Beat Officers are directed to take a proactive approach especially in areas that have historically proven to be problematic. Efforts are captured in the Electronic Daily Field Activity Report, and used as a source of analysis by the Crime Analysts and Watch Commanders. Emerging issues are discussed in daily roll call briefings as well as in daily crime control meetings. Information is disseminated to Officers through the crime analysis process. Officers also post crime issues on white boards in the roll call rooms so they can be viewed by Officers on all shifts.

Historically, issues in the Starlight Neighborhood are somewhat cyclical. The nuisances dissipate in response to focused efforts followed by an uptick. It is the Police Department's expectation that chronic problem areas shall be monitored on a continual basis by the assigned Beat Officers with appropriate resources directed to upticks in nuisance and/or criminal activity. The Officers take appropriate enforcement action which can be characterized by advisals, warnings or citations/arrests.

On January 8, 2020, the Police Department began an in-depth examination of the history of calls for service as well as the current concerns expressed by the community. Between 2018 and 2019, the Police Department responded to 218 calls for service in the Starlight Estates area, 50% of which were parking related problems. Other responses included traffic concerns and quality of life issues related to noise, loud music, gatherings and racing vehicles. In addition to calls for service, there was regular officer-initiated activity

in the area resulting in 38 citations and 56 warnings. The Police Department works in partnership with Public Works and the community in order to mitigate the negative impacts to the residents in the area.

<u>Public Works Efforts</u> - Public Works has painted a significant portion of the curb line in the area red to prevent stopping/parking/loitering. According to an evaluation conducted by the Public Works Traffic Division, Bel Aire Drive below Cambridge Drive would be suitable for speed humps should the residents gather the required signatures for installation. Unfortunately, the area of Bel Aire Drive above Cambridge Drive is too steep and includes curves, which preclude the installation of speed humps in that area. Additionally, it could severely impede fire service access. The Traffic Division also conducted a survey of traffic volume and speed. This information has been disseminated throughout the Police Department for use in its directed enforcement efforts. The Police Department and Public Works will continue to collaborate on a traffic and enforcement plan that meets the needs of the area.

<u>Police Department Efforts</u> - The Traffic Bureau has increased its presence by deploying Motor Officers in the area as well as parking enforcement. Motor Officers and parking enforcement personnel have been briefed on the concerns raised by the residents and have been given instruction to engage in directed enforcement.

The School Resource Officers (SROs) and Juvenile Detail Sergeant met with the leadership at Burbank High School the next day as a means to identifying the vehicle and individuals involved in the most recent incident captured on a resident's Ring surveillance camera. This has yielded leads, which Juvenile Detail investigators are continuing to pursue. In addition, both SROs have been present in the area in an effort to deter the types of activity of concern to the residents. (This effort is primarily during school and afternoon hours). The SROs have met and discussed with the neighbors and provided an update on the Police Department's enforcement strategies.

Furthermore, Air Support and the Patrol Bureau have been conducting extra patrol in the area. They have been vigilant about checking for parking and loitering violations. Both have been utilizing their emergency and auxiliary lights to draw attention to the increased police presence. Assigned Officers are maintaining a log of their activity in the area which memorializes their time and effort. Air Support monitors the area as part of its daily flight plan with a frequency of at least three times a day and six times on Fridays.

The Community Outreach and Personnel Services Bureau (COPS) has maintained ongoing contact with the Starlight Estates neighborhood through a designated spokesperson. The Police Department has encouraged the neighborhood to implement a Neighborhood Watch Program to increase information sharing not only between the residents and the Police Department, but amongst the residents themselves. The reality is that while the Police Department can increase presence in the area for a time, this strategy is only a part of a path to a long-term solution. Successful Police Department enforcement actions are partially dependent upon the information received from the community in order to effectively accomplish its overall mission. The observations and

vigilance of the Starlight Estates neighborhood residents are critical to ongoing success. The Lieutenant in the COPS Bureau has been designated as the single point of contact for all of those communications moving forward.

The Police Department has taken the concerns expressed by the residents of the Starlight Estates seriously. Through the continued and combined resources available within the Police Department and Public Works, the City will work towards the goal of maintaining the quality of life for the residents. There are measures in place to provide ongoing resources to the neighborhood as well as avenues through which to address any future concerns.

There were several viable nuisance abatement options that have been previously discussed with Public Works but were not feasible to implement due to lack of funding. These measures included: directed LED lighting, motion activated sprinklers, delineators, concrete K-rail, speed indicator with flashing lights, additional signage, reducing lane width to discourage parking on the shoulder, increasing lighting and installing a barrier to eliminate the scenic view. The Police Department will support and collaborate with Public Works to come up with a combination of options to implement to include speed indicators and additional signage, among others to provide a remedy.

Attachment: Starlight Estates Call Summary

